

Waterer's

THE NURSERIES
BAGSHOT
SURREY.

TELEPHONE - BAGSHOT 7



AZALEAS

RHODODENDRONS

FLOWERING

CHERRIES

TREES. SHRUBS

& CLIMBERS

AUTUMN 1935
SPRING 1936

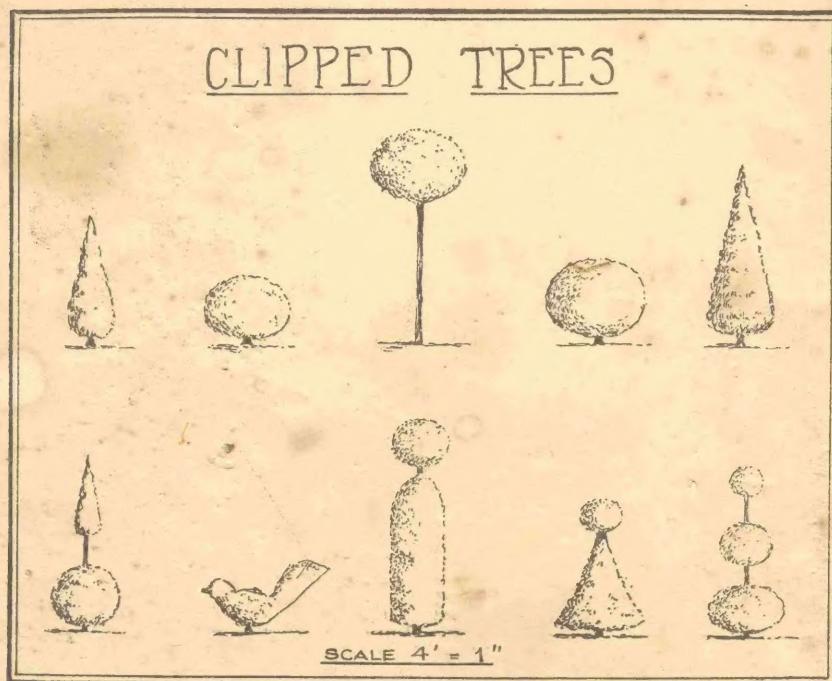
JOHN WATERER SONS & CRISP, LTD.

Herbaceous & Alpine Plants, Roses, Fruit Trees, Seeds, Bulbs, etc.,
THE FLORAL MILE, TWYFORD, BERKS.

Telephone: WARGRAVE 224-225.

TOPIARY.

THE sketches below are representative of a few designs of our very large selection of clipped trees in both **Gold and Green Yew and Box.**



Used in conjunction with old-world gardening, the possibilities of this form of topiary work are considerable, and a high state of accuracy in following figure design is revealed in some of the real masterpieces to be seen in our Bagshot Nurseries. It is obviously impossible to describe each specimen, but sketches and quotations would be submitted on receiving particulars of the purpose contemplated.

PLANTING FOR IMMEDIATE EFFECT.

We are prepared to send Representatives to advise specially on **PLANTING FOR IMMEDIATE EFFECT.**

We keep regularly transplanted a great number of large Trees, Evergreens, Conifers, etc. for this purpose, which cannot be individually priced in this Catalogue.

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JOHN WATERER, SONS & CRISP, LTD.

*Cordially invite inspection of their
various Branches, which are:—*

Twyford Nurseries, Barks, (G.W. Rly.) Telephone Wargrave 224-225.

For HARDY, ALPINE, PERENNIAL, AND WATER PLANTS, FRUIT TREES, ROSES, BULBS AND SEEDS.

Bagshot Nurseries, Surrey. (Southern Railway.) Telephone Bagshot 7.

For GOLD MEDAL RHODODENDRONS, AZALEAS, ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS, CONIFERS, TOPIARY, AVENUE AND SCREENING TREES, HEDGE-MAKING SHRUBS, CHINESE PLANTS, BAMBOO, CLIMBING PLANTS AND JAPANESE CHERRIES.

44, London Wall, E.C.2. Telephone Metropolitan 3482.

For CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS, SELECTED VEGETABLE SEEDS, BULBS, GARDEN TOOLS AND SUNDRIES.



During the flowering period we daily exhibit cut specimens and Rock Plants at our London Establishment.

Arrangement of Catalogue.

In compiling this catalogue an effort has been made for simplicity as well as accuracy and the avoidance of repetition. With the exception of Rhododendrons, Azaleas and Conifers which occupy pages 5 to 29 the classification is strictly alphabetical and to facilitate selection marginal aids are given as follows:—

E.	Evergreen.	D.C.L.	Deciduous Climber.
E.C.L.	Evergreen Climber.	H.C.L.	Herbaceous Climber.

The rest are deciduous (*i.e.* shed their leaves in Winter) and indications as to habit, tree or shrubby are given in the text.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants, and if planted in the open, require some protection in severe weather.

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SPECIAL NOTES.

INSPECTION.

Bagshot Nurseries are open to inspection on all week-days. From mid May to mid June are the best times to come and see the Rhododendrons in bloom. Prospective purchasers are invited to select their Trees personally for reservation until the planting season. This provides the most reliable means of comparison when catalogue descriptions can convey no adequate comparative basis.

SITUATION.

Bagshot Nurseries are situated three-quarters of a mile from Bagshot Station, Southern Railway. Particulars of train services from the City or motor services from places in the vicinity will be forwarded on request. The Nurseries may also be reached by road via Hounslow and Staines on the London-Southampton Road between Sunningdale and Camberley.

ORDERING.

The following important information facilitates Nursery and Office work, and is required in the interests of our customers:—

STATION TO WHICH THE TREES ARE TO BE CONSIGNDED.

DESIGNATION OF CUSTOMERS, MISS., MRS., REV. OR TITLE, ETC.

POSTAL ADDRESS IN FULL.

Where the selection of varieties is left to us our customers' interests receive every consideration. Purposes and positions should be stated. In view of there being several other places bearing the name of TWYFORD, in this country, it is important that **BERKS** be added to all letters and telegrams. Use of the enclosed Order Form is of great assistance to our staff.

POST ORDERS.

Those unable to visit our Nurseries can rely on their requirements being carefully studied as well as on the high quality of the Trees we send out. The execution of orders would be greatly facilitated if our customers, when ordering or asking for quotations would state the approximate size of the plants required, especially in the case of Conifers, Hollies and other shrubs where individual dimensions cannot be given in the limited space of this catalogue.

REMITTANCES.

Money Orders, Postal Orders and Cheques should be made payable to **JOHN WATERER, SONS & CRISP, Limited**, and crossed Barclays Bank. Treasury Notes should be sent in a registered cover. Stamps should only be rendered for amounts under 1/-. Accounts rendered monthly and are net. Where an account is open the usual credit term is quarterly and net. **Unknown correspondents are respectfully requested to send remittances or deposit with their initial order.** All prices are strictly nett.

Out of fairness to all our customers all orders are executed in rotation as received. Arrangements can be made in advance to dispatch on a given date but with no guarantee that the Trees or Plants will arrive in a required day.

We pay carriage on all orders for plants selected from this Catalogue to the value of £2 and upwards to any Railway Station in England and Wales.

All plants by Rail are sent per Goods, and consigned at Owner's Risk Rate unless contrary instructions are given. The dispatch of each consignment is advised by post simultaneously.

DELIVERY.

Delivery will be made where possible by our own lorries within a radius of 20 miles of the Nursery. Longer journeys can also be arranged in many cases. We shall be pleased to assist our customers on any cultural point at any time. **Orders to the value of £2 and upwards are packed free** with the exception of returnable baskets invoiced at cost, otherwise Boxes, Baskets, Crates, etc., are charged at cost price, which is allowed on their being returned to Bagshot, Carriage Paid, in good condition, labelled with the name of sender and advised. Straw and other material is also charged at actual cost, but is not returnable. All Trees and Plants are packed with scrupulous care.

Empties are frequently received bearing no clue to the sender. In these cases the credit due cannot be allocated and the charge for them remains debited against the sender. Empties over 6 months old are not returnable.

NON-WARRANTY.

All Trees and Plants being guaranteed inherently healthy and true to name we cannot accept responsibility for loss after they leave our care, subsequent conditions being beyond our control. If goods are unsatisfactory at time of arrival, we should be notified at once, otherwise no complaint can be entertained.

Colour definitions are as accurate as it is possible to make them but local conditions and individual opinion vary so considerably that no guarantee is possible.

DISCOUNT.

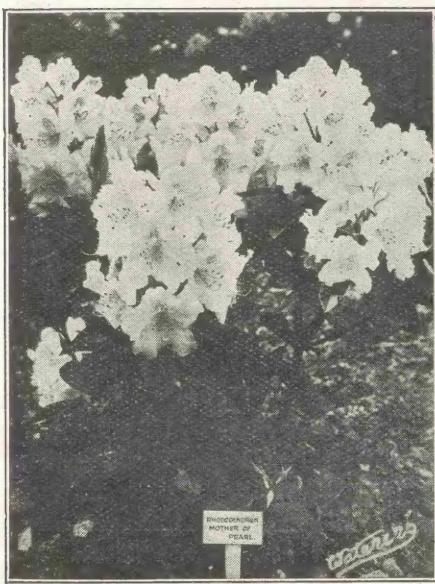
As prices have been brought to the lowest possible level consistent with first class quality, we are unable to allow any discount or deductions.

All communications should be sent to our Twyford (Berks), Address.

OUR PRICES are as low as is consistent with the size of the tree or plant supplied. We guarantee to send nothing in a weak condition, or too small to plant out immediately. The risk of loss on planting is reduced to a minimum.

BRITISH GROWN RHODODENDRONS :

A FEW HINTS ON PLANTING.



SOIL.

RHODODENDRONS can be grown in almost any soil that does not contain lime in appreciable quantities. In preparing beds or borders for their reception the ground should be thoroughly trenched to a depth of two feet or more, throwing out any sand, gravel or clay that may be encountered, and replacing them with good fibrous loam and peat. The latter is not absolutely necessary, but better results are obtained where it is used, suitable proportions being one-third fibrous loam, one-third peat, and one-third of the natural soil with a sprinkling of well-rotted leaf mould, if it is available. Close, heavy soils are also benefited by the addition of some sharp sand. Fresh stable manure should be avoided, but some well-rotted cow manure should be added, care being taken to keep it well away from the roots when planting. An annual mulch of well decayed cow manure and leaf mould, equal parts of each applied in April to early May will assist and maintain healthy vigorous growth, especially on rather light hungry soils and in exposed positions.

SITUATION.

Rhododendrons can be grown in practically any situation, the only exceptions being those spots entirely in the shade of big trees, or steep banks facing south. In the former case the plants are deprived of the sunlight essential to good health, while in the latter they suffer from drought during hot, dry weather. A cool, moist position suits them best, and, provided the ground is well drained, they will flourish in comparatively wet spots. Partial shade is beneficial rather than otherwise, if it can be obtained without planting too near the roots of strong-growing subjects.

PLANTING.

This can be done at any time from October to May, except during severe frost. The ground should not be too wet, and the plants must be thoroughly trodden in when planted; in fact, if the soil has been properly prepared for them it is nearly impossible to tread Rhododendrons too firmly. They should be planted at the same depth as they have been before, or a trifle deeper, the ground-mark on the stem being a sufficient guide for this. If the roots are at all dry they should be thoroughly soaked before being planted by standing them in water for a short time.

DISTANCES TO PLANT.

For general purposes a distance of one-and-a-half times the height of the plants out of ground is a good guide when planting Rhododendrons. Thus plants two feet in height should be three feet apart; four feet high, six feet apart, and so on.

AFTER FLOWERING.

Do not fail to remove the blooms as soon as they are over. This prevents the formation of seed pods and in consequence promotes growth and flowers for the subsequent season.

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RHODODENDRON BLUE PETER.

WATERERS NEW HYBRID RHODODENDRONS OF RECENT INTRODUCTION.

These new crosses are not only the result of many years effort in hybridizing but also of constant scrutiny and comparison over successive seasons. Colour distinction is insufficient in itself and truss formation, foliage and habit must also be perfect. A point to be borne in mind is the **extreme hardiness of these hybrids** which are the offspring of hardy and acclimatised parents.

**ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.**

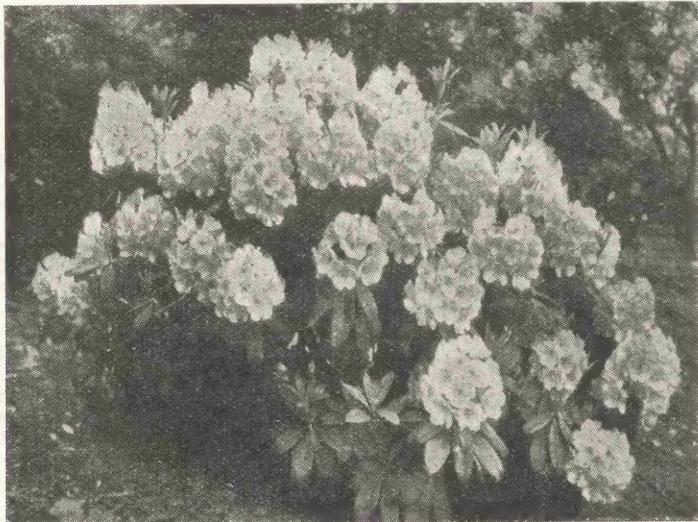
See page 4.

ML AMY ...	... each	6/-	7/6	10/6
Bright rose, large truss of good form, fine foliage and good sturdy habit.				
ML BELLONA ...	... each	7/6	10/6	
Rosy pink, paling at centre, fine conical truss.				
M BLUE PETER ...	... each	7/6	10/6	12/6
Pale lavender blue with deeper blotch. An improvement on <i>Everestianum</i> .				
M GALATEA (NEW) ...	... from	6/-	7/6	
Bold trusses of large flowers, soft lilac pink in colour, good habit.				
M GLORY OF BAGSHOT (<i>Aucklandii</i> hybrid) ...	... from	6/-	7/6	10/6
Large pure white, sweet-scented flowers. Vigorous habit.				
EM HELENA (<i>Fortunei</i> hybrid) ...	... each 5/-	6/-	7/6	10/6
White suffused and edged pale rosy lilac, sweet scented, good habit.				
M KATE GREENAWAY ...	... each from 5/-	6/-	7/6	10/6
Soft rose, a good grower with sturdy trusses.				

E. Early flowering. M. Mid season. L. Late flowering.

**WATERERS NEW HYBRID RHODODENDRONS
OF RECENT INTRODUCTION—continued.**

M	LEWIS CARROL (NEW)	... ... ... ...	each	42/-
	Exhibited by us for the first time at the Rhododendron Association Show, 1932. Very large white, trumpet-shaped flowers with pink tinged edges, bearing a faint lily scent. A distinct eye, good habit.			
M	MARS	... ... ... ...	each from 6/-	7/6 10/6 15/-
	Deep red self, flowering in May. A.M. Rhododendron Society's Show, May 3rd, 1928.			
M	NELL GWYNNE	... ... ... ...	each	30/-
	Cerise pink fading to pale pink with reddish brown eye. Large trusses well built up and good habit.			
ML	ORION	... ... ... ...	each	15/- 21/-
	Flowers rose pink with a red eye, sweetly scented. A strong grower with handsome foliage. Much admired when exhibited for the first time in 1931 at the Chelsea Show.			
ML	PEGGY	... ... ... ...	each	7/6 10/6
	Cerise pink, good upstanding truss with flowers remarkably firm in texture.			



RHODODENDRON CORONA. See page 9.

L	PRINCESS ELIZABETH	... ... ... ...	each	7/6 10/6 15/- 21/-
	Bright crimson scarlet, strong upright grower; handsome foliage. Much admired when exhibited by us. A.M.			
M	PYGMALION	... ... ... ...	each from	7/6 10/6
	Deep crimson scarlet, spotted black, fine sturdy habit.			
EM	RAGGED ROBIN	... ... ... ...	each	6/- 7/6 10/6
	Bright crimson cerise passing to a lighter shade.			
E	SATURNE	... ... ... ...	each 5/-, 6/-	7/6 10/6 15/-
	Cerise shading to pink, white interior, flowering early May.			
EM	SIR JOHN RAMSDEN (<i>Thompsonii</i> hybrid)	... ...	each 6/-	7/6 10/6 12/6
	Straw yellow suffused pink.			
M	ST. GEORGE (NEW)	... ... ... ...	each	42/-
	Very large flowers, suffused pink, fading to white on maturity. Good habit.			
M	WHITE SWAN (<i>decorum</i> × <i>Pink Pearl</i>)	... ... ... ...	each	42/-
	White suffused delicate pink. Bold upstanding truss. Awarded Challenge Cup for best hardy hybrid at R.A. Show, May, 1933.			

E. Early flowering. M Mid season. L. Late flowering.

GENERAL COLLECTION

BRITISH GROWN

HARDY RHODODENDRONS.

We are continually discarding the older varieties for newer forms of better colour, habit and growth, and we can confidentially recommend the varieties listed below. Many of the older varieties, however, are available if wanted and we shall be pleased to receive enquiries.

We shall be pleased to give the benefit of our extensive experience in making selections, on being informed the size and situation in which they are to be planted and the predominating colours desired.

To assist customers in making selections we have marked the season of flowering as follows:—

- E. EARLY FLOWERING VARIETIES. M. MID-SEASON VARIETIES.
- L. LATE FLOWERING VARIETIES.

PRICES—

1½ to 2ft.	4/6	each ; 48/- per doz.	£18 15 0	per 100.
2 „ 2½ft.	5/6	„ 60/- „	£22 10 0	per 100.
2½ „ 3ft.	6/6	„ 72/- „	£27 10 0	per 100.
3 „ 3½ft.	7/6 to 10/6	each,		

except the new varieties mentioned in block capitals and where otherwise priced.

Larger sizes see pages 10 and 15.

Not less than six of one variety at dozen rate.

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.

E **ARMISTICE DAY**, brilliant orange red, blooms and trusses of good shape. 7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.

ML **Ajax** (formerly *Monstrous*), immense flower, truss of perfect form, the largest and most profuse yet achieved. The colour is new in Rhododendrons, being of a definite rose, paling at the centre, A.M., R.H.S.

M **album elegans**, opens pale lilac passing to white on maturity.

M **Alice**, very fine rose pink.

E **Ascot Brilliant**, deep blood red, very fine. **From 5/- each.**

M **Bagshot Ruby**, bright ruby red, good habit. **From 5/- each.**

M **Baroness Henry Schroder**, white and finely spotted.

M **Baron Schroder**, plum colour, yellowish centre, a most distinct variety.

M **B. de Bruin**, bright red.

L **Beauty of Bagshot**, slightly mauve in early stage, turning to white, dark blotch on upper petals.

M **Bernard Crisp**, glistening pink, large truss, vigorous grower.

M **Bertram Woodhouse Currie**, brilliant crimson, light centre.

M **BETTY WORMALD**, pink very large. 10/6, 15/- and 21/- each.

E **Blandyanum**, rosy crimson.

E **Bodartianum** (*syn. Smithii album*), white, heavily spotted. Flowers in April and May.

EM **BORDE HILL**, dark red, compact truss, good grower. 10/6, 12/6 and 15/- each.

M **Brilliant**, bright red, very distinct.

M **BRITANNIA**, A.M., R.H.S., brilliant scarlet crimson, colour intense, gloxinia-shaped flowers in large trusses, good foliage. 7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.

E **Broughtonii**, rosy crimson, immense truss, very fine foliage.

L **B. W. Elliott**, clear rose, dark spots.

EM **C. B. VAN NES**, fine dark waxy scarlet, large truss, good foliage. 6/-, 7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.

M **Charlie Waterer**, scarlet, light centre.

E **Chevalier Felix de Sauvage**, red, with dark spots.

M **chionoides**, creamy white, close compact form.

M **Concessum**, light centre, margined with brightest rose. **Large plants, 5 to 6 feet from 15/- also available.**

**New Varieties in
BLOCK CAPITALS**

Visit our Nurseries in May and June to see the Rhododendrons at their best.

L **Conical Kate**, clear rosy crimson with distinct yellow eye, well shaped, conical truss.

M **Coombe Royal**, large delicate pink truss.

M **Corona**, variable shades of bright pink, very handsome, dwarf and compact in habit. **From 5/- each.** See illus. page 7.

M **CORRY KOSTER**, large truss, light pink, frilled edges, heavily spotted crimson on upper lobe, crimson style, fine leaves. **7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.**

M **COUNTESS OF ATHLONE**, exquisite mauve, large flower and truss, strong grower. **6/- 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

ML **COUNTESS OF DERBY** (*P. Pearl* × *Cynthia*), deeper in shade than *P. Pearl*, and flowering 7 to 10 days later. A.M., R.H.S., 1930. **7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.**

M **Cynthia**, good rosy crimson.

EM **DAPHNE MILLAIS**, beautiful pink, spotted, large truss, strong grower. An improvement on *Princess Juliana*. **5/-, 6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

EM **DAWN'S DELIGHT**, an *Auklandi* cross. Flowers carmine on opening, passing to soft pink. **From 7/6.**

M **Diphole Pink**, deep self colour, rose pink. **From 5/- each.**

L **Donald Waterer**, delicate pink, compact truss, good grower.

M **Doncaster**, bright red. **From 5/- each.**

E **Duchess of Portland**, pure white. **From 5/- each.**

L **Duchess of Teck**, blush, heavily spotted reddish brown, nice compact truss, good habit.

M **Duke of York**, warm rosy pink, with conspicuous brown spots on upper segments.

M **EARL OF ATHLONE**, rich crimson red. **15/- and 21/- each.**

ML **Eileen**, pale rose centre with distinct bright pink edge. The truss is well formed and conical. One of the best new pink bicolors. Quite distinct.

ML **Elsa Crisp**, delicate soft pink with vivid pink margin, conspicuous not only for its colour but equally for its upright and perfectly formed truss and graceful poise. This was greatly admired whenever exhibited.

L **Essex Scarlet**, deep reddish crimson. **From 5/- each.**

M **Everstianum**, rosy lilac, large truss of bloom, most abundant bloomer, fine foliage.

M **Fastuosum flore pleno**, mauve, semi-double.

M **Fortunei**, exquisite delicate pink, greenish yellow interior, sweetly scented.

M **Francis B. Hayes**, white, chocolate blotch, very distinct.

M **Frederick Waterer**, fiery crimson.

M **G. A. Simms**, deep crimson scarlet with black spots, $1\frac{1}{2}$ /2ft. **From 5/- each.**

EM **GEOFFREY MILLAIS**, white, very large, lily-shaped flowers, large truss. **From 5/- each.**

E **George Hardy**, pink passing to white, one of the largest trusses, sweetly scented.

M **GOLDSWORTH YELLOW** (*Campylocarpum* × *Caucasicum*), apricot changing to primrose, 12-15ins., A.M. **From 10/6 each.**

L **Gomer Waterer**, white, slightly blushed, enormous truss.

EM **Grand Arab**, brilliant crimson.

E **Handsworth Scarlet**, scarlet, early flowering. **From 6/- each.**

E **Harbinger**, pink early flowering.

M **Helen Waterer**, bright scarlet edge, white centre.

M **Helen Schiffner**, white, distinct.

M **H. M. Arderne**, pink, with dark blotch.

L **Hon. John Boscowen**, bright rose pink, yellow eye.

EM **HORSHAM**, deep red, very free, large flowers and truss. **7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.**

M **HUGH KOSTER**, a very fine variety of the *Doncaster* type but much larger flowering. Shining crimson flowers, the brightest of all, large truss. **7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.**

E. *Early flowering.* M. *Mid season.* L. *Late flowering.*

SPECIAL OFFER.

Named Varieties.

Our Selection from General Collection.

Collection of 6,

$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2ft. **22/6, 2-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 28/6, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3ft. 35/-.**

Collection of 12,

$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2ft. **45/-, 2-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 57/-, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3ft. 69/-.**

All well budded plants.

BRITISH GROWN.

ORDERS VALUE £2 AND UPWARDS
SENT CARRIAGE PAID AND PACKED
FREE to nearest railway station in
England and Wales.

New Varieties in
BLOCK CAPITALS

For Very Early Flowering Varieties, see page 14.

M **HUGH WORMALD**, flowers bright cerise with white stripe down centre of each lobe. Buds before opening a shining crimson. A remarkable rhododendron. **7/6 to 10/6 each.**

M **Ida Waterer**, bright rosy crimson flowers with prettily crimped edges.

E **Ivorianum** (*Ivory's Scarlet*), bright scarlet. Early. **From 7/6 each.**

E **Jacksoni**, soft pink, early flowering.

M **John Henry Agnew**, pale blush, chocolate spots.

M **John Walter**, rich crimson, fine form, and very fine habit.

M **John Waterer**, intense glowing carmine.

M **Joseph Whitworth**, dark purple lake, very large blooms, dark spots.

E **J. G. Millais**, large deep rich red flowers, opening in April and early May.

M **Jupiter**, flowers of a soft lilac rose, truss bold and upstanding.

M **Kate Waterer**, clear rosy crimson, with a large yellow mark.

EM **KING GEORGE**, brilliant scarlet, gloxinia-shaped flowers, distinct. **7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.**

M **Lady Clementina Mitford**, peach colour.

L **Lady Clementina Walsh**, beautiful pale blush flowers, edged with pink, fine foliage.

L **Lady Decies**, handsome blush lilac flowers in large loose trusses.

M **Lady Eleanor Cathcart**, bright clear rose, with crimson spots.

M **Lady Ethel Hall**, rose with pink margins and pale interior.

M **Lady Grey Egerton**, lilac.

M **LADY GWEN BRODERICK**, very large trusses of deep pink, heavily spotted. **6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

L **Lady Hillingdon**, pale mauve with yellow marking.

M **LANDAFF**, fine crimson pink. **6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

M **LANGLEY PARK**, brilliant deep glowing red. **6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

EM **LODERI** (*Fortunei x Auklandii*). We have a nice stock of plants from the original forms in white and pink. **10/6, 15/- and 21/- each.**

M **Loder's White**, opening blush pink, passing to pure white. **From 5/- each.**

EM **LORD SWAYTHLING**, pretty coral red buds opening soft salmon pink, fading on maturity. **10/6 each.**

E **Luscombei**, deep rose pink. **From 6/-.**

L **Madame Carvalho**, fine clear white, greenish spots, very fine shade. **Large plants 5 to 8 feet, from 15/- also available.**

M **MDE. DE BRUIN**, cerise red, one of the finest of its colour. **From 7/6 each.**

M **Mde. Moser**, crimson, semi-double.

M **Mde. Pellerin**, pink, lighter centre.

M **Marchioness of Lansdowne**, rose and spotted.

M **Marquis of Waterford**, very bright pink, rather lighter in the centre.

M **Michael Waterer**, brightest scarlet-crimson.

L **Midsummer**, bright rose with yellow blotch, one of the last to bloom.

M **Minnie**, bluish white, with very large blotch of orange spots, very fine.

M **MOTHER OF PEARL**, opening delicate bluish, turning snow-white on maturing. This is a sport of *Pink Pearl* with all its parents' qualities, and must become one of the most popular and important of our introductions. **6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

M **MRS. A. T. DE LA MARE**, enormous flower and truss, white with green spot, fine foliage, good grower. **From 10/6 to 15/- each.**

M **MRS. C. B. VAN NES**, rich pink, varying in depth. **10/6, 12/6 and 15/- each.**

M **MRS. CHARLES PEARSON**, immense truss, pale blush mauve, heavily spotted upper lobe, with burnt sienna, fades to white, good dark leaves. A.M. **6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**

M **Mrs. E. C. Stirling**, pale pink with lilac tint.

M **Mrs. Holford**, deep salmon.

M **MRS. J. H. VAN NES**, glowing pink, spotted, large bloom and truss. **From 15/- to 21/- each.**

M **Mrs. John Clutton**, fine clear white, good form.

L **Mrs. John Kelk**, fine clear rose, very late bloomer.

E. Early flowering. M. Mid season. L. Late flowering.

"Mother of Pearl" is quite an outstanding novelty.

New Varieties in
BLOCK CAPITALS

We have numbers of very fine specimen well budded

Large
Rhododendrons
From 4 to 7 feet high
from 15/-.

Special quotations for quantities.

See page 15 and those enumerated in the General Collection.

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.

M **Mrs. John Penn**, salmon-pink, crimson edging to blooms.
 M **Mrs. John Waterer**, clear rosy crimson, very fine trusses of bloom.
 ML **MRS. LINDSAY SMITH**, pure white. **7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.**
 M **MRS. LIONEL DE ROTHSCHILD**, fine upstanding truss, white flowers with a conspicuous red eye. **From 7/6 each.**
 L **Mrs. P. D. Williams**, Ivory white with a brown eye.
 M **MRS. ROBERT W. WALLACE**, large truss, pale pink fading to white, heavily spotted on upper lobe, with scarlet crimson rose tinted exterior to flower. **From 10/6 each.**
 M **Mrs. Tom Agnew**, pure white, with lemon blotch, fine habit.
 M **Mrs. Tritton**, very bright crimson, light centre.
 M **Mrs. William Agnew**, pale rose, brighter at the edge, yellow centre.
 M **Mum**, most beautiful white, with lemon eye, large trusses.
 M **NELLIE DE BRUIN**, blush with a deep chocolate eye, good trusses of bloom. A compact and bushy grower. **From 10/6 each.**
 EM **N. N. Sherwood**, bright pink, flowering early May. **From 5/- each.**
 E **Nobleanum**, red, early flowering. **From 6/- each.**
 E **Nobleanum album**, white, early flowering. **From 5/- each.**
 E **Nobleanum Venustum**, pink, early flowering. **From 5/- each.**
 M **NUNEHAM PARK**, deep red, good habit. **7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 M **ochroleucum**, pale sulphur yellow flowers, compact habit. **From 7/6 each.**
 M **Old Port**, porty crimson.
 M **PETER KOSTER**, fine truss, brilliant crimson and pink edges, stamens and style crimson, dark centre. A remarkable rhododendron. **7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 ML **Philip Waterer**, flower and truss very large, of delicate soft rose shade, almost transparent, the effect under sunlight is fascinating in the extreme. Award of Merit (unanimous) June, 1924.
 M **PINK BEAUTY**, fine delicate clear pink, compact truss. **7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 M **Pink Pearl**, flesh coloured pink, very large truss.
 E **praecox**, lilac, early flowering. **3/-, 5/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 E **Prince C. de Rohan**, good rosy pink.
 ML **PRINCE OF WALES**, bright pink edges, lighter centre, large truss.
 EM **Princess Juliana**, pink, distinct.
 M **PROFESSOR HUGO DE VRIES**, the colour is somewhat deeper than *Pink Pearl*, while the flower truss and single flowers are similar. **From 6/-, 7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 M **Prometheus**, rich crimson.
 M **PURPLE SPLENDOUR**, fine rich dark purple with a deep eye. **7/6, 10/6 and 12/6 each.**
 M **purpureum elegans**, purple.
 EM **QUEEN O' THE MAY** (*Auklandii* \times *hardyi* hybrid). Large pure white flowers in tall conical truss. **From 7/6 each.**
 M **RAOUL MILLAIS**, salmon pink. **From 10/6 each.**
 E **Rosamundi**, soft pale pink, early flowering. **From 5/- each.**
 M **ROSAMUND MILLAIS**, brilliant red cerise, heavily blotched burnt umber, beautiful. **From 10/6 each.**
 EM **ROSE PERFECTION** (*Thompsonii* hybrid). Clear rose pink, red buds. **7/6, 10/6 and 15/- each.**
 M **roseum elegans**, rose.
 M **Royal Purple**, rich purple flowers, very distinct. **From 7/6 each.**
 M **Sappho**, white, heavily spotted.
 E **Smithii Album**, white, heavily spotted.
 ML **SOUVENIR DE DR. S. ENDTZ**, deep rosy crimson, an improvement on *Pink Pearl*. **7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 M **Starfish**, flowers cerise in bud, of a paler shade when open, forming a pretty contrast, flowers star shaped.
 M **Stella**, pale lilac, spotted.
 M **Strategist**, delicate pink.
 E **Sun of Austerlitz**, brilliant scarlet.
 L **Sunshine**, bright fiery crimson.
 M **Sweet Simplicity**, flowers blush, prettily edged bright salmon pink, an enchanting combination.
 L **Ted Waterer**, blush lilac, compact trusses, late flowering.
 M **The Bride**, white, with green markings.
 EM **UNKNOWN WARRIOR**, large glowing red flowers in handsome truss. **7/6 and 10/6 each.**
 M **Viscount Powerscourt**, red, deeply spotted.
 L **Warrior**, rosy crimson, large truss.

**Rhododendron &
Shrub Borders
planned in detail.**

To assist our customers we shall be pleased to submit keyed plans for new borders giving in detail a selection of varieties for a maintained flowering period. Particulars as to measurements, aspect and soil should be sent to us.

**New Varieties in
BLOCK CAPITALS**

E. Early flowering. M. Mid season. L. Late flowering.

Waterers Rhododendrons are entirely British Grown.

E **Waterers Caucasicum**, blush pink, early flowering. **From 5/- each.**
 M **W. Cowper**, a very fine bright red.
 M **White Pearl**, white, the flower opens a blush tint passing to white on maturing.
 E **William Austin**, dark crimson.
 M **William Ewart Gladstone**, deep rose.

N.B.—A large number of the varieties offered can be supplied in layered plants (on their own roots), and a special list will be furnished on application.

**ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.**

See page 4.

STANDARD HARDY RHODODENDRONS.

For producing a grand and imposing display on the Lawn or Pleasure Grounds there is not to be found an evergreen flowering tree that will bear comparison with a hand-some specimen Standard Rhododendron.

Planted in beds and borders among bush plants, they have the advantage of breaking up a formal effect with their glorious heads of bloom.

We have much satisfaction in stating that WE HOLD THE LARGEST AND MOST BEAUTIFULLY GROWN STOCKS TO BE FOUND IN THE TRADE; they vary in height **with from 3 to 5 ft. stems, perfectly straight, with good heads.**

We would intimate to our Patrons, however, that all the varieties of Rhododendrons are by no means to be recommended as standards, as many are ill-calculated to form a bushy, close, handsome head.

PRICES : 17/6, 21/-, 25/- and upwards,
according to size and variety.

M **Alice**, very fine rose pink.
 E **Ascot Brilliant**, deep blood red, very fine.
 M **Bagshot Ruby**, bright ruby red, good habit.
 M **B. de Bruin**, bright red.
 L **Beauty of Bagshot**, mauve, turning to white, dark blotch on upper petals.
 M **Brilliant**, bright red, very distinct.
 M **Charlie Waterer**, scarlet, light centre.
 M **Conical Kate**, clear rosy crimson with distinct yellow eye, well shaped, conical truss.
 M **Corona**, variable shades of bright pink, very handsome, dwarf and compact in habit.
 L **Countess of Tankerville**, delicate clear rose.
 M **Cynthia**, good rosy crimson.
 M **Diphole Pink**, deep self colour, rose pink.
 L **Donald Waterer**, delicate pink, compact truss, good grower.
 M **Doncaster**, bright red.
 L **Duchess of Teck**, blush, heavily spotted reddish brown, nice compact truss, good habit.
 ML **Eileen**, pale rose centre with distinct bright pink edge. The truss is well formed and conical.
 One of the best new pink biccolours. **From £1 1s. Od. each.**
 ML **Elsa Crisp**, delicate soft pink with vivid pink margin, conspicuous not only for its colour but equally for its upright and perfectly formed truss and graceful poise. This was greatly admired whenever exhibited.
 M **Fastuosum, flore pleno**, mauve semi-double.
 M **Frederick Waterer**, fiery crimson.
 M **G. A. Simms**, deep crimson scarlet with black spots.
 EM **Geoffrey Millais**, white, very large, lily-shaped flowers, large truss.
 L **Gomer Waterer**, white, slightly blushed, enormous truss.



STANDARD
MOTHER
OF
PEARL.

STANDARD RHODODENDRONS—continued.

E **Grand Arab**, brilliant crimson.
 L **Hon. J. Boscowen**, bright rose pink, yellow eye.
 M **John Henry Agnew**, pale blush, chocolate spots.
 E **J. G. Millais**, large deep rich red flowers, opening in April and early May.
 M **John Walter**, rich crimson, fine form and very fine habit.
 M **John Waterer**, intense glowing carmine.
 M **Joseph Whitworth**, dark purple lake, very large blooms, dark spots.
 M **Kate Greenaway**, soft rose, a good grower with sturdy trusses.
 M **Lady Clementina Mittford**, peach colour.
 L **Lady Clementina Walsh**, beautiful pale blush flowers, edged with pink, fine foliage.
 L **Lady Decies**, handsome blush lilac flowers in large loose trusses.
 M **Lady Eleanor Cathcart**, bright clear rose, with crimson spots.
 L **Lady Hillingdon**, pale mauve with yellow marking.
 M **Loder's White**, opening blush pink, passing to pure white.
 L **Madame Carvalho**, fine clear white, greenish spots, very fine shade.
 M **Madame Pellerin**, pink, lighter centre.
 M **Mother of Pearl**, opening delicate blush, turning snow-white on maturing. This is a sport of *Pink Pearl* with all its parents' qualities and must become one of the most popular and important of our introductions. **From £1 1s. Od. each.**
 M **Mrs. E. C. Stirling**, pale pink with lilac tint.
 M **Mrs. Holford**, deep salmon.
 L **Mrs. John Kelk**, fine clear rose, very late bloomer.
 M **Pink Pearl**, flesh coloured pink, very large truss.
 ML **Prince of Wales**, rose pink edges, lighter centre, enormous truss.
 M **Princess Hortense**, lilac-rose, fine grower.
 E **Princess Juliana**, pink, distinct.
 M **Prometheus**, rich crimson.
 M **Starfish**, flowers cerise in bud, of a paler shade when open, forming a pretty contrast, flowers star shaped.
 M **Strategist**, delicate pink.
 E **Sun of Austerlitz**, brilliant scarlet.
 L **Sunshine**, bright fiery crimson.
 M **Sweet Simplicity**, flowers blush, prettily edged bright salmon pink, an enchanting combination.
 L **Ted Waterer**, blush lilac, compact trusses, late flowering.
 L **Warrior**, rosy crimson, large truss.
 M **White Pearl**, white, the flower opens a blush tint passing to white on maturing.
 M **William Ewart Gladstone**, deep rose.

Standard Rhododendrons in Tubs

SUITABLE FOR OUTDOOR
AND INDOOR DECORATION.

These Standards have a unique flowering beauty and make showy substitutes for the usually unattractive Evergreens.

IN VARIOUS COLOURS.

PRICES:

25/-, 27/6 and 30/- each.



RHODODENDRONS.

VERY EARLY FLOWERING VARIETIES.

We would draw special attention to the following varieties of early-flowering Rhododendrons; they are extremely beautiful and produce their blooms at a season when little else is in flower.

According to size of Plants—each from									
Ascot Brilliant	...	...	...	Deep blood red, very fine	...	...	...	5/- to 12/6	
Handsworth Scarlet	...	...	...	Scarlet	...	...	...	6/- to 10/6	
Handsworth White	...	...	...	Opening blush pink, paling to white	...	...	4/6 to 7/6		
Harbinger (Seedling No. 261)	...	...	...	Pink	...	...	...	4/6 to 7/6	
Jacksoni	...	...	...	Soft pink	...	...	...	4/6 to 10/6	
Nobleanum	...	...	...	Scarlet	...	...	...	6/- to 10/6	
" album	...	...	...	White	...	...	...	5/- to 10/6	
" venustum	...	...	...	Pink	...	...	...	5/- to 10/6	
praecox	...	...	...	Lilac	...	...	...	3/- to 7/6	
Rosamundi	...	...	...	Soft pale pink	...	...	...	5/- to 7/6	
Waterer's Caucasicum	...	...	...	Blush pink	...	...	...	5/- to 7/6	

VARIOUS DWARF RHODODENDRONS.

These are most useful for edging beds of larger Rhododendrons, planting on the fringe of shrubberies, and for Rock Gardens.

Broughtonii aureum (<i>azaleoides</i>).	Bronzy yellow	...	...	...	...	each	7/6
gommiferum (<i>azaleoides</i>).	Bright rose, paler interior	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 5/-	
Govenianum (<i>azaleoides</i>).	Rosy purple. Very sweet scented	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 10/6	
Hammondii (<i>tenellum</i>).	A dwarf shrub of neat habit with rosy pink flowers	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 7/6	
multiflorum compactum .	A dwarf shrub up to 2½ ft. high, with delicate blush flowers	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6	
myrtifolium .	A compact shrub 4-5 ft. with pretty rose flowers in June-July	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 10/6	
Nellie (<i>azaleoides</i>).	White with a yellow eye, sweet scented	...	...	...	...	5/- to 7/6	
odoratum (<i>azaleoides</i>) fragrans .	A compact bushy shrub 4-5 ft. with deliciously scented pale lilac flowers in June-July	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 10/6	
praecox ,	beautiful rosily lilac, very free flowering in March-April	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6	
Smithii aureum (<i>azaleoides</i>).	Bronzy yellow. Distinct foliage	...	...	...	...	5/- to 7/6	
Waterers hybridum .	A valuable evergreen shrub of compact habit with flowers a delightful shade of rose pink	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 10/6	
Wilsoni .	A dwarf evergreen shrub 3-3½ ft., with rosy purple flowers	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 7/6	

See Species, pages 16 and 17 for other Varieties.

RHODODENDRON PONTICUM.

A splendid subject for filling up shrubberies, belts, or the facing of game covers, woods, etc. It can also be used as a background for the choicer varieties, a fine effect being produced where large plants are used.

PRICES.

All bushy, well transplanted stock.

1½ to 2 ft.	18/- per doz.	£6 5s. 0d. per 100.
Extra heavy 1½ to 2 ft.	21/- per doz.	£7 10s. 0d. per 100.
2 to 2½ ft.	27/- per doz.	£10 0s. 0d. per 100.
Extra heavy 2 to 2½ ft.	32/- per doz.	£12 10s. 0d. per 100.
2½ to 3 ft.	39/- per doz.	£15 0s. 0d. per 100.
Extra heavy 2½ to 3 ft.	42/- per doz.	£17 10s. 0d. per 100.
3 to 3½ ft.	54/- per doz.	£21 5s. 0d. per 100.
Extra heavy 3½ to 4 ft.	60/- per doz.	£22 10s. 0d. per 100.

Orders to the value of £2 and upwards sent **CARRIAGE PAID** and **Packed Free** to nearest railway station in England and Wales.

(See page 4.)

Practically all our Rhododendrons are hardy.

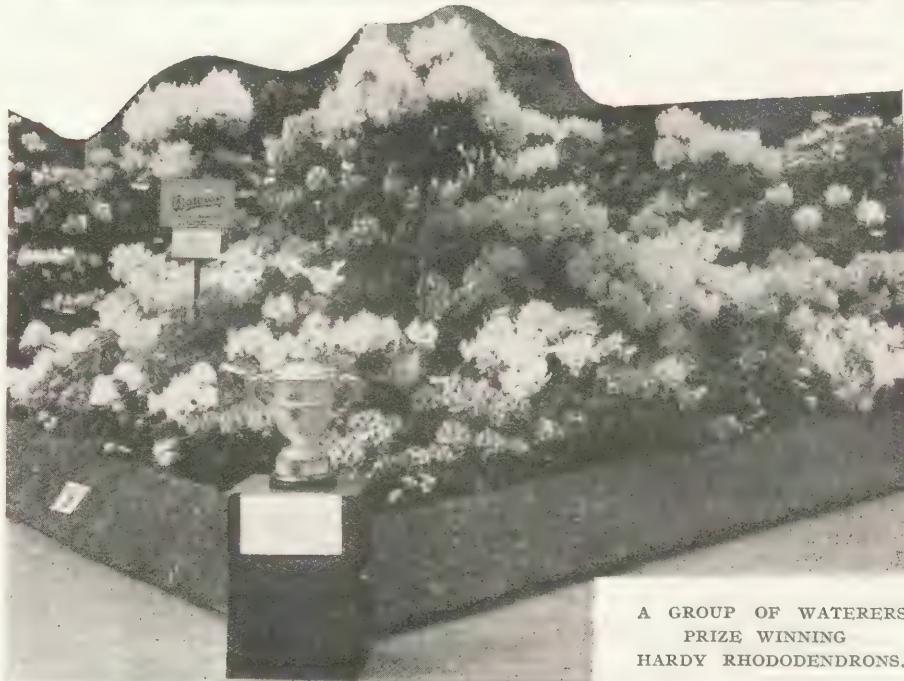
CHEAP MIXED UN-NAMED RHODODENDRONS.

As we are continually hybridising with a view to raising new forms and varieties of Rhododendrons, we have always a large stock of surplus plants for disposal at reduced rates. For planting in positions where an effect of general colour and foliage is required, we strongly recommend these forms. Of course, where specific colours are required for a scheme, it is necessary to have named varieties. We also recommend these seedlings for making up backgrounds for named sorts on the score of economy.

PRICES. All bushy well transplanted stock.

About 1½ to 2 feet	36/- per dozen.	About 2½ to 3 feet	51/- per dozen.
" 2 to 2½ "	42/- "	" 3 to 3½ "	60/- "
"		" 3½ to 4 "	84/- "

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.



A GROUP OF WATERERS
PRIZE WINNING
HARDY RHODODENDRONS.

RHODODENDRON ODORATUM (AZALEAOIDES).

A hybrid between an evergreen Rhododendron and a deciduous Azalea. Though raised over 100 years ago this subject has not been planted on as large a scale as its merits deserve. It is hardy, **very free flowering and deliciously scented** and makes a most attractive bush, 4 to 6ft. high. For massing on the fringes of shrubberies or for planting in front of some of the taller, upright growing Rhododendrons, it is ideal, 2/6 to 10/6 each.

LARGE RHODODENDRONS.

A number of very fine specimens of the leading hybrid Rhododendrons can be supplied suitable for specimen work, or feature plants on lawns, or for bigger effect where it is essential that large plants should be used.

Specimens from 4 to 7 feet in height are available and will be specially quoted on application. Enquiries should state whether the plants are required to stand alone or for massing, as prices vary in accordance with the quality of the plant supplied.

PRICES : 15/-, 21/-, 25/-, 30/- and upwards, according to size.

RHODODENDRON SPECIES.

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.
See page 4.

The species most suitable for growing on Rock Gardens and in small beds are marked * and are recommended for this purpose.

<i>ambiguum</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series), yellow flowers. Attains a height of 5ft. ...	... 3/6 to 21/-
* <i>apodectum</i> (<i>neriflorum</i> series <i>sanguineum</i> sub-series), rose to crimson flowers. Dwarf grower ...	... 7/6
<i>arboreum</i> (<i>arboreum</i> series), rose to crimson flowers ...	... 7/6
— <i>album</i> , white form of the above ...	... 7/6
<i>Augustinii</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series), selected blue forms ...	7/6 to 10/6
<i>auriculatum</i> (<i>auriculatum</i> series), large sweet scented white flowers in August ...	7/6 to 21/-
<i>auriculatum</i> × <i>Griffithianum</i> and the reverse cross. These crosses should produce some very fine mid-season to late flowering white sweet scented Rhododendrons ...	5/- to 7/6
<i>barbatum</i> (<i>barbatum</i> series), rich blood red flowers ...	7/6 & 10/6
<i>callimorphum</i> (<i>Thompsonii</i> series, <i>campylocarpum</i> sub-series). Flowers pale to deep rose. Very fine ...	10/6 to 15/-
<i>calophyllum</i> (<i>Fortunei</i> series, sub-series <i>calophyllum</i>), Chinese, immense trusses of white and pink flowers, with dark blotch on upper petals, foliage large and handsome ...	10/6 to 15/-
* <i>calostrotum</i> (<i>saluense</i> series), a dwarf shrub up to 1ft. high with glaucous green foliage and rosy purple flowers ...	3/6 to 10/6
* <i>caloxanthum</i> (<i>Thompsonii</i> series, <i>campylocarpum</i> sub-series), citron yellow flowers tipped reddish orange in bud ...	15/- to 21/-
<i>campylocarpum</i> (<i>Thompsonii</i> series, <i>campylocarpum</i> sub-series), pale sulphur yellow flowers. A beautiful species ...	10/6 to 15/-
* <i>camtschaticum</i> (<i>camtschaticum</i> series), rare, a deciduous dwarf Rhododendron with reddish purple flowers ...	21/-
* <i>cantabile</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series), flowers violet blue ...	7/6
<i>carolinianum</i> (<i>carolinianum</i> series), forms a neat bush 3-4ft. high with rosy purple flowers. Very free ...	3/6 to 10/6
<i>chartophyllum</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series, <i>yunnanense</i> sub-series), flowers white to pale pink. Similar to <i>yunnanense</i> ...	7/6 & 10/6
* <i>ciliatum</i> (<i>Maddenii</i> series, <i>ciliicalyx</i> sub-series), small spreading shrub up to 5ft. Flowers white tinged rose in April ...	3/6 to 5/-
* <i>ciliatum</i> × <i>virgatum</i> = <i>R. multiflorum</i> , flowers white flushed pale pink. Very free flowering ...	5/-
<i>cinnabarinum</i> (<i>cinnabarinum</i> series), tubular flowers of cinnabar-red. Grows 6-8ft. ...	7/6 & 10/6
<i>cinnabarinum</i> <i>Roylei</i> , blood-red tubular flowers. Very fine ...	7/6 & 15/-
* <i>dauricum</i> (<i>dauricum</i> series). A January to February flowering species, semi-deciduous. Bright rosy purple ...	5/- to 10/6
<i>decorum</i> (<i>Fortunei</i> series), white, sweetly scented flowers, sometimes tinted rose. Attains 10-15ft. ...	5/- to 12/6
* <i>dichroanthum</i> (<i>neriflorum</i> series, <i>sanguineum</i> sub-series). Deep orange flowers. Has a compact dwarf spreading habit. Very fine ...	10/6 to 21/-
<i>discolor</i> (<i>Fortunei</i> series). Flowers white to pale pink, sweetly scented. Blooming first week in July ...	7/6 to 35/-
N.B.—We have a stock of fine bushy plants from 4-5ft. from 15/- to 21/- each.	
* <i>fastigiatum</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A dwarf growing alpine species with lavender blue flowers ...	2/6
(N.B.—We can quote small plants for massing on Rockeries, etc.)	
* <i>ferrugineum</i> (<i>ferrugineum</i> series). The Alpine Rose of Switzerland. Small rosy crimson flowers in June and July ...	2/6
<i>fictolacteum</i> (<i>Falconeri</i> series). White or pale rose coloured flowers with a crimson blotch. Forms a handsome large leaved bush or tree, the buff coloured undersides of the foliage being very conspicuous ...	10/6 to 30/-
<i>Fortunei</i> (<i>Fortunei</i> series). One of the hardiest of the Chinese Rhododendrons with fragrant pale lilac pink flowers ...	5/- to 21/-
* <i>glaucum</i> (<i>glaucum</i> series). A small shrub 3-4ft. Flowers of a pale rose colour	3/6 to 7/6
<i>Griersonianum</i> (<i>Auriculatum</i> series). Geranium-scarlet flowers in June. Grows 7 to 8 feet high. Needs a sheltered position ...	10/6 & 15/-
* <i>hippophaeoides</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A shrub attaining 2-3ft., with pale lavender blue flowers ...	3/6 to 7/6

Varieties marked * are suitable for Rockwork.

RHODODENDRON SPECIES—continued.

* <i>hirsutum</i> (<i>ferrugineum</i> series). A hairy form of the Alpine Rose. Rosy scarlet flowers. Can be grown in calcareous soil ...	2/6 to 5/-
* <i>impeditum</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A dwarf alpine species with lavender blue flowers ...	5/-
* <i>intricatum</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). Pale lavender blue flowers. A small alpine species ...	5/-
<i>lutescens</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series). A shrub 5-6ft. with pale primrose flowers in early April. Its bright bronzy red young foliage is an added attraction ...	5/- to 10/6
* <i>lysolepis</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). Violet blue flowers ...	3/6 to 7/6
* <i>moupinense</i> (<i>moupinense</i> series). A small early flowering Rhododendron with white flowers flush pink. Very attractive. 9-12ins. ...	10/6
<i>mucronulatum</i> (<i>dauricum</i> series). A deciduous shrub 6/7ft., flowering rosy purple in January. The earliest Rhododendron to flower ...	5/- to 10/6
* <i>muliense</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A charming little plant suitable for the Rockery, with bright yellow flowers ...	10/6
* <i>myrtilloides</i> (<i>campylögynum</i> series). A beautiful dwarf species 6-8 inches in height. The bell shaped flowers are a rich mahogany brown.	
	Small plants, each
<i>niveum</i> (<i>arboreum</i> series). Small tree or large shrub up to 15ft., with tight trusses of purple flowers at the end of April to early May ...	5/- & 7/6
<i>oreodoxa</i> (<i>Fortunei</i> series, <i>oreodoxa</i> sub-series). Buds carmine rose opening to rosy pink in March-April ...	5/- to 21/-
	7/6 to 10/6
N.B.—A few large specimens—prices on application.	
<i>oreotropes</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series, <i>oreotropes</i> sub-series). Flowers vary from pale rosy purple to lavender blue ...	5/- to 7/6
<i>polylepis</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series, <i>polylepis</i> sub-series). Rosy purple flowers in May ...	3/6 to 7/6
* <i>racemosum</i> (<i>virgatum</i> series), Farrer's dwarf species, grows 12-15ins. with bright rose pink flowers ...	2/6 & 3/6
N.B.—We can quote small plants in quantity for mass planting on rockeries, etc.	
<i>reticulatum</i> (<i>Azalea</i> series, <i>schlippenbachii</i> sub-series). A deciduous shrub with bright purple flowers in April and early May, 5-10ft. ...	5/- to 21/-
* <i>riparium</i> (<i>saluense</i> series). Bright purple with darker spots, grows 15 to 18 inches	7/6
<i>rubiginosum</i> (<i>heliolepis</i> series). A shrub or small tree up to 20ft. Trusses of rosy lilac flowers in May. Very free flowering ...	3/6 to 7/6
N.B.—A few large specimens 6-8ft. Prices on application.	
* <i>russatum</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A small shrub 2-3ft. with bright blue purple flowers	5/- to 7/6
* <i>scyphocalyx</i> (<i>neriflorum</i> series, <i>sanguineum</i> sub-series). Coppery yellow to yellowish crimson flowers. Dwarf growing, 2-3ft. ...	5/- to 10/6
<i>sutchuenense</i> (<i>Fortunei</i> series, <i>calophytum</i> sub-series). A handsome large leaved species, flowering pale rosy lilac in February and early March ...	10/6 to 21/-
* <i>tapetiforme</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A dwarf alpine species with pale lavender blue flowers ...	5/- to 7/6
* <i>telmateium</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). A dwarf alpine species with rosy purple flowers and very small leaves ...	5/- to 7/6
<i>Thompsonii</i> (<i>Thompsonii</i> series). An evergreen shrub attaining 8-12ft. Deep blood red bell-shaped flowers with beautiful glaucous foliage 1½-2ft. each 2-2½ft. each	7/6 10/6
* <i>trichocladum</i> (<i>trichocladum</i> series). A deciduous shrub about 3ft. with yellow flowers ...	5/-
<i>Ungerni</i> (<i>ponticum</i> series, <i>caucasicum</i> sub-series). An evergreen shrub up to 15ft. Flowers white flush pink in July ...	7/6 & 10/6
<i>Vaseyi</i> (<i>Azalea</i> series, <i>canadensis</i> sub-series). A deciduous American plant about 9-12ft. Very pretty pale pink to pink flowers early in May ...	3/6 to 7/6
<i>viscosum</i> (<i>Azalea</i> series, <i>luteum</i> sub-series). A deciduous shrub 8-10ft. with white tubular sweet scented flowers in July ...	5/- to 10/6
— <i>pink</i> . A delightful free flowering pink form of the above, flowering from the middle to the end of July. One of the latest to flower ...	5/- to 10/6
<i>Wardii</i> (<i>Thompsonii</i> series, <i>Souliei</i> sub-series). A beautiful species with bright yellow flowers ...	10/6
* <i>Williamsianum</i> (<i>Thompsonii</i> series, <i>Souliei</i> sub-series). A pretty, semi-prostrate compact growing plant, with comparatively large flowers of pale rose pink ...	5/- & 7/6
* <i>Williamsianum</i> × <i>orbiculare</i> . A beautiful hybrid with rosy carmine flowers. Scarce ...	10/6
* <i>Youngningense</i> (<i>lapponicum</i> series). Fine lavender-blue ...	7/6
<i>yunnanense</i> (<i>triflorum</i> series). Flowers white to pinkish lavender. Very free ...	5/- to 10/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

HARDY AZALEAS.



Where space forbids the free use of the Rhododendron or for the decoration of lawns, Pleasure Grounds and Shrubberies in association with Rhododendrons, no subject has the immense possibilities of the Azalea. Their brilliant and exquisite shades, embracing nearly every degree of Scarlet, Rose, Orange, Yellow and White, more than compensate for their moderate proportions. Many are delightfully perfumed and the glowing Autumnal foliage effect is surpassed only by the gorgeous display of bloom in Spring.

The following is a list of the best English and Continental varieties but purchasers are recommended to leave the selection of sorts to us when their purposes would be carefully studied according to our intimate knowledge of the variety offered.

The dozen rates apply only when six or more of one particular variety are ordered.

Orders to the value of £2 and upwards sent Carriage Paid and Packed Free in England and Wales. See page 4.

AZALEA MOLLIS.

PRICES.

Selected strong plants, 60/- per doz.; 72/- per doz.; 84/- per doz.

Alphonse Lavalle, rosy red shaded orange.

Baron E. Rothschild, bright red with yellow spots.

Baron Constant Rebecque, nankeen with orange blotch.

Chevalier de Reali, creamy white with orange spots.

Comte de Quincy, bright yellow overlaid with golden yellow.

Comte de Gomer, rose pink with orange spots.

Comte de Papadopoli, rose shaded orange.

Consul Cérésole, bright red shaded with orange.

Consul Pécher, orange shaded bright red.

Dr. Leon Vignes, pale yellow shaded with nankeen.

Elizabeth, claret red with yellow spots.

Frisia, rosy pink shaded orange.

Isabella van Houtte, nankeen with orange spots.

J. C. Van Thol, extra fine deep claret red.

Margot Koster, pale yellow, very free.

Mde. Arthur de Warrelles, salmon shaded with orange.

Mde. Car Legrelle d' Hanis, rosy red shaded with glowing pink.

Mrs. L. J. Endtz, fine clear yellow.

Tabantia, rich rosy red with dark spots.

Victoria, clear bright scarlet.

W. E. Gumbleton, bright nankeen with green spots.

MIXED HYBRIDS un-named, glorious colours, well budded, splendid for bedding and forcing, 36/- and 48/- per dozen.

All the above can be supplied on their own roots.

Azaleas for the Rock Garden.

MOLLIS X SINENSIS.

PRICES.

Selected strong plants, 60/-, 72/- and 84/- per dozen.

Anthony Koster, magnificent rich yellow shaded buff.**Dr. Reichenbach**, rich salmon, dark markings.**Emilie Liebig**, salmon shaded orange.**Frans van der Bom**, rich rosy salmon.**Hortulanus Witte**, brilliant orange yellow.**Hugo Hardyzer**, brilliant deep scarlet.**Hugo Koster**, orange shaded salmon.**King Albert**, bright yellow shaded orange and buff.**Nicholaas Beets**, deep orange.**T. J. Seidel**, rich deep salmon.

NEWER VARIETIES OF AZALEA MOLLIS AND MOLLIS X SINENSIS.

Babeuff.	Deep glowing flame red	each	7/6
" Brilliant Red ,"	varying shades of glowing red	per dozen	72/-	
Dulcinæa .	Very fine red	each	7/6	
Favorite , red	each	7/6	
John Kersbergen , brilliant salmon red, shaded orange	...	...	...	...	...	...	each	7/6
Mrs. Oosthoek , orange red	...	...	...	...	...	...	each	7/6
" Orange Blotched ."	Glowing orange to orange yellow, heavily spotted red	...	...	...	...	...	per dozen	72/-
Shakespeare . Very fine soft light yellow	...	...	...	...	...	...	each	7/6

AZALEA ALTACLARENSE "SUNBEAM."

A very fine large flowering hybrid of an intense brilliant yellow.

Strong well-budded plants **on their own roots**. 7/6 each; 84/- per dozen.All the above can be supplied **on their own roots**.

AZALEA OCCIDENTALIS HYBRIDS.

A fine race of hardy sweet scented Azaleas with large flowers opening 7 to 14 days later than the *mollis* and *Ghent* varieties.

PRICES.

Strong well budded plants **on their own roots**. 6/6 each; 72/- per dozen.**Bridesmaid**, pure white, yellow eye.**Delicatissima**. Creamy white flush pink.**Graciosa**. Cream flush pink with an orange yellow eye.**Gloriosa**. White with a delicate pink flush. Remarkable for its habit of flowering again in Autumn.**Magnifica**. Similar to *Delicatissima* but with larger trusses of slightly deeper colouring.**Superba**. Cream suffused apricot. Robust grower with immense trusses.

HARDY GHENT AND RUSTICA HYBRIDS.

PRICES.

Selected strong plants, 60/-, 72/- and 84/- per dozen, except where specially priced.

album odoratum, pure white, sweet scented.**aurea grandiflora**, deep orange.**Aurore de Royghem**, pale rose pink, upper lobe yellow.**Bouquet de Flore**, salmon pink.**chromatella**, lemon yellow.**coccinea speciosa**, orange red, 6/- each.**Cottage Maid**, pink, light centre.**Dainty**, white, flushed pink with yellow blotch.**Daviesii**, magnificent white.**Decus Hortorum**, salmon red.**Dr. Chas. Baumann**, deep blood red.**Emilie**, pink.**Emma**, orange and pink.**Fanny**, soft pink.**Felix Deschamps**, cream, yellow throat.**Gloria Mundi**, vermillion, 6/- each.**Grandeur Triumphant**, violet red.**Ignaea Nova**, carmine.**Josephine Klinger**, bright crimson.**Madame Gustave Guilmont**, pink passing to blush.**Nancy Waterer**, fine yellow, one of the best.**Orpheus**, reddish orange, upper lobe deep orange.**Oscar I.**, sulphur pink.**Pallas**, distinct clear red.**Prince Henri des Payes Bas**, bright carmine.**Princess Adriana**, rich deep red.**Proteus**, rosy pink, yellow blotch on upper lobe.**Queen of England**, clear bright pink.**Sang de Gentbrugge**, rich crimson.**Sunbeam**, orange.**Thisbe**, bright rosy pink, orange blotch.**Unique**, rich yellow, 6/- each.**Vesta**, sulphur yellow, suffused pink.**Vulcan**, sweet scented, brick red flowers.**William III.**, orange.**Mixed unnamed hybrids**, a splendid selection in glorious colours, fine well budded plants, 36/- & 48/- per doz.

DOUBLE AZALEAS.

HARDY GHENT AND RUSTICA HYBRIDS.

60/-, 72/- and 84/- per dozen.

Aida , bright rose, shaded violet.	Milton , white.
Arethusa , rose and yellow.	Mina Van Houtte , soft rose, tinged salmon.
Bartholo Lazzari , orange yellow.	narcissiflora , bright yellow.
Byou de Gentbrugge , rose pink.	Norma , bright rose.
Byron , white, tinted rose.	Phidias , cream and rose.
Graf von Meran , white flushed rose.	Phoebe , sulphur yellow.
Il Tasso , brilliant red, tinted rose.	Rosea fl. pl. , deep rosy red.
Liebnitz , lemon yellow, suffused rosy pink.	Rosetta , rosy red and yellow.

Mixed, unnamed, 54/- per doz.

AZALEA MALVATICA X KÆMPFERI

By crossing the Japanese Azaleas *malvatica* and *Hinodegiri* with *A. Kaempferi* this new race of large-flowered dwarf azaleas has been obtained. Freely flowering in May to July we can thoroughly recommend them to our customers, after satisfactory trials at our Bagshot Nursery for some years, as suitable both for Rock Gardens, bedding or massing.

PRICES.

Small plants 3/6. Larger Plants 7/6 to 10/6.

Betty. bright rosy pink with a trace of orange.
Cleopatra. Bright rosy pink.
Fedora. Flowers large, rosy pink with a trace of lilac.
Fidelio. Medium flowers, deep rosy pink.
Juliana. Deep glowing pink. Very fine.
Louise. A beautiful soft pink. Medium sized flowers. Very free.
Victoria. Deep rosy pink with red spots.
Willy. Large flowering, clear pink. Very fine.

**ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID AND
PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales. See page 4**

VARIOUS AZALEAS.

The *amoena* are among the best Azaleas for pot culture and for **Rock Gardens**, so also are the *Kurume Azaleas* *Hinodigeri*, *Hinemanyo*, *Rosaeflora*, etc. Those suitable for rock work marked *

from	3/6 to 21/-	each
* <i>amoena</i> , brilliant claret	...	
* <i>coccinea</i> , small flowered, crimson	...	3/6
* <i>rosea</i> , deep rose	...	3/6
*BAGSHOT FLAME (NEW) , large flowers bright brick red in colour. Makes a compact bush approximately 1½ ft. high	...	15/- & 21/-
* <i>Daimio</i> , salmon red	...	5/-
* <i>Flambeau</i> . Fine rich red. Needs slight protection	...	5/-
<i>Fuji Manyo</i> , double light purple	...	3/6 & 5/-
GLAUCIA STRICTA , clusters of dainty white, beautifully scented flowers in June	...	5/- to 10/6
* <i>Hatsugiri</i> , rosy mauve	...	5/-
* <i>Hinemanyo</i> , salmon	...	5/-
* <i>Hinodegiri</i> , brilliant fiery red	...	5/-
* <i>Illuminator</i> , purple mauve	...	3/6
*JUBILEE (NEW) , large bright cerise red shaded rich crimson. Grows approximately 1½ ft.	...	15/- & 21/-
<i>Kaempferi</i> , salmon	...	3/6 to 7/6
* <i>ledifolium</i> , white	...	3/6 & 5/-
<i>leucanthum</i> , soft mauve	...	3/6 to 7/6
* <i>Maxwelli</i> , rosy red	...	5/-
* <i>obtusa</i> fl. pl., brilliant crimson lake	...	from 5/-
<i>occidentalis</i> , white, sweet-scented	...	from 5/- to 10/6
* <i>Optima</i> , large flowered, rosy red, one of the last to bloom	...	from 5/-

Varieties marked * are suitable for Rockwork.

VARIOUS AZALEAS—continued.

*PINK PERFECTION (NEW), large rich glowing pink flowers, makes a low compact bush, approximately 18in. high ...	15/- & 21/- each
pontica , the common yellow Azalea. Sweet scented, yellow flowering species, foliage turns fiery red in autumn. A splendid subject for naturalising in open woodlands, also for massing in groups near edge of shrubberies, etc., 15in. to 18in., 28/- per doz. ; 18in. to 24in., 36/- per doz. ; 2ft. to 2½ft., 48/- per doz.	
*rosaeflora , double, salmon rose ...	from 5/- ..
Vaseyi , soft rose ...	5/- ..
viscosum . A North American species with white sweetly scented flowers in June and July ...	5/- to 10/6 ..
— Pink. A very fine pink form of the above. One of the last to flower in July ...	5/- to 10/6 ..
Yodogawa. Lovely soft mauve, double flowers ...	5/- ..

Varieties marked * are suitable for Rockwork.

AZALEA INDICA.

These beautiful AZALEAS are invaluable for forcing, and where customers state the colours required and leave the selection of sorts to us they can rely on their wishes being conscientiously fulfilled. Plants can be supplied in bud or flower from the third week in December onwards.



AZALEA INDICA.

PRICES—Carriage Forward.

5/- each, 54/- doz. Pot Plants.

E—Early. M—Midseason. L—Late.

M Apollo, orange scarlet.

E Charme de Noel, soft rose pink.

E Madame Petrick, clear rose.

E Paul Schame, salmon red.

E Pax, pure white.

M Pink Pearl, soft pink.

M Vervaeneana alba, white.

M Salmonea, deep salmon, bordered rose.

CONIFERS—GENERAL COLLECTION.

In many cases larger specimens of considerable size can be supplied at proportionately increased rates.

ABIES

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

BRACHYPHYLLA (homolepis).	The "Common Silver Fir" of Japan.	A	EACH.
hardy adaptable species	...	...	3/6 to 10/6
concolor. The Colorado Fir from U.S.A.	Thick glaucous green foliage.	A	
beautiful tree growing to 80ft.	...	...	3/6 to 15/-
Douglasii , see <i>Pseudotsuga</i> (page 26) and <i>Screening Trees</i> (page 97).			
firma. The Japanese Fir.	A handsome vigorous tree	...	2/6 to 10/6
FRASERI. The "Balsam Fir" of the Allegheny Mountains	...	...	2/6 to 7/6
grandis , a fast growing species from N.W. America.	Makes a noble tree	...	2/6 to 7/6
magnifica. The Californian Red Fir, a beautiful tree with somewhat curved			
glaucous foliage	...	...	5/-
nobilis. The Noble Fir from U.S.A.	A dense growing tree, 100ft. and over.		
Foliage light green, silvery beneath.	Cones 6/8ins. long	...	3/6 to 21/-
— glaucua. A glaucous blue form of the "Noble Fir"	...	...	7/6 to 21/-
Nordmanniana. Caucasian Fir.	Very dark glossy green foliage, silvery		
underneath.	Hardy and rapid grower in most situations	...	3/6 to 10/6
pectinata , the Silver Fir	...	...	2/6 to 10/6
Pinsapo. The Spanish Fir.	Has dark green foliage and makes a striking		
specimen, up to 80ft. in height.	Grows well on most soils, particularly		
limestone formation	...	...
VEITCHII. From Japan.	Shining green foliage striped with silvery lines	2/6 to 10/6	
beneath.	A very good specimen when young, it reaches a height of 70ft.	3/6 to 21/-	

ARAUCARIA

imbricata. Chilian Pine or Monkey Puzzle.	Makes a better tree when grown
as an isolated specimen	...

5/- to 10/6

ATHROTAXIS

laxifolia , Tasmanian Cedar.	A striking tree with cane-like branches
-------------------------------------	---

3/6 to 10/6



CEDRUS ATLANTICA GLAUCA.

Fine
Specimen
Trees,
CEDRUS
ATLANTICA

ORDERS TO THE
VALUE OF £2 AND
UPWARDS SENT
CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE
to the nearest railway
station in England
and Wales.

See page 4.

CEDRUS

ATLANTICA. The Mount Atlas Cedar from Algeria. A magnificent specimen tree, very hardy and thriving on most soils, 100 ft. (Specimens available up to 10/12ft.)

EACH.
2/6 to 42/-
5/- to 21/-

— *aurea*, golden form, not so strong growing

5/- to 35/-

— *glaucia*, very glaucous foliage. One of the most handsome conifers as a specimen or for bold grouping

3/6 to 42/-

Deodara. Himalayan Cedar. An elegant tree when young, eventually becoming flat topped. (Specimens available up to 10/12ft.)

5/- to 21/-

— *verticillata glauca*, a neat tree of silvery appearance

3/6 to 30/-

Libani. The Cedar of Lebanon from Syria. Makes a noble specimen, up to 120ft.

3/6 to 10/6

CEPHALOTAXUS

drupacea. The Cows Tail pine of China and Japan

3/6 to 21/-

— *fastigiata*, a stiff-growing erect form somewhat resembling the Irish yew

CRYPTOMERIA

japonica, a graceful tree from Japan, up to 60ft.

3/6 to 10/6

— *elegans*, turns a lovely reddish brown in Winter

3/6 to 10/6

*— *NANA*, of dwarf compact pyramidal habit, this variety has green foliage

5/- & 7/6

in Summer, turning a pleasing bronze in Winter 3/6

CUPRESSUS

arizonica glabra. The Arizona Cypress. A very hardy Cypress with attractive glaucous foliage. 30/40ft.

3/6 to 10/6

— *conica*. A compact glaucous pyramidal tree, makes a handsome specimen.

A recent introduction

3/6 to 7/6

funebris. "Chinese weeping Cypress." A distinct and beautiful juniper suited to mild localities only. Useful for indoor decoration of "Winter Gardens" and "Porches" in pots

3/6 & 5/-

Lawsoniana. A common but highly valuable conifer from N.W. America. It is very hardy and will attain a height of 100ft.

2/6 to 10/6

Under cultivation has provided the following forms:—

— *albo variegata*, slow growing, young foliage picked out in white

3/6 to 10/6

— *Allumii*, a fine glaucous-blue columnar form, slow growing. Excellent for the formal garden or for grouping with other conifers

2/6 to 21/-

— *argentea*, semi-pendulous branchlets

2/6 to 21/-

— *erecta filiformis* (Masons erect), erect growing, with vivid green string-like foliage

3/6 to 10/6

— *viridis*, erect columnar habit. Thick growing bright green foliage

2/6 to 21/-

— *aurea*, a golden form of the well-known *erecta viridis* from

3/6

*— *Eliwoodii*. An erect dwarf and compact growing conifer, suitable for the rock garden

3/6 & 7/6

*— *FLETCHERI*, pretty silvery grey green foliage. This form can be trimmed

to make tight compact pyramids 2/6

*— *nana*, a more compact form of slower growth. A gem for the rockery

3/6 & 5/-

— *Fraseri*, blue grey foliage, upright growth

2/6 & 3/6

— *LUTEA*, a very handsome golden form

2/6 to 21/-

*— *minima glauca*, a dense compact globular form of grey green hue ...

3/6 to 15/-

— *monumentalis*, a slow compact growing form of a glaucous hue ...

3/6 & 5/-

*— *nana*, a dwarf compact form for rockwork

2/6 to 21/-

— *Pottentii*, a beautiful, soft silvery green conifer, compact pyramidal habit

3/6 to 15/-

— *Stewartii*, a very handsome golden form

3/6 to 15/-

— *Shawii*, a slow-growing, loose branched globular form of light

green colour. Attains a height of about 5 to 6ft.

2/6 to 15/-

— *stricta*, erect columnar growth of soft green colour

2/6 to 15/-

— *Triumph of Boskoop*, a glaucous blue form of tall spreading habit from

3/6 to 25/-

— *versicolor*, foliage speckled with gold. Golden variegation is very marked

in the young growth

2/6 to 15/-

— *Watereri*, a compact growing variety which takes a silvery hue during the

growing season

2/6 to 15/-

— *Westermanii*, handsome golden foliage, pendulous tipped. The pendulous

growth in young state has a bright golden appearance during growing

season

3/6 to 10/6

— *Wisselii*, upright habit with curiously twisted greyish blue foliage produced

in dense tufts

2/6 to 7/6

— *Silver Queen*, this conifer takes on a decided silvery hue during the growing

season

3/6 to 21/-

macrocarpa. The Monterey Cypress from California. A beautiful tree up

to 90ft. in height, of solid habit and very quick growth. It stands

trimming well and is particularly useful for maritime districts. (See also

hedge plants, page 95)

2/6 to 7/6

1/6 to 3/6

LARGE SPECIMEN CONIFERS
available from 10 to 15 feet, in
many varieties.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

CUPRESSUS—continued.

		EACH.
macrocarpa lutea, a beautiful golden form	...	2/6 to 5/-
<i>nootkatensis</i> . Yellow Cypress from N.W. America. A desirable tree, growing to a height of 100ft. Very hardy and quick growing, it makes a handsome and healthy specimen	...	3/6 to 10/6
— <i>compacta</i> , a symmetrical slow growing small tree	...	5/- to 10/6
*— <i>NIDIFORMIS</i> , a compact mushroom-shaped form with glaucous green aromatic foliage	...	5/- & 7/6
<i>obtusa</i> (<i>Retinispora obtusa</i>), a handsome tree from Japan	...	3/6 to 15/-
— <i>aurea</i> , a golden form of the preceding	...	3/6
— <i>CRIPPSII</i> , F.C.C., R.H.S. Very fine golden foliage, elegant habit	from	3/6 to 42/-
— <i>erecta</i> , a graceful upright growing form	...	2/6 to 10/6
— <i>filicoides</i> , arching fern-like foliage	...	3/6
— <i>lycopodioides</i> , attractive foliage resembling crowded miniature catkins on twisted branchlets	...	3/6
— <i>aurea</i> , a golden sport of above	...	3/6
*— <i>NANA</i> , the deep green foliage is arranged in tight little fan-shaped sprays, giving this tree a characteristic appearance	...	3/6
— <i>pygmaea</i> (<i>Retinispora</i>). A dwarf and somewhat globose form. The fan-shaped branches are flat and turn brownish-green in winter	...	5/- & 7/6
<i>pisifera</i> . Sawara Cypress from Japan. A rather thin quick-growing species, 80 to 100 ft. ...	...	3/6 to 21/-
— <i>aurea</i> , young shoots, golden yellow	...	2/6 to 35/-
— <i>ericoides</i> , heath-like foliage, reddish purple in autumn	...	2/6 to 42/-
— <i>filifera</i> , a remarkably distinct variety with pendulous cord-like branchlets	from	2/6 to 21/-
— <i>aurea</i> , golden form of the above. Makes an exceptionally attractive specimen as a bush or standard	...	3/6 to 42/-
*— <i>nana</i> , a compact growing miniature for the rock garden, 18in. ...	from	3/6 to 7/6
*— <i>alba variegata</i> , white variegation	...	2/6 to 7/6
— <i>plumosa</i> , similar to <i>Retinispora pisifera</i> , but not so strong growing, denser in habit and with plumose foliage	...	2/6 to 42/-
— <i>argentea</i> , forms a dense round bush, excellent for lawn specimen or formal work	...	2/6 to 21/-
— <i>aurea</i> , golden yellow form of <i>R. plumosa</i>	...	2/6 to 21/-
*— <i>COMPACTA</i> , a tiny conifer with feathery golden foliage, it makes a dense, flattish, round attractive bush	...	2/6 to 42/-
— <i>nana</i> , a slow dense growing form suitable for the rock garden. Very fine foliage of good colour	...	3/6 & 5/-
— <i>squarrosa</i> , denser growing than <i>R. plumosa</i> , silvery glaucous colouring from		2/6 to 15/-
— <i>sulphurea</i> , yellow coloured form of the above. Both may be clipped if desired	...	3/6 to 42/-
...		3/6 to 35/-
<i>sempervirens</i> . Italian Cypress, 80ft. It is finer in its growth than <i>C. Macrocarpa</i> , but not so hardy	...	2/6
<i>thyoides</i> (<i>chamæcyparis sphæroidea</i>). The White Cedar of N.E. America. A slow growing Juniper-like Cypress thriving best on a light lime-free soil	...	3/6 to 7/6
— <i>leptoclada</i> . A somewhat slow-growing juvenile form of pyramidal habit	...	2/6 to 10/6
— <i>variegata</i> , leaves and branches speckled yellow	...	3/6 to 7/6
GINKGO.		3/6 to 15/-
<i>biloba</i> . The "Maidenhair Tree." A distinct deciduous conifer. The peculiar fan shaped leaves turn clear yellow in Autumn before falling	...	
JUNIPERUS		
<i>chinensis</i> , a fine specimen tree from China. Very hardy. Attains 60ft. from		2/6 to 15/-
— <i>aurea</i> , Young's Golden Juniper dense slender form	...	3/6
— <i>Fortunei</i> , a beautiful tree with glaucous grey foliage	...	3/6 to 21/-
*— <i>nana</i> , dwarf spreading form, for rock gardens or for grouping on banks or lawns	...	2/6 to 7/6
*— <i>variegata</i> , as the above with short intermittent shoots tinted gold	from	2/6 to 7/6
*— <i>argentea variegata</i> , similar but with white variegation	...	2/6 to 7/6
— <i>japonica</i> , a dwarf shrub with handsome glaucous foliage	...	2/6 to 10/6
— <i>alba variegata</i> , erect growing, splashed with white	...	2/6 to 10/6
— <i>aurea</i> , spreading habit, long golden branches	...	2/6 to 15/-
— <i>pendula</i> , a graceful tree having the tips of the branchlets pendulous	...	3/6 to 17/6
*— <i>Sargentii</i> , a dwarf creeping Juniper forming a dense prostrate mat	...	3/6 to 7/6
*— <i>Pfitzeriana</i> , a handsome form of horizontal growth, fine for a large rock garden	...	2/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

"Cupressus Macrocarpa" makes a fine screen.

JUNIPERUS—continued.

	EACH
communis. The common Juniper. Spreading habit. Sometimes a small tree up to 20ft. Slow growing from	2/6 to 10/6
*— depressa aurea (<i>canadensis aurea</i>), a low growing compact form. The young growths are at first yellow, turning green as autumn approaches	3/6 to 10/6
— hibernica. A slender, perfectly columnar tree growing to a height of 15ft. or over from	3/6 to 21/-
*— COMPRESSA , an ideal plant, making pleasing columns of pretty silvery grey green foliage 2/6	3/6 & 5/-
* horizontalis , a prostrate trailing species which grows close to the ground. The colour of the foliage is bluish green from	2/6 to 7/6
Sabina. Common Savin. This European native is one of the most useful and handsome low growing evergreens from	2/6 to 15/-
*— tamariscifolia , spreading habit, very ornamental amongst rockwork from	2/6 to 35/-
— variegata , a pretty variegated form from	2/6 to 10/6
Squamata Meyeri. A recent introduction from China, a striking slow growing glaucous blue form, very scarce from	5/- to 21/-
virginiana. The Red Cedar from N. America. The largest of the tree Junipers in this country, growing up to a height of 50ft. Useful for chalky districts from	2/6 to 21/-
— glauca , silvery grey in Spring and Summer, changing to green from	3/6 to 21/-
— Schottii , of compact pyramidal habit, bright green from	3/6 to 21/-
*— tripartita , low and spreading habit from	2/6 to 35/-

LARIX

europaea. The common Larch. Makes a good specimen tree up to 140ft., being very attractive in Spring. It is also probably the most extensively planted timber tree in this country from	1/- to 7/6
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For prices for quantities see page 3 of cover.

leptolepis. Japanese Larch. Not so strong growing as the above, attaining eventually 80ft. Practically immune from Larch canker ... from	1/- to 7/6
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For prices for quantities, see page 3 of cover.

LIBOCEDRUS

decurrens. The Incense Cedar from N. America. An upright tree of distinct narrow columnar form. It attains a height of 70ft. and makes a fine specimen. Hardy from	3/6 to 42/-
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PICEA

*— ALBERTIANA CONICA , a slow growing, dense pyramidal form, especially attractive with its fresh light green foliage in Spring and early Summer 3/6, 5/-	7/6 & 10/6
excelsa. Common or Norway Spruce (Xmas Tree). Makes an imposing specimen 120ft. high. Better known as a forest tree. Specimen trees from	2/6 to 10/6
*— CLANBRASSILIANA , of peculiar stiff short branching habit, this form adds interest and variety to the Rockery 3/6	5/- & 7/6
*— dumosa , foliage more blue-green than the type, of dwarf habit ... from	3/6 to 5/-
*— Gregoryana , slow growing, makes a dense rounded bush from	3/6 to 5/-
*— pygmaea , a small slow-growing form of dense habit from	3/6 to 5/-
*— pumila , very close and dwarf, 4ft. from	3/6 to 5/-
*— REMONTII , the best of the dwarf Spruces, forming a compact little tree of broad pyramidal outline 3/6	5/- & 7/6
*— invera , a curious variety with weeping branches hanging close to the stem. 12ft. from	5/-
hondoensis , a handsome pyramidal tree from Japan, up to 60ft. in height. The visible glaucous-blue undersides of the foliage contrast beautifully with the dark olive green upper surfaces. Young cones crimson from	3/6 to 42/-
nigra var. Doumetti , a compact shrubby form, leaves glaucous green ... from	3/6 to 10/6
orientalis. The oriental spruce from Caucasica and Armenia. One of the most attractive of the Spruces, being of slower growth than <i>P. Excelsa</i> , it is daintier and more compact, particularly when young. 80ft. Specimen trees from	2/6 to 42/-
*— COMPACTA , a dense form of pyramidal habit, with pleasing light green young foliage in Spring and deep green in Autumn and Winter ...	3/6 & 5/-
polita. Tiger tail Spruce from Japan. A handsome small pyramidal tree, suitable for an isolated specimen. Very hardy from	3/6 to 5/-
pungens. From U.S.A. Of splendid pyramidal form reaching 80ft. or over. Useful for plantations from	3/6 to 15/-
— glauca. Blue Spruce. Leaves covered with blue-white bloom. Very handsome from	5/- to 21/-
— Kosteriana , the deepest blue variety from	5/- to 10/6
sitchensis. The Sitka Spruce. An easily cultivated quick-growing species thriving almost anywhere	1/6 to 3/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

PINUS

austriaca. Austrian Pine from S.E. Europe. Very hardy and indispensable as a shelter tree in bleak districts, particularly maritime. Grows in almost any soil. 90ft. Specimens	... ... ... ...	from	EACH.
(See also hedging section, page 3 of cover.)			2/6 to 7/6
Cembra. Swiss Stone Pine, from European Alps. Slow growing but makes a fine thick specimen	... ... ... ...	from	2/6 to 10/6
excelsa. Himalayan Pine from Sikkim and Nepal. A quick growing tree of greyish blue appearance. Hardy, 100ft.	... ... ...	from	2/6 to 21/-
insignis. Monterey Pine from California. Useful in maritime situations where it is hardy and grows quickly	... ... ...	from	2/6 to 5/-
Laricio. Corsican Pine. Useful for wood planting being of quick growth. Makes an imposing specimen up to 150ft. Specimens	... ...	from	2/6 to 7/6
montana. Mountain Pine. A very hardy low growing shrub or tree, from mountainous districts of Central Europe	... ... ...	from	2/6 to 7/6
parviflora. Japanese White Pine. Makes a neat and pretty specimen. Thick growing and perfectly hardy. 20ft. to 30ft.	... ... ...		2/6
Strobus. Weymouth Pine from N.E. America. An attractive and ornamental tree, 80ft. to 100ft.	... ... ...	from	2/6 to 15/-
sylvestris. The Scotch Fir. Our native Pine. Very useful for belt planting. Specimen plants	... ... ...	from	2/6 to 7/6
— aurea , a golden form. Shows to its best during the Winter months	... ...	from	3/6

PSEUDOTSUGA

Douglasii. The Douglas Fir from N. America. One of the most useful conifers in this country. Very quick growing to a height of 100ft. and over. Useful as a specimen, for timber, or for belt planting. See page 95 for prices for quantities	... ... ... ...		2/6 to 21/-
*— Fletcheri , a pleasing dwarf form growing about 2ft, glaucous green in colour	... ... ...		3/6 to 7/6
— glauca. Colorado Douglas Fir. A smaller tree with handsome glaucous foliage	... ... ...		3/6 to 15/-
— elegans , a glaucous pendulous form of above	... ... ...		3/6 to 21/-

DOUGLAS FIRS FOR SCREENING.
Strong, bushy, well-furnished trees,
6-7ft. 84/- per doz., 7-8ft. 108/- per doz.

RETINISPORA. N.B.—All subjects under this heading now referred to as **CUPRESSUS**.

SCIADOPITYS

verticillata. The umbrella Pine from Japan. Very hardy and slow growing. Should be grown as an isolated specimen. 100ft.	... ...	from	5/- to 42/-
SEQUOIA			
gigantea. The Wellingtonia from California. A quick growing tree in mild localities attaining a height of 150ft. and over. Regularly pyramidal in shape. Fine as a single specimen or for avenue planting	... ...	from	5/-
sempervirens (<i>Taxodium sempervirens</i>). The Redwood from California. Another tall and quick growing tree, thriving best in sheltered situations	... ...	from	
— alba spica , tips of young shoots creamy white	... ... ...	from	2/6 to 10/6
5/— to 7/6			

TAXODIUM

distichum. Deciduous Cypress from N. America. A very attractive tree delicate green in Spring and rich brown in Autumn. Prefers a moist position. 110ft.	from	2/6
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TAXUS (The English Yew)

baccata. From Europe and Asia. Special attention is called to our wonderful stock of English Yews for hedge planting. These are all grown singly and are well furnished at the base and are frequently transplanted to ensure safe removal.		For HEDGING SHRUBS See page 95.
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Sizes.	per doz.	per 100.	Sizes.	per doz.	per 100.
2 to 2½ feet	42/-	£16 5 0	4 to 4½ feet	96/-	£37 10 0
2½ to 3 feet	48/-	£18 15 0	4½ to 5 feet	120/-	£47 10 0
3 to 3½ feet	60/-	£22 10 0	5 to 5½ feet	144/-	£57 10 0
3½ to 4 feet	78/-	£30 0 0	5½ to 6 feet	172/-	£70 0 0

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

Specimen Yews can be supplied. Special prices on application.

TAXUS—continued.

							each from
baccata var. <i>adpressa</i> ,	short adpressed leaves	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 5/-
— aurea,	golden form of above	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6
— aurea,	a special stock of fine specimens available	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 25/-
— elegantissima,	young foliage silver	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6
— DOVASTONII,	a beautiful pendulous form	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6
— fastigiata.	The Irish Yew	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 42/-
— aurea,	golden form	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 42/-
— var. <i>Standishii</i> ,	this is a very distinctive plant of intense golden colour. The habit and growth is more compact than the type	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 25/-
— fructu luteo,	yellow fruited	...	...	...	...	...	5/- to 10/6
— nova aurea,	a spreading plant of very intense golden tint, remaining gold in Winter	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 42/-
	Large specimens available, prices on application.						
— repandens,	spreading habit	...	...	...	...	...	5/- to 10/6
canadensis.	Canadian Yew	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 12/6
cuspidata.	From Japan, spreading habit	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 10/6
— brevifolia,	compact low bush	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 10/6

THUJA

<i>dolobrata</i> .	From Japan. An attractive species forming a thick tree up to 40ft. in height. Hardy	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6
— variegata,	young sprays variegated creamy white	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6
<i>Lobbii</i> (<i>gigantea</i>).	Giant Thuja from British Columbia. A quick growing tree of fine form attaining a height of 100ft. and over. Is useful as a forest tree and also for hedge and screen planting. Specimen plants from (See also Hedging Section, page 96.)	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 21/-
— <i>sempervirens</i> ,	a slightly golden tinted form	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 21/-
— <i>AUREA</i> (<i>Zebrina</i>),	a beautiful golden variegated form, makes a nice specimen	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 42/-
<i>occidentalis</i> .	American Arbor-Vitæ. Most useful for hedge work.	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 35/-
— <i>aurea</i> ,	golden form	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 30/-
— <i>Douglasii</i> ,	of narrow columnar habit and curious twisted growth. An interesting form	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 35/-
— <i>Ellwangeriana</i> ,	tall thin growing variety	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 7/6
*— <i>Little Gem</i> ,	round compact grower suitable for rockwork	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 42/-
— <i>REEDI</i> ,	dwarf globose habit, suitable for large rockeries and as small specimens on lawns, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 & 5/-
*— <i>RHEINGOLD</i> ,	a pleasing form of light pyramidal habit, with bright golden foliage in Summer, turns to golden bronze in Autumn and Winter	...	...	...	...	...	5/- & 7/6
*— <i>ROGERSII</i> ,	a slow growing, dense pyramidal form of a golden bronze hue	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 10/6
— <i>Spathii</i> ,	dwarf form, erect branches	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 35/-
— <i>Vervaeneana</i> ,	a light elegant growing form	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 35/-
— <i>Wareana</i> (<i>Siberica</i>),	thick pyramidal habit, slow growing	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 15/-
— <i>lutescens</i> ,	like preceding but of pale golden colouring	...	...	...	...	...	5/- & 7/6
— <i>pyramidalis</i> ,	makes a denser and broader pyramidal tree than the type	...	...	...	...	...
*— <i>umbra</i> (<i>umbra</i>),	a dark green compact conifer of globose outline	...	...	...	...	...
<i>orientalis</i> .	Chinese Arbor-Vitæ, a broadly pyramidal or rounded shrub making a good thick specimen. 15 to 20ft.	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 35/-
— <i>aurea</i> ,	growths yellow tipped in Summer, turning bronze in Autumn	...	...	...	...	...	5/- to 15/-
— <i>elegantissima</i> ,	narrow erect growth, beautiful golden colour in Summer turning bronze in Autumn	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 to 42/-

TSUGA

<i>albertiana</i> .	Western Hemlock from N. America. A graceful tapering tree, up to 100ft. Thrives in a moist climate and makes a fine specimen	...	...	...	...	...	2/6
<i>canadensis</i> .	Canadian Hemlock. Similar to the preceding, but tends to branch into several stems and to form a large rounded head	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to 21/-
— <i>Sargentii pendula</i> .	A beautiful weeping form, suitable for the rock garden	...	...	...	...	...	7/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.

See page 4.

Large stocks of Flowering Shrubs.

Shrubs for Rock Gardens.

See all those subjects marked with an asterisk (*) in the body of the Catalogue.

Shrubs for Planting in or near Towns.

<i>Acer negundo</i> var.	Heaths (<i>Erica</i> and <i>Calluna</i>)	<i>Prunus Pissardi</i>
<i>Amelanchier</i>	<i>Hibiscus</i>	<i>Pyracantha</i>
<i>Andromeda floribunda</i>	<i>Holly</i> (<i>Ilex</i>)	<i>Pyrus japonica</i>
<i>Arbutus</i>	<i>Hypericum</i>	Rhododendrons, of sorts
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	<i>Ivies</i> (<i>Hedera</i>)	<i>Ribes</i> , of sorts
<i>Azaleas</i> , of sorts	<i>Jasmine</i> , white	<i>Snowberry</i>
<i>Berberis aquifolium</i>	" yellow	(<i>Symporicarpus</i>)
" <i>Darwinii</i>	<i>Kalmia</i>	<i>Skimmia</i>
<i>Bladder Senna</i> (<i>Colutea</i>)	<i>Kerria japonica</i>	<i>Spiraea</i> , of sorts
<i>Box</i>	<i>Leycesteria formosa</i>	<i>Sumach</i>
<i>Broom</i>	<i>Lilac</i> (<i>Syringa</i>)	<i>Thujopsis borealis</i>
<i>Cotoneaster</i>	<i>Pernettya</i>	<i>Viburnum</i>
<i>Deutzia</i>	<i>Philadelphus</i>	<i>Vinca</i>
<i>Dogwood</i> (<i>Cornus</i>)	<i>Phillyraea</i>	<i>Virginian Creeper</i>
<i>Forsythia</i>	<i>Privet</i> , evergreen and oval	(<i>Ampelopsis</i>)
<i>Guilder Rose</i> (<i>Virburnum</i>)	leaved (<i>Ligustrum</i>)	<i>Weigela</i> , of sorts
		<i>Yew</i>

Shrubs suitable for Planting under Trees and in the Shade.

<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Dutch Honeysuckle	Lilac	Ribes
<i>Azalea pontica</i>	<i>Elaeagnus</i>	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>	<i>Sambucus</i>
<i>Berberis</i> , of sorts	Elder	<i>Pernettya</i>	<i>Skimmia</i>
<i>Box</i>	English Yew	<i>Philadelphus</i>	<i>Snowberry</i>
<i>Broom</i> , white and yellow	<i>Escallonia</i>	<i>Phillyraea</i>	<i>St. John's Wort</i>
<i>Butcher's Broom</i>	<i>Euonymus</i>	<i>Portugal Laurel</i>	<i>Sweet Briar</i>
<i>Choisya ternata</i>	<i>Gaultheria Shallon</i>	<i>Prinos glaber</i>	<i>Tree Box</i>
<i>Cotoneaster</i>	Holly	<i>Privet</i> , evergreen	<i>Vinca</i>
<i>Daphne</i>	Ivies	" oval-leaved	<i>Yews</i>
<i>Dogwood</i>	Laurel	Rhododendrons, of sorts	
	<i>Laurustinus</i>		

Conifers for Rockery.

<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i> nana	Cupressus obtusa nana	<i>Picea Albertiana</i> conica
<i>Cupressus</i> Lawsoniana	" <i>pisifera</i> <i>plumosa</i>	<i>excelsa</i> <i>Clanbrassiliiana</i>
Fletcheri	<i>aurea</i> <i>compacta</i>	" <i>Remontii</i>
" <i>nootkatensis</i>	<i>Juniperus communis</i> <i>hibernica</i>	" <i>orientalis</i> <i>compacta</i>
<i>nidiformis</i>	<i>compressa</i>	<i>Thuya occidentalis</i> <i>Rheingold</i>
		" " <i>Rogersii</i>

Shrubs with Scented Flowers on foliage.

<i>Calycanthus praecox</i>	<i>Myrtus apiculata</i>	<i>Raphiolepis japonica</i>
<i>Daphne Mezereum</i>	" <i>communis</i>	<i>Sarococca humilis</i>
<i>Jasminum officinale</i>	<i>Osmanthus Delavayii</i>	<i>Skimmia japonica</i> <i>fragrans</i>
" " <i>grandiflorum</i>	" <i>illicifolius</i>	<i>Spartium junceum</i>
<i>Lavender</i>	<i>Philadelphus coronarius</i>	<i>Syringa vulgaris</i> and its vars.
<i>Lonicera fragrans</i>	" <i>hybrid vars.</i>	<i>Viburnum Carlesii</i>
" <i>Standishii</i>	<i>Phillyraea decora</i>	" <i>fragrans</i>
" <i>periclymenum</i> & vars.	<i>Japanese Cherry</i> <i>Ama-no-Gawa</i>	Rhododendrons of sorts
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>	" <i>Jo-Noi</i>	Azaleas of sorts

Climbing Plants for Pergolas.

<i>Actinidia chinensis</i>	<i>Celastrus articulatus</i>	<i>Polygonum baldschuanicum</i>
<i>Akebia lobata</i>	" <i>scandens</i>	<i>Vitis armata</i>
" <i>quinata</i>	<i>Clematis</i> in variety	" <i>coignetiae</i>
<i>Aristolochia moupinensis</i>	<i>Lonicera</i> (<i>Honeysuckle</i>	" <i>quinquefolia</i>
" <i>Siphon</i>	climbing vars.)	" <i>vinifera</i> <i>purpurea</i>
		" <i>Watsoniana</i>

Trees and Shrubs with Autumn Tinted Foliage.

ACER (Maples) in var.	ENKIANTHUS (all)	PYRUS <i>aucuparia</i>
AMELANCHIER <i>canadensis</i>	EUONYMUS <i>alatus</i>	QUERCUS <i>coccineus</i>
" <i>vulgaris</i>	" <i>europaeus</i>	" <i>palustris</i>
AMPELOPSIS <i>Veitchii</i>	" <i>latifolius</i>	" <i>pedunculata</i>
AZALEAS in var.	" <i>Yedoensis</i>	" <i>concordia</i>
ARONIA <i>floribunda</i>	FAGUS in variety	RHODOTYPOS <i>kerrioides</i>
BERBERIS of sorts	GINKGO <i>biloba</i>	RHUS (all)
CERCIDIPHYLLUM	GLEDTSCHIA <i>triacanthos</i>	RIBES <i>americanum</i>
<i>japonicum</i>	LIQUIDAMBAR <i>styraciflua</i>	ROSA of sorts
CORNUS <i>florida</i>	LIRIODENDRON <i>tulipifera</i>	STRANSAESIA <i>undulata</i>
" <i>Kousa</i>	PARROTIA <i>persica</i>	VACCINIUM <i>pensylvanicum</i>
" <i>sanguinea</i>	PRUNUS <i>Avium</i>	VIBURNUM <i>Lantana</i>
CRATAEGUS <i>Crus Galli</i>	" <i>Pissardi</i>	" <i>Opulus sterile</i>
" <i>prunifolia</i>		VITIS of sorts

Berry Bearing and Ornamental Fruiting Trees and Shrubs.

AILANTHUS <i>glandulosa</i>	PRINOS <i>glaber</i>	SYMPHORICARPUS
AMELANCHIER <i>canadensis</i>	PYRACANTHA <i>Lalandii</i>	TAXUS (all)
ARBUTUS <i>Unedo</i>	" <i>Gibbsii</i>	VACCINIUM <i>Vitis idaea</i>
AUCUBA <i>japonica</i>	PYRUS of sorts	VIBURNUM <i>Opulus</i>
BENTHAMIA <i>fragifera</i>	ROSA <i>rugosa</i> and <i>moyesii</i>	" <i>Rhytidophyllum</i>
BERBERIS of sorts	RUSCUS <i>aculeatus</i>	" <i>Henryi</i>
CALLICARPA <i>Giraldiana</i>	SKIMMIA <i>japonica</i>	
CLEMATIS <i>vitalba</i>		
CELASTRUS <i>scandens</i>		
CLERODENDRON		
<i>trichotomum</i>		
" <i>Fargesii</i>		
COLUTEA <i>arborescens</i>		
COTONEASTER of sorts		
CRATAEGUS of sorts		
DAPHNE <i>mezereum</i>		
DECADSNEA <i>Fargesii</i>		
EUONYMUS <i>europaeus</i>		
" <i>Yedoensis</i>		
GAULTHERIA <i>procumbens</i>		
HIPPOPHAEA <i>ramnooides</i>		
HYMENANTHERA <i>crassifolia</i>		
ILEX (Holly) in var.		
JASMINUM <i>fruticans</i>		
LEYCESTERIA <i>formosa</i>		
LIGUSTRUM <i>sinensis</i>		
LONICERA <i>Maackii</i>		
" <i>Morrowi</i>		
PERNETTYA		



CRATAEGUS PYRACANTHA LALANDII,
fruit orange scarlet. See page 79.

We will gladly advise you free.

Winter and Early Spring Flowering Trees and Shrubs.

ANDROMEDA floribunda
CALYCANTHUS præcox
CORNUS mas.
CYDONIA japonica (on wall)
DAPHNE hybridum
 " mezereum
 " album
ERCILLA spicata (on wall)
ERICA arborea
 " australis
 " carnea and vars.
 " Lusitanica

ERICA mediterranea
 " hybrida
FORSYTHIA in var.
GARRYA elliptica
HAMAMELIS in var.
JASMINUM nudiflorum
KERRIA japonicum fl., pl.
ILONCERA fragrantissima
 " Standishii
MAGNOLIA stellata
OSMANTHUS Delavayi
PARROTIA persica
PRUNUS Davidiana, alba

PRUNUS Cerasus
RHODODENDRON
 " Handsworth scarlet
 " white
 " Jacksoni
 " Nobleanum
 " præcox
 " album
 " Thompsoni
SPIRÆA arguta
 " Thunbergii
VIBURNUM fragrans
 " Tinus

For Winter Bark Effect.

CORNUS of sorts

RUBUS of sorts

SALIX of sorts

Shrubs for Covering Walls, Buildings, Etc.

Evergreens.

AZARA
BERBERIS
CEANOOTHUS
CHOISYA
COTONEASTER
CRATAEGUS
ELAEAGNUS
EMBOTHRIUM
ESCALLONIA
EUGENIA
GARRYA
GREVILLEA
GRISELINIA
MAGNOLIA
MYRTUS
OLEA
PYRACANTHA
PITTOSPORUM
RAPHIOLEPIS
 THERMOPSIS

Deciduous.

AMPELOPSIS
BERCHEMIA
BUDBLEIA
CALYCANTHUS
CARYOPTERIS
CORONILLA
COTONEASTER
CYDONIA
DESMODIUM
ERIOBOTRYA
FORSYTHIA
FREMONTIA
HYDRANGEA
INDIGOFERA
LYCUM
MAGNOLIA
RUBUS
SOLANUM
VIBURNUM



CEANOOTHUS RIGIDUS. See page 42.

Shrubs and Climbers for N. & N.E. Walls.

Actinidia chinensis	Hedera (Ivies) in var.	Pyracantha crenulata
Cotoneaster Simonsii	Jasminum nudiflorum	coccinea
" divaricata	officinalis	Lalandii
" microphylla	Lonicera Jap. aureo	Gibbsii
" prostrata	reticulata	Rogersiana,
Euonymus radicans variegata	" Halliana	and vars.

List of Shrubs and Trees grown that can be supplied in STANDARD FORM.

N.B.—For prices and sizes refer to Catalogue.

ACER (Maples)	CRATAEGUS (Thorn)	HOLLY	PYRUS
ÆSCULUS	CYTISUS (Broom)	LABURNUM	RIBES (Currant)
(Chestnut)	DEUTZIA	LIGUSTRUM (Privet)	ROBINIA (Acacia)
BETULUS (Birch)	DIERVILLA	{ Almonds	SALIX (Willow)
BUXUS (Box)	FAGUS	{ Cherries	SYRINGA (Lilac)
CORNUS	FORSYTHIA	{ Peaches	ULMUS (Elm)
COTONEASTER	HYDRANGEA	{ Plums	

Shrubs for Game Covert or Underwood.

Aucuba japonica	Elder (<i>Sambucus</i>)	Rhododendrons
Berberis aquifolium	Hazel (<i>Corylus</i>)	Ribes of sorts
Black Thorn (<i>Prunus</i>)	Holly (<i>Ilex</i>)	Snowberry (<i>Symporicarpus</i>)
Boxwood (<i>Buxus</i>)	Honeysuckle (<i>Lonicera</i>)	Spiraea of sorts
Bramble (<i>Rubus</i>)	Ivy (<i>Hedera</i>)	Spruce Fir
Broom (<i>Cytisus</i>)	Laurel of sorts	St. John's Wort
Cotoneaster	Lilac (<i>Syringa</i>)	(<i>Hypericum</i>)
Deutzia	Periwinkle (<i>Vinca</i>)	Thorns Common
Dog Rose (<i>Briar</i>)	Pampas Grass	Vinca (<i>Periwinkle</i>)
Dogwood (<i>Cornus</i>)	Privet (<i>Ligustrum</i>)	Yew

List of Variegated Trees and Shrubs.

WITH SILVER VARIEGATION.

Acer Drummondii	<i>Ilex</i> alba marginata
Acer negundo variegata	" Silver Queen
Cornus mascula variegata	" Handsworthii
Cupressus Lawsoniana	<i>Juniperus Sabina</i> variegata
albo marginata	<i>Osmanthus</i> variegatus
Diervilla amabilis fol.	<i>Retinispore</i> pisifera
variegata	argentea
Euonymus latifolia alba var.	<i>Sambucus</i> (Elder), silver
" radicans variegata	

<i>Taxus baccata</i> elegantissima
<i>Thujopsis borealis</i> variegata
" dolobrata variegata

CLIMBERS.

Hedera (Ivy) silver, of sorts
<i>Vinca major</i> elegantissima

(trailing)

WITH GOLDEN VARIEGATION.

Abies excelsa aurea	<i>Ilex</i> Golden Queen
Acer japonica aurea	" Waterers
Acer Leopoldii	<i>Juniperus chinensis</i> aurea
Acer pseudo platanus aurea	" Sabina aurea
" variegata aurea	<i>Libocedrus decurrens</i>
(Corstophine Plane)	variegata
Aubuca japonica	<i>Ligustrum aureum</i>
Catalpa aurea	<i>Mahonia japonica</i>
Chamaecyparis variegata	<i>Populus monilifera</i> aurea
Cornus alba spathii	<i>Retinispore obtusa</i> aurea
Cupressus Lawsoniana	" <i>nana</i> aurea
Stewartii	" <i>pisifera</i> aurea
lutea	" <i>plumosa</i> aurea
Euonymus japonica aurea	" <i>filifera</i> aurea
latifolia aurea	<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>
Ilex (Holly) aurea marginata	variegatum
" Golden King	<i>Sambucus</i> (Elder) aurea

<i>Spiraea opulifera</i> aurea
<i>Taxus</i> (Yew) <i>baccata</i> aurea
" <i>fastigiata</i> variegata
<i>Thuya</i> elegantissima
" <i>occidentalis</i> aurea
" <i>orientalis compacta</i>
" aurea
" <i>Lobbii</i> aurea
" <i>semper aurescens</i>
<i>Thujopsis borealis</i> aurea

variegata
CLIMBERS.
Hedera (Ivy), gold variegated

Lonicera brachypoda aurea

reticulata

EVERGREEN AND DECIDUOUS TREES, SHRUBS, CREEPERS, &c.

In compiling this catalogue an effort has been made for simplicity as well as accuracy and the avoidance of repetition. With the exception of Rhododendrons, Azaleas and Conifers which occupy pages 5 to 21 the classification is strictly alphabetical and to facilitate selection marginal aids are given as follows:—

E. Evergreen.

D.C.L. Deciduous Climber.

E.C.L. Evergreen Climber.

H.C.L. Herbaceous Climber.

The rest are deciduous (*i.e.* shed their leaves in Winter) and indications as to habit, tree or shrubby are given in the text. The familiar index is rendered unnecessary, at least from our viewpoint, but would be restored in subsequent editions should our customers desire it.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden.

Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants, and if planted in the open, require some protection in severe weather.

In most cases larger specimens can be supplied at proportionately increased rates.



ABUTILON VITIFOLIUM.

ABELIA. Semi-evergreen shrubs bearing in summer and autumn attractive rich coloured tubular flowers.

EACH.

* <i>floribunda</i> , rosy purple flowers, requires a warm position, a Mexican plant	...	3/6
* <i>grandiflora</i> , sweetly scented pink flowers, hardy	...	2/6
* <i>longituba</i> , large pink penstemon-like flowers	...	3/6

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See suggestions on pages 28 to 31.

Shrub Borders, Planned in Detail.



To assist our customers we shall be pleased to submit keyed plans for new borders, giving in detail a selection of varieties for a maintained flowering period. Particulars as to measurements, aspect & soil should be given.

See page 71.

ABUTILON. Lantern flower, a handsome deciduous June flowering shrub; from Chile. Well worth growing. Attains 8-10ft.	EACH.
vitifolium , a rapid grower with ornamental vine-like foliage and lovely pale mauve flowers in profusion	2/6 to 5/-
ACACIA , see Robinia , page 83, and Screening Trees , page 3 of cover.	
ACER (Maple) Japanese Maples (Deciduous), although for the most part somewhat slow in growth these handsome foliage trees are practically essential to a perfect autumn colour scheme. Their wonderful range of brilliant tones in foliage is not found in any other family. They are also useful for forcing for indoor decoration. Outside, a position facing west suits them most. Some of the <i>japonicum</i> and <i>palmatum</i> varieties are suitable for the rock garden.	
japonicum , rich green foliage of large size, vigorous habit	3/6 to 10/6
*— aureum , pale greenish yellow when young, tinged with gold and orange scarlet in autumn	3/6 to 10/6
*— laciniatum , a very fine variety, giving rich autumnal tints ... from	5/- to 10/6
— vitifolium , large vine-like leaves and red flowers in spring. Colours well in autumn	5/- to 15/-
palmatum (<i>polymorphum</i>), "Japanese Maple," parent of many beautiful varieties, olive green foliage, fairly quick in growth	2/6 to 10/6
N.B. A few extra heavy specimens available from 10ft. to 14ft., £5 5s. Od. to £10 10s. Od. each.	
— atropurpureum , deep bronzy purple leaves	3/6 to 10/6
*— dissectum , green to bronze fern-like foliage	3/6 to 10/6
STANDARDS 3½-4ft. stems, nice heads	
*— flavescens , finely cut leaves, green in summer, passing to yellow in autumn	3/6 to 10/6
*— ornatum variegatum , leaves divided from the margin to the mid-rib, prettily variegated white, pink and bronze	5/- to 15/-
STANDARDS 3½-4ft. stems, nice heads	
*— — purpureum , rich dark finely divided foliage	21/- to 35/-
STANDARDS 3½-4ft. stems, nice heads	
— linearilobum , green to bronze, long lance-shaped segments ...	3/6 to 15/-
*— atropurpureum , striking dark crimson foliage	3/6 to 15/-
*— palmatifidum , bright green, finely cut leaves, very handsome ...	3/6 to 15/-
— reticulatum , dark green leaves with white and yellow variegation ...	3/6 to 10/6
*— roseo-marginatum , green leaves margined rose	3/6 to 15/-
— septemlobum elegans , leaves green flushed with red turning crimson in autumn	3/6 to 15/-
— laciniatum purpureum , like <i>septemlobum purpureum</i> but with more finely cut leaves	3/6 to 10/6
— Osakazuki , leaves green in summer, turning to brilliant crimson in autumn	5/- to 10/6
— — purpureum , deep bronzy purple leaves	3/6 to 15/-
circinatum , a small tree bearing reddish-purple flowers in spring, and rich coloured foliage in Autumn ...	3/6 to 10/6
dasycarpum pyramidalis . A quick growing maple of regular pyramidal outline. Leaves pale green with the underside white ...	2/6 to 7/6
Ginnala (<i>Tartaricum</i>), small elegant pointed leaves intensely brilliant in Autumn, from China and the East ...	2/6 to 10/6
griseum . A recent introduction from China. Remarkable for its peeling bark which reveals the newer orange coloured bark as well as for its brilliant autumnal foliage. A few plants only to offer of this very rare maple ...	2/6 to 10/6
laetum aureum , distinct golden foliage. A handsome tree ...	5/- to 10/6
— rubrum (<i>colchicum rubrum</i>), highly ornamental, from the Caucasus ...	3/6 to 10/6
Negundo (<i>Negundo fraxinifolium</i>), Ash-leaved Maple, from the United States	3/6 to 10/6
— albo-variegatum , beautiful silvery variegated leaves ...	2/6 to 10/6
— aureo-variegatum , golden variegated foliage ...	3/6 to 10/6
— californica aurea , golden leaved similar in growth to <i>negundo</i> ...	3/6 to 15/-
pennsylvanicum , the "Snake Bark Maple." A beautiful ornamental small tree with peculiar silver markings striping the stem and branches. Leaves turn a deep golden yellow in Autumn ...	3/6 to 7/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

A large selection of clipped Yews and Box, see page 2 of cover.

ACER—continued.

		EACH.
PLATANOIDES, NORWAY MAPLE , a rapid grower like the Sycamore, with more attractive foliage	...	1/6 to 7/6
— <i>Drummondii</i> , leaves beautifully margined creamy white	... from	5/- to 10/6
— <i>globosum</i> , a close growing form	...	5/- to 7/6
— REITENBACHII , leaves turn brilliant red in autumn	...	12/6 to 17/6
— SCHWEDLERI , young leaves in spring a bright red becoming green as they mature	...	5/- to 10/6
PSEUDO PLATANUS, SYCAMORE, Europe, extremely hardy	...	5/- to 10/6
— <i>brilliantissima</i> , attractive rose tinted foliage in spring, handsome and distinct	...	1/6 to 21/-
— Corstorphinense (The Corstorphine Plane), leaves pale yellow when young, deepening to golden yellow in summer	...	7/6 to 21/-
— <i>Leopoldii</i> , an ornamental variegated variety	...	5/- to 10/6
— Prinz Handjery , young foliage prettily tinted pale rose and yellow, slow and compact in growth	...	5/- to 7/6
— purpureum , undersides of leaves bright purplish crimson, giving a beautiful effect of purple and green in a breeze	...	7/6
— Worlei , the golden Sycamore, young leaves of a beautiful golden colour turning green on maturity	... from	5/- to 10/6
saccharum , Sugar or Bird's Eye Maple, remarkable for the beautiful markings of its wood; from N. America	...	5/- to 10/6
		2/6 to 10/6
ACTINIDIA , little known deciduous climbing plants, useful for clothing pergolas, pillars or walls.		
D.C.L. <i>chinensis</i> , from China, large heart-shaped leaves covered densely with deep red hairs, flowers open white, turning to yellow with age, about 1½ inches in diameter, borne on short spurs. Good for a Northern aspect and succeeds around London	...	3/6 & 5/-
ESCULUS , Horse Chestnut, deciduous trees for Parks and Avenues.		
— <i>carnea (rubicunda)</i> , Red Horse Chestnut, a good feature or Avenue tree	...	7/6 to 42/-
— <i>Briotii</i> , rich crimson red flowers, makes a compact tree	...	7/6 to 21/-
Hippocastanum , Common, useful for avenue planting or park grouping	...	5/- to 42/-
INDICA . We have some fine specimen trees of this beautiful Indian Chestnut, 10-12ft., 10/6, 12-14ft., 12/6. Undoubtedly one of the finest of the Chestnuts, having handsome flower spikes, white, flushed pink, with a yellow eye. June flowering		7/6 to 10/6
— <i>parviflora (macrostachya)</i> , one of the most useful ornamental shrubs, flowering July and August	...	3/6 to 7/6
AILANTHUS .		
— <i>glandulosa</i> , Tree of Heaven, a hardy deciduous tree from Northern China. Clusters of small greenish white flowers, followed by reddish peculiarly twisted fruits	...	3/6 to 10/6
AKEBIA		
D.C.L. <i>lobata (trifoliata)</i> , a climber with elegant foliage and deep purple flowers. Partially evergreen	...	2/6
E.C.L. <i>quinata</i> , a Chinese evergreen climber with curiously coloured purplish brown or scarlet purple flowers, sweetly scented in the evenings and followed by cylindrical berries. Its twining habit renders it excellent for trellis work, and it attains about 10ft.	...	2/6
ALMOND see Prunus , page 73.		
ALNUS, Alder , a hardy deciduous native tree.		
— <i>glutinosa</i> , Common Alder, useful for moist places and the streamside	...	1/- to 3/6
— <i>laciniata</i> , leaves slender and pinnately lobed	...	3/6 to 7/6
— <i>incana incisa</i> , the most handsome of the cut leaved Alders	...	3/6 to 7/6
ALTHEA		
— <i>frutex</i> , see Hibiscus , page 60.		
AMELANCHIER , Snowy Mespilus, useful handsome deciduous trees and shrubs of limited dimensions.		
— <i>canadensis (Botryapium)</i> , N. America, snow-white flowers covering the tree, followed by crimson fruit, useful for foliage colour in autumn. Bush		3/6 to 7/6
— vulgaris , white flowers, deep purple fruit, low bushy habit; of Central and South Europe. Fine for Autumn colour	...	6/- & 7/6
		2/6 to 7/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Azaleas make a blaze of colour.

AMPELOPSIS, see *Vitis*, page 92.

AMYGDALUS, see *Prunus*, page 73.

ANDROMEDA, attractive evergreen shrubs of neat low habit, the young spring foliage of some species assume beautiful red tints in autumn. They require light peaty soil and partial shade suits them; N. America.

**STANDARD
SHRUBS AND TREES.**
For full list of varieties
grown in Standard form,
see page 31.

EACH.

E.	* <i>Catesbaei</i> (<i>Leucothoe Catesbaei</i>), pure white globose Lily of the Valley-like flowers in May; 3ft. ...	2/6 to 7/6
E.	<i>floribunda</i> (<i>Pieris floribunda</i>), branches are covered with pure white flowers in dense racemes in Spring, small dark green leaves ...	2/6 to 10/6
E.	<i>formosa</i> (<i>Pieris formosa</i>), an elegant evergreen shrub, producing white Lily of the Valley-like flowers in long racemes in May. The young foliage has a red tinge when unfolding. Requires a sheltered position ...	3/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>japonica</i> (<i>Pieris japonica</i>), thickly clothed with small dark leathery leaves and pretty waxy white flowers on pendulous branches, graceful habit; Japan ...	2/6 to 7/6
E.	*— <i>variegata</i> , one of the prettiest small growing variegated shrubs ...	2/6 to 7/6



Orders for £2 and upwards sent Carriage Paid, Packed Free, in England & Wales.

See page 4.

ANDROMEDA JAPONICA.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Everything for the garden is supplied by us, see page 3.

ANDROMEDA—continued.

		EACH.
E.	* <i>polifolia angustifolia</i> . Narrow shiny leaves, flowers pink, bell shaped, in May and June, grows about 12/15ins.	2/6 to 5/-
E.	*— <i>major</i> , low growing with lanceolate shining leaves and globose rosy white flowers	2/6 to 5/-
	<i>speciosa</i> (<i>Zenobia speciosa</i>), a distinct and attractive shrub from the South U.S.A., attaining about 4ft., and bears in profusion pure white bell shaped flowers during summer	2/6 to 5/-

ARALIA.

<i>chinensis</i> .	Chinese Angelica Tree. A fine plant whose large compound green leaves give a sub-tropical effect to the garden	2/6 & 5/-
	Extra large specimens	15/- & 21/-
— — <i>albo marginata</i> .	A handsome silver variegated form	5/- to 15/-

ARBUTUS, fine evergreens of rich dark green tone.

E.	<i>Unedo</i> , Strawberry Tree, of South Europe, white bell-shaped flowers and brilliant scarlet strawberry-like fruit	3/6 to 7/6
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ARCTOSTAPHYLOS.

* <i>uva-ursi</i> (Bear-berry), an evergreen creeping plant, having small white flowers tinged pink, followed by red berries	1/6 & 2/6
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ARISTOLOCHIA

<i>moupinensis</i> .	A vigorous deciduous climber from Western China, resembles <i>A. Sipho</i> but has slightly smaller leaves of a paler green	2/6 to 5/-
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D.C.L. <i>Sipho</i> ,	Dutchman's Pipe, a deciduous climber of rapid growth with large heart-shaped leaves and distinctly scented yellow tubular flowers, these are curved in a peculiar pipe-like fashion. Useful for pergolas, pillars or walls	2/6 to 5/-
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ARONIA, a dwarf deciduous shrub of remarkable beauty for foliage effect.

<i>arbutifolia</i> , red chokeberry.	A bushy shrub, having red berries which persist into winter. Fine autumn foliage	1/6 & 2/6
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<i>melanocarpa</i> , a graceful bush, bearing shiny jet black berries.	Brilliant red autumn foliage	1/6 to 5/-
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ARUNDINARIA, see **Bamboo** below.**ASH**, see **Fraxinus**, page 57.**ATRAGENE**, see **Clematis alpina**, page 44.**ATRIPLEX**, distinct deciduous shrubs for coastal planting and dry places.

<i>Halimus</i> , Tree Purslane, glaucous foliage of graceful drooping habit, a native of Southern Europe ...	2/-
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AUCUBA, handsome ornamental evergreen shrubs useful for town gardens, also for shady situations. Natives of Japan.

E. <i>japonica maculata</i> (female) { the popular variegated	2/6 to 5/-
E. (male) { forms	2/6 to 5/-
— — <i>vera</i> , green form, berries freely	2/6 to 5/-

AZALEA, see pages 18 to 21.**AZARA**, handsome evergreen shrubs from Chile.

E. <i>microphylla</i> , a pretty and graceful shrub with small olive green box-like foliage and orange red berries	2/6 to 7/6
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BAMBUSA, **Bamboo**. A race of elegant evergreen foliage plants from China and Japan, of immense value for landscape effect, particularly for stream-side ornamentation. They are perfectly hardy and accommodate themselves to wet or dry locations. In their pigmy, intermediate and tall growers there is ample scope for the embellishment of any garden. Botanically they are classed in three groups, **Arundinaria**, **Bambusa**, **Phyllostachys**, but are catalogued together to facilitate reference.**E ARUNDINARIA**

<i>anceps</i> , stately plume-like stems and leaves, very handsome, 15 to 20ft. ...	3/6 to 10/6
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* <i>auricoma</i> , elegant golden striped leaves, very ornamental, dwarf grower, attaining about 3ft. ...	3/6 & 5/-
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* <i>fastuosa</i> , bronzy purple mottled canes, vigorous grower, attains 20 feet ...	5/- to 10/6
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* <i>Fortunei variegata</i> , highly ornamental leaves, streaked with white, dwarf grower, about 3 feet ...	2/6 & 3/6
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<i>graminea</i> , a moderate grower, foliage vivid green, 8 feet ...	3/6 to 7/6
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<i>Hindsii</i> , long elegant leaves, dull green canes, attains about 12 feet ...	3/6 to 7/6
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<i>humilis</i> , a dwarf grower of about 3 feet, brilliant green, good spreader ...	2/6
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Our shop is at 44 London Wall, E.C.2.

ARUNDINARIA—continued.

		EACH.
	Japonica metake , Common Bamboo, attains 20 feet in favoured locations, very hardy and spreads rapidly	3/6 to 7/6
	nitida , the Queen of Bamboos, tall purplish canes gracefully arched, small soft green leaves, 10 to 15 feet, prefers shade	5/- to 10/6
	palmaria , moderately tall grower and rapid spreader, foot long, wide leaves, attains 8 to 10 feet	3/6 & 5/-
	Simoni , a tall grower with very long leaves, metallic canes, attains 16 feet	3/6 to 10/6
	* Veitchii , a dwarf grower, attaining some 2 feet, elegant narrow leaves, 2/6,	3/6 & 5/-
E. BAMBUA		
	* disticha (<i>nana</i>), vivid green leaves, dwarf, growing to about 20 inches, good for foreground	2/6 & 3/6
E. PHYLLOSTACHYS		
	aurea , a handsome species with erect pale yellow canes and glossy green leaves, attaining 10ft. to 15ft.	3/6 to 10/6
	nigra , a rapid grower with glistening black canes and bright green foliage, attains 20 feet or so	5/- to 10/6
	Quilioi , a tall grower with shining green canes, mellowing with age, 15 feet	5/- to 10/6
	viridi-glaucescens , a tall grower, attaining 20 feet, young canes are vivid green and purple, mellowing with age, very striking	5/- to 10/6

BAY, see *Laurus*, page 64.

Standards in tubs, from 21/-.

BEECH, see *Fagus* page 57, for Hedgemaking see page 96.**BENTHAMIA**, evergreen, the Nepaul Strawberry Tree, from N. India and China.**E.** **fragifera** (*syn. Cornus capitata*), covered in spring with beautiful creamy pink flowers, followed by rich scarlet strawberry-like fruit in autumn

2/6 to 5/-

BERBERIDOPSIS, evergreen, from Chile, exceedingly attractive in foliage and flower.**TE.CL.** **corallina**, Coral Barberry, a handsome evergreen climber with clusters of globular waxy coral-red flowers of great beauty, heart-shaped Barberry-like leaves. Thrives best in partially shaded warm spots in maritime localities, requires rich light loam

3/6 & 5/-

BERBERIS, many interesting additions have recently been made to this important family, which now embraces a most fascinating range of flower, foliage, and berry. Highly ornamental, they are not fastidious as to quarters, but accommodate themselves readily to ordinary conditions and are perfectly hardy. Their variety of form makes them equally useful for large or small spaces and collecting provides a delightful hobby. **For Autumn display they are unrivalled, many varieties being magnificent both in foliage and berry.** There are also many sorts which can be used for planting under trees and other difficult positions where few plants are really successful.

EACH.

E. **acuminata**, evergreen, large brownish yellow flowers long black fruit with bluish bloom

2/6 to 5/-

**BERBERIS SUBCAULIALATA.** (See page 39.)**E.** **aquifolium**, Oregon Grape, a valuable evergreen, fine foliage with beautiful autumnal tints. Fruit very abundant, black with violet-coloured bloom; from N.W. America. *Price per 100 see page 95.*

EACH.

1/- to 2/6

brevipaniculata, deciduous, flowers pale yellow, fruit ovate, terra-cotta red, very fine; from China

1/6 to 5/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked + are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

BERBERIS—continued.

E. ***candidula**, evergreen, dwarf shrubby habit, fruit purple bloomed. A suitable subject for the Rockery ...
Caroli, slow growing shrub with loose pendant racemes of yellow flowers, followed by reddish orange berries ...

TREES for SCREENING.
See page 3 of cover.

EACH.
2/6 to 5/-
2/6 to 5/-



BERBERIS DARWINII.

E.	<i>nana</i> , evergreen, a close growing rockery subject of exceedingly slow growth	1/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Fortunei</i> , evergreen, attractive blossoms in Oct. and Nov., from China	2/6 to 3/-
E.	<i>Gagnepainii</i> , evergreen, black fruit with blue bloom, lemon yellow flowers in June	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Jamesoni</i> , see <i>Wallichiana</i> .	
E.	<i>japonica</i> , evergreen, flowers lemon yellow, fragrant, purple fruit; from China and Japan	2/- to 5/-
E.	<i>Juliana</i> , new, an evergreen variety	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Knightii</i> , a stately evergreen shrub, fruit purple, glistening bright green leaves	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Levis</i> , evergreen, attractive scarlet fruit turning to jet black	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>lucida</i> , deciduous, brilliant red fruit. Attractive colour in autumn	1/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Lycium</i> (<i>syn. elegans</i>), sub-evergreen, fine purple-bloomed fruit	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>nepalensis</i> (<i>Mahonia</i>), long spikes of yellow flowers in early spring. Handsome pinnate foliage	5/- & 7/6
E.	<i>nervosa</i> , evergreen, handsome foliage, fruit purplish blue	3/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Neuberti</i> , Newbert's Hybrid Barberry, evergreen	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>pallens</i> , deciduous, <i>Vulgaris</i> type, handsome red fruit	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>polyantha</i> , a deciduous shrub, growing about 6 feet high with yellow flowers, followed by coral red fruits borne in clusters, bright green obovate leaves	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>Prattii</i> , deciduous yellow flowers followed by coral red berries and fine autumn foliage	1/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>pruinosa</i> , evergreen, handsome foliage, whitish stems and pale yellow flowers, an uncommon shrub from Yunnan	1/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>sanguinea</i> , a new evergreen form	2/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>Sargentiana</i> , evergreen, flowers pale yellow, fruit black when ripe, forms a very handsome shrub and a valuable one for autumnal colour	2/6 to 5/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Cover S. and S.W. walls with "Geanothus."

BERBERIS—continued.

E. **stenophylla**, evergreen, very free flowering, fruit bluish white, graceful pendant habit ... 2/- to 3/6
Plants 2/- each, 21/- dozen.

E. — **corallina**, of compact habit, flowers and buds yellow tinted red 2/6

E. — **gracilis**, very graceful habit, arching stems of flowers in spring and autumn, sub-evergreen 2/6 to 5/-

E. — — **compacta**, an elegant miniature form of the above 2/6 to 5/-

E.* — **Irwinii**, an evergreen of dwarf habit, suitable for Rock garden or carpeting shrubberies 2/6 to 5/-

E. — **latifolia**, a more robust form of *Stenophylla*, large rich green leaves 2/6 to 5/-

E. **subcauliflora**, a lovely new semi-evergreen Barberry from China. It forms a compact bush with graceful reflexed branches; the leaves are small and of a beautiful glaucous tint; produces coral pink berries, which are exceedingly attractive in autumn 1/6 to 3/6
Plants 1/6 each, 15/- dozen.

Thunbergii, deciduous, yellow flowers with reddish sepals, leaves turn a beautiful scarlet in autumn, a compact grower ... 2/- to 3/6
Plants 2/- each, 21/- dozen.

— **atropurpurea**, a new variety. The foliage remains a rich reddish tinge throughout the season 3/6 to 5/-

*— **minor**, very dwarf and compact, fine for autumn colour 2/- to 3/6

Unique, a very fine variety, with large, rich coral red berries in autumn. Greatly admired when exhibited 3/6 to 7/6

E.	verruculosa , a compact growing evergreen shrub attaining about 2 to 3ft., ovate leathery leaves, glaucous beneath. Flowers produced in pairs, followed by violet purple fruits; from China	... ... ...	2/6 to 5/-
	virescens , deciduous, fruit bronzy red turning black, a fine feature tree of exquisite foliage effect in autumn; Himalayan	... ... ...	1/6 & 5/-
	vulgaris purpurea , deciduous, a purple-leaved form; one of the handsomest of Berberis	... ... ...	1/6 to 3/6
E.	Wallichiana (<i>Jamesoni</i>), evergreen, primrose yellow flowers and broad dark shining leaves, of low habit; from China	... ... ...	2/6 to 5/-
*W.	Wilsonae , a splendid hardy deciduous shrub from China, of dwarf habit with much-branched stems covered densely with small leaves about $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch long, the spines are about 1 inch long and provide protection against birds when the plant is in berry; rich golden flowers and very freely produced coral red berries, excellent for autumnal effect	... Plants 1/6 each, 15/- dozen.	1/6 to 5/-
	yunnanensis , deciduous, fruit bright red, very attractive	... ... ...	2/6 to 3/6

BETULA, Birch. Elegant deciduous trees, for landscape effect, few trees are as valuable.

Delavayi Forrestii, a rare Birch from the Lichiang range

5/- to 7/6

Maximowiczii, a rare and attractive Japanese species. Large leaves, bark at first brown becoming silvery with age

3/6 to 7/6

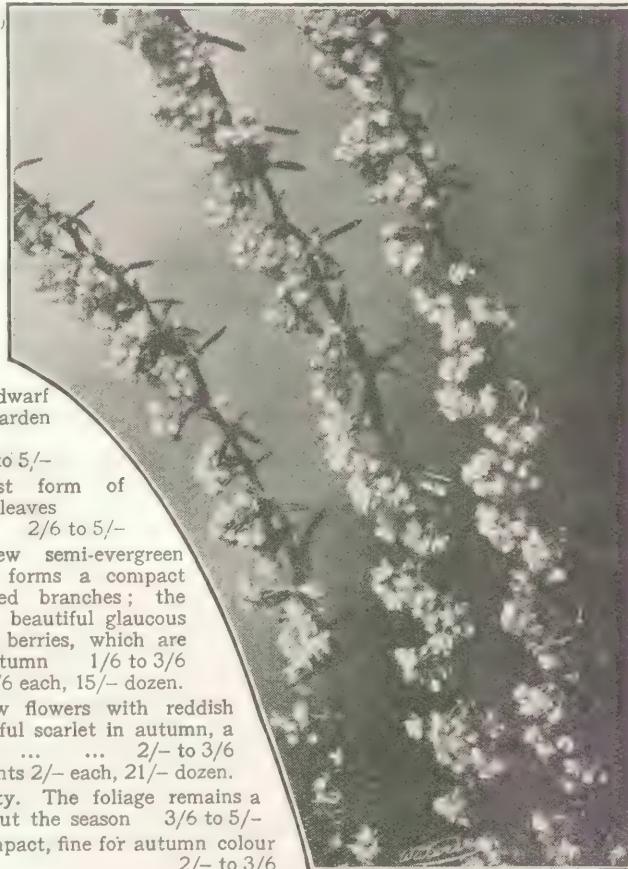
papyrifera. The paper Birch of America

2/6 to 7/6

pubescens, The White Birch, found growing wild with the Silver Birch on our English Commons, etc.

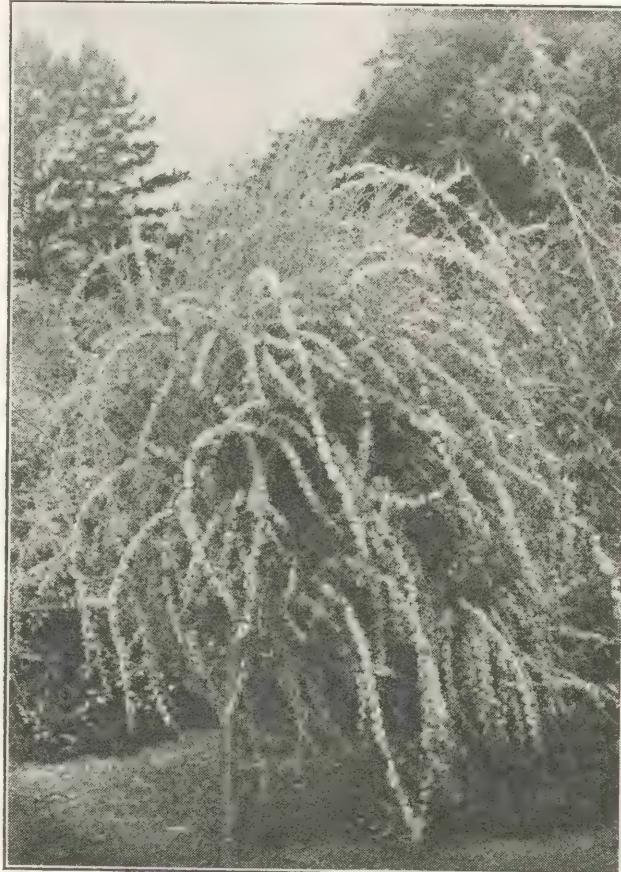
2/6 to 7/6

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BETULA—continued.

		EACH.
VERRUCOSA , The Common Silver Birch	...	2/6 to 7/6
— fastigiata . An erect growing form of the common birch	...	3/6 to 15/-
— laciniata (<i>Dalecarlica</i>), an elegant weeping tree, leaves deeply cut	...	3/6 to 21/-
— pendula , Common Weeping Birch	...	5/- to 10/6
— — Youngii , Young's Weeping Birch, very graceful habit	...	3/6 to 25/-
— purpurea , The Purple leaf Birch, distinct and beautiful	...	5/- to 21/-
BIGNONIA , see Tecoma page 88.		
BRIDGESIA , see Ercilla , page 53.		
BROOM , see Cytisus , page 49, and Genista , page 58		
BUDDLEIA , handsome deciduous shrubs, attaining 8 to 10ft. The <i>variabilis</i> are exceedingly hardy and most useful for bold effect and they should be pruned hard each spring.		
— alternifolia , long arching sprays of exquisite soft mauve flowers freely produced on old wood	...	2/6 & 3/6
† Colvillei , beautiful deep rose flowers, requires a somewhat sheltered spot; from Sikkim	...	3/6 & 5/-
globosa , Orange Ball Tree, globular heads of orange yellow flower, require somewhat sheltered spot; from Chile	...	2/6
Lindleyana , terminal spikes of reddish purple flowers, very free; from China and Japan	...	2/6 & 3/6



Buddleia alternifolia.

variabilis amplissima , a fine variety, long panicles of deep mauve flowers	...	2/6
— magnifica , long racemes of deep rosy purple flowers ; from China	...	2/6
— Nanhoensis , dwarf growing form of spreading habit, with bright mauve pink flowers, from W. China	...	2/6
— Pink Pearl , dense trusses of pale lilac, pink flowers with soft yellow eye	...	2/6
— superba , long racemes of purplish flowers	...	2/6
— Veitchiana , bright mauve flowers in long elegant racemes	...	2/6

BUTCHER'S BROOM, see **Ruscus**, page 84.

BUXUS, Box. Valuable evergreens of accommodating nature, useful for all kinds of formal gardening.

		EACH.
E.	balearica , Minorca Box, yellowish green leaves about 2 inches long	2/6 to 5/-
E.	Japonica aurea , beautiful golden variety, compact habit	2/6 to 5/-
E.	sempervirens , Tree Box, thrives well in chalky soils and under the shade of trees, see also <i>Shrubs for Hedges</i> , page 95	2/6 to 5/-
—	elegantissima , a dwarf kind with silver striped leaves	2/6 to 5/-
—	Handsworthii , an upright form with large leaves	2/6 to 5/-
—	suffruticosa , Edging Box	2/6 to 5/-
—	thymifolia (<i>rosmarinifolia</i>), small Thyme-like leaves	2/6 to 5/-



We have also a fine collection of Standard Green Box, and clipped specimens in various designs, very suitable for Terraces, formal Gardens, &c.

Prices on application.



TCÆSALPINIA, an uncommon deciduous shrub from Japan.

japonica, the branches are covered with curious spines, very graceful fern-like foliage and bright golden yellow flowers in erect panicles; makes a splendid wall plant

3/6 to 7/6

CALLICARPA, a distinct and ornamental deciduous shrub.

Giraldiana, purple coloured berries in autumn

2/6 to 7/6

CALYCANTHUS, deciduous shrubs from the Western Hemisphere, valuable for their sweetly-scented flowers.

floridus, Allspice, deep purple scented flowers, requires a cool moist soil

2/6 to 5/-

praecox (*Chimonanthus fragrans*) yellowish white flowers in December and January, delightfully scented, should be planted against a wall

2/6 to 5/-

CALLUNA, see **Erica**, page 54.

E. **CAMELLIA**. These beautiful evergreen shrubs are far hardier than is generally supposed and can be successfully planted to great effect out of doors in sheltered positions. The varieties we offer are sturdy, well-ripened plants of our own growing at Bagshot and are supplied in pots.

Chandleri elegans, bright cerise pink, semi-double flowers, a well-known favourite

7/6 to 10/6

Jupiter, rich carmine red with conspicuous yellow stamens, semi-double

7/6 to 10/6

Lady Clare, enormous flowers of a warm rose pink, A.M., R.H.S.

10/6 to 21/-

Latifolia, large semi-double salmon-red flowers with yellow stamens from

10/6

Opollo, large pink double flowers

7/6 to 10/6

Magnoliaeflora, semi-double soft pink flowers of medium size, rare

10/6 to 21/-

Marguerite Guillou, double flowers, pale pink flaked rose

7/6 to 10/6

Mars, deep red, double flowers, very free and effective

7/6 to 10/6

Nobilissima, double pure white flowers

7/6 to 10/6

reticulata, one of the finest of all *Camellias* and excellent for a warm wall.

Long dull green leaves showing off beautiful soft deep rose flowers 4-5ins. across, with a cluster of golden stamens

Plants in 7in. pots, 12-15in.

10/6

Souv. de Mme. Francillon, full double crimson flowers, remarkable for the symmetrical arrangement of the petals

7/6 to 15/-

Sasanqua. Autumn flowering form, single red flowers, freely borne in

October and November. A valuable Autumn flowering hardy shrub

7/6 to 15/-

Valevaredo, double pink

7/6 to 10/6

CARPENTARIA

E. **californica**, a very beautiful free flowering evergreen, producing large

Anemone-like pure white flowers with conspicuous yellow stamens.

A splendid subject for the foot of west or south-west walls in a half shady corner

2/6 & 3/6

CARPINUS Betulus (Hornbeam), a very valuable deciduous tree, developing attractive Autumn tints. We have a fine stock of this handsome native tree

STANDARDS

4/6 to 7/6

Betulus pyramidalis, a handsome tree of regular pyramidal outline. It makes

a beautiful symmetrical specimen and when better known will be more extensively planted

5/- to 10/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

CARYOPTERIS , a deciduous shrub of limited dimensions, from China, flowering in Autumn.		EACH.
<i>Clandonensis</i> , a new hybrid, of good habit	...	2/6
†* <i>mastacanthus</i> , Blue Spiraea, silvery green foliage, rich lavender blue flowers, likes a sunny spot	...	2/6
CASTANEA , handsome deciduous Trees for large area planting.		
<i>sativa</i> , Spanish Chestnut, produces large spiny fruits, makes a fine park tree	...	2/6 to 5/-
CATALPA , deciduous trees of great ornamental value, summer flowering.		
<i>bignonioides</i> (syringæfolia) Indian Bean, white tubular bell shaped flowers, streaked and speckled yellow and purple; from the United States. Well grown trees from 6 to 8 feet high	...	5/- to 10/6
— <i>aurea</i> , a beautiful golden-leaved variety	...	5/- to 10/6
<i>Bungei</i> , large greenish yellow flowers with brown spots; from China	...	5/- to 10/6
<i>japonica</i> , pure white, scented flowers; from Japan	...	5/- to 10/6
		CATALPA BIGNONIOIDES.
† CEANOTHUS , exceedingly handsome evergreen and sub-evergreen shrubs for covering walls, buildings, etc. The hybrid varieties, i.e., <i>Ceres</i> , etc., should be pruned in spring. Natives of the Southern United States.		EACH.
<i>autumnalis</i> , blue flowers in Spring, and again in Autumn	...	5/-
<i>Burkwoodii</i> , indigo-blue flowers in Spring. Flowers also appear in Autumn	...	5/-
<i>azureus</i> , very large spikes of pale blue flowers produced through summer and autumn	...	2/-
<i>divaricatus</i> , large spikes of bright blue flowers	...	3/-
<i>floribunda</i> , a vigorous grower and very floriferous in April and May	...	3/-
<i>hybridus Albert Petit</i> , pink in handsome spikes	...	
— <i>Ceres</i> , pink of an attractive shade, profuse	...	
— GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES , beautiful lavender blue spikes		
(see illustration page 43)	...	27/- per doz.
— <i>Marie Simon</i> , pale lilac rose	...	
— <i>Pinguet Guindon</i> , lilaceous pink flowers in large heads, very free	...	
<i>papillosum</i> , rapid grower, attractive blue	...	
<i>rigidus</i> , violet blue ball-like flowers in April and May (see illus. page 30)	...	
<i>Russelianus</i> , bright blue, very attractive	...	
<i>Veitchianus</i> , smothered with bright blue flowers in April and May, neat dark green leaves, the best of the group	...	
		3/-
CELASTRUS		
D.C.L. <i>articulatus</i> , a vigorous deciduous climber, at its best during November and December when covered with its wealth of gold and scarlet fruits	...	2/6 & 3/6
D.C.L. <i>scandens</i> , Bitter Sweet, a climbing spindle tree with distinct glossy foliage, pale yellow leaves and showy scarlet fruit in Autumn, useful for arches or tree trunks. Deciduous; N. America	...	2/6
CERASUS , see Prunus , page 73.		
CERATOSTIGMA		
<i>Willmottiana</i> , a valuable deciduous shrub from China, attaining about 4 feet. The foliage is attractive and the whole shrub is for a long period spangled with glorious brilliant plumbago-blue flowers. Likes full sun and thrives in almost any soil	...	1/6 & 2/6
CERCIDIPHYLLUM , a rare deciduous tree from China and Japan.		
<i>japonicum</i> , fine heart-shaped leaves, assuming rich autumnal colourings	...	2/6 to 10/6
— var. <i>sinensis</i> , larger leaves than the above and consistently more brilliant in autumn foliage	...	10/6
		3/6 to 10/6

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Waterers Roses and Fruit Trees, see Special Catalogue.



CERCIS. Deciduous flowering trees of great beauty, flowering freely in sunny positions.	EACH.
siliquastrum , Judas Tree, attains a height of 10 feet or more, bushy habit, round bluish green leaves and rosy purple flowers in May and June. A native of S.W. Europe and the Orient	3/6 to 7/6
CHAMAECERASUS	
<i>Maximowiczii</i> , see Lonicera , page 65.	
CHERRY , flowering, see Prunus , page 73.	
CHESTNUT , see AESCRULUS , page 34, and CASTANEA , page 42.	
CHIMONANTHUS	
<i>fragrans</i> , see Calycanthus praecox , page 41.	
CHIONANTHUS	
<i>virginica</i> , the Fringe Tree of Virginia, deciduous, produces in May graceful panicles of fragrant white flowers	3/6 to 7/6
CHOISYA , Mexican Orange Blossom .	
E. <i>ternata</i> , a very beautiful evergreen shrub, with clusters of sweet scented pure white flowers, very rich glistening leaves. Flowering from Feb. to June	2/6 to 5/-

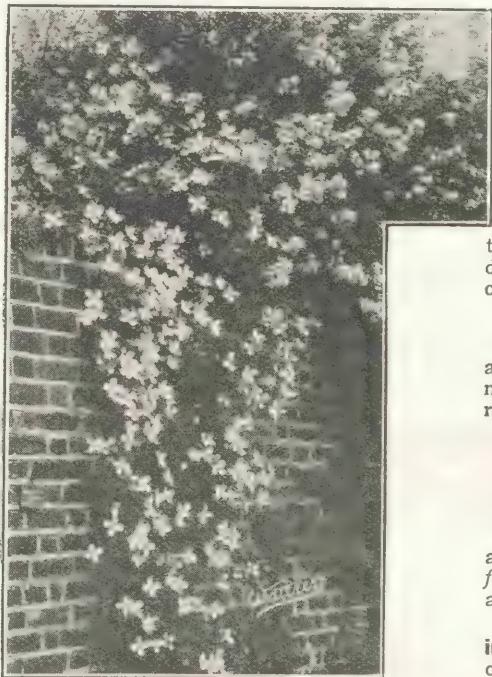


CEANOHTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES. (See page 42.)

CISTUS, Rock Rose.	Varieties 1/- each, 10/- per dozen.	
* <i>algarvensis</i> , bright yellow, with maroon spot; 1½ft.	...	1/-
* <i>florentinus</i> , dwarf-spreading plant with a profusion of large white flowers, requires a somewhat warm position	...	1/-
* <i>formosus</i> , flowers bright rich yellow, dark chocolate spot	...	1/-
*— <i>unicolor</i> , bright yellow flowers...	...	1/-
* <i>halimifolius</i> (<i>Helianthemum</i>), bright yellow flowers, grey foliage	...	1/-
<i>laurifolius</i> (Laurel-leaved Rock Rose), large flowers, white, quite hardy	...	1/- to 2/6
* <i>obtusifolius</i> , large white, very free, very hardy	...	1/-
<i>purpureus</i> (true), the finest of all, reddish purple flowers, spotted dark purple at base of petals	...	1/-
Silver-Pink (new), flowers beautiful light pink, 2ft.	...	1/-
Sunset , bright rose flowers...	...	1/-

CITRUS, Orange.	*<i>trifoliata</i> (<i>Aegle sepiaria</i>), Japanese Bitter Orange, an ornamental shrub with white flowers, the branches carry stiff spines	3/6 to 7/6
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CLEMATIS SPOONERI. (See page 45.)

and tied in the following Winter where necessary.

The varieties marked **B.** should have all useless and twiggy growths **cut away in February or March** and weak growths pruned back to two or three pairs of eyes, while the stronger growths should be slightly shortened in varying proportion according to the vigour of the shoot, so as to leave a well-balanced plant for flowering from top to bottom.

PRICE 3/- each, except where priced.

												EACH.
A.	Albert Victor , deep lavender, pale bar, spring flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6
	alpina (<i>Syn. Atragene alpina</i>), blue, summer flowering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6
	— alba , a white form of above, very pretty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6
	— rosea , a form with delicate pink flowers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6
A.	Andersoni Henryi , beautiful creamy white, summer flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
E.	Armandi , a distinct species, with pure white flowers, 2 inches in diameter, evergreen foliage, spring flowering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6
A.	Belle of Woking , double flowers of silvery mauve	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Comtesse de Bouchard , beautiful satiny rose, summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Crimson King , large crimson flowers, summer flowering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6
B.	Daniel Deronda , large flowers of a deep bluish violet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Duchess of Albany , bright pink, deepening at centre, summer flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
A.	Duchess of Edinburgh , double white, free flowering, sweetly scented, the best double white, summer flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
A.	Edith Jackman , white, spring flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Edouarde Desfosse , mauve lilac with dark stamens	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Fairy Queen , pale flesh with striking pink bar, summer flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Flammula (Virgin's Bower), white, sweet scented, late summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	— rubra marginata , white, red margin, late summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Gypsy Queen , bright velvety purple, late summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	— grata , a charming small flowering species, blue in the bud with a white interior.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	— graveolens , yellow, late summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Jackmani , deep violet purple, very free flowering, summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	— alba , a white variety of preceding, summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	— rubra , a free flowering red form of <i>Clematis Jackmani</i>.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	— superba , dark violet purple; improvement on type, summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Kermesina , bright red, free growing, summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Lady Betty Balfour , deep velvety purple, summer and autumn flowering.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B.	Lady Northcliffe , beautiful deep lavender, tinted bright blue with purple bar and white stems, summer flowering.

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SHRUBS & CLIMBERS for covering Walls, Buildings, etc.
See pages 28 to 31.

CLEMATIS (Deciduous Climber).

The best time for planting on light soils and around buildings is during October and November. On heavy soils and in other situations, Spring planting is preferable, though being grown in pots it may safely be done during favourable weather at any time of the year.

PRUNING AND CULTIVATION.

They thrive in any good garden soil and are much benefited by a mulch of well decayed manure in Spring. The section divides itself roughly into two groups:—

- A. Those that flower from the ripened wood of the previous season's growth.
- B. Those that flower from the current summer growth.

Under **A.** are the well-known *C. montana* and its varieties and those of the *patens* and *florida* type. Under **B.** come *C. Jackmanni* and similar varieties.

The varieties marked **A.** should be **pruned immediately after flowering**. This consists of cutting back useless growths that have just flowered, to encourage strong, healthy shoots to develop for next season's flowering. These growths should be thinned

CLEMATIS—continued.		3/- each except where priced.	EACH.
B.	<i>lanuginosa</i> , flowers of clear lavender.		
B.	<i>Lasurstern</i> , bright lavender blue	...	...
B.	<i>Lord Nevill</i> , rich deep plum colour, summer flowering.		
B.	<i>Madame Baron Veillard</i> , lovely pale lilac rose, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>Madame Edouard Andre</i> , bright velvety red, free flowering, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>Madame Grange</i> , crimson violet, red bar, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>Madame le Couture</i> , pure white, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>Madame Van Houtte</i> , large white flowers.		
A.	<i>Miss Bateman</i> , white, with chocolate red anthers, spring flowering.		
A.	<i>montana</i> , white, small stellate flowers but exceedingly free, spring flowering		
A.—	<i>grandiflora</i> , a fine larger-flowered form of above, spring flowering	...	2/-
A.—	<i>rubens</i> , soft rosy red, spring flowering	...	2/6
A.—	<i>perfecta</i> , a very effective climber with enormous white flowers of perfect form, spring flowering	...	2/6
A.—	<i>Wilsonii</i> , white, summer flowering	...	2/6
B.	<i>Mrs. Cholmondeley</i> , soft pale lavender blue, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>Mrs. Hope</i> , satiny mauve with deep bar.		
B.	<i>Nellie Moser</i> , white flowers, tinted pink, deep carmine bar, spring flowering		
B.	<i>paniculata</i> , autumn flowering, white, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>Perle d'Azur</i> , a distinct pale azure with pearly sheen, summer and autumn flowering		
A.	<i>President</i> , purple, suffused with claret, spring flowering.		
B.	<i>Purpurea elegans plena</i> , double, garnet purple, summer flowering.		
B.	<i>Sensation</i> , rich satin mauve, summer flowering.		
A.	<i>Sir Garnet Wolseley</i> , biuish ground with a dash of bronze, distinct plum-red bar, spring flowering.		
A.	<i>Spooneri</i> , A Chinese species allied to <i>Clematis montana</i> but with larger flowers. Pure white, a vigorous climber. See illustration page 44	...	2/5
A.—	<i>rosea</i> , a pretty pink-flowering form of the above	...	2/6
B.	<i>Star of India</i> , reddish violet purple, red bars, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>tangutica obtusiuscula</i> , deep golden yellow, a new Chinese species, autumn flowering	...	2/6
A.	<i>Venus V. trix</i> , delicate lavender.		
B.	<i>Ville de Lyon</i> , bright carmine red, deeper round edge, summer and autumn flowering.		
B.	<i>vitalba</i> (Traveller's Joy), the old favourite of the hedgerows	...	2/-
B.	<i>W. E. Gladstone</i> , large flowers of a beautiful lilac mauve	...	
B.	<i>William Kennett</i> , deep lavender, very free flowering, summer.		
CLERODENDRON , beautiful desiduous flowering shrubs from China and Japan.			
	<i>trichotomum</i> , masses of red and white fragrant flowers, a strong grower in a sunny spot	...	2/6 to 7/6
—	<i>Fargesii</i> , flowers white, fragrant, followed by blue berries	...	2/6 to 5/-
—	<i>var. montanum</i> , rare, a fine form with white fragrant flowers followed by turquoise-blue fruits	...	3/6
CLETHRUM			
	<i>alnifolia</i> , the Sweet Pepper Bush, a deciduous shrub of great hardiness from N. America with leaves like an Alder. Creamy white flowers are borne at the branch tips in the middle of summer, revels in moist boggy places, attains about 5ft.	...	2/6 to 3/6
	<i>barbinervis</i> , a deciduous flowering shrub 3 to 5ft. high, bearing terminal clusters of white flowers from July to September. Requires a light soil and sheltered position	...	2/6 & 3/6
	<i>Delavayi</i> , a rare magnificent Chinese species growing 8 to 10ft. Long spikes of Lily of the Valley like flowers	...	7/6
COLLETIA , a native of Uruguay, forms a large evergreen shrub.			
	<i>armata</i> , long, rigid, sharply pointed spines, bears a profusion of white flowers in August and September, 8ft.	...	3/6 to 5/-
E.	<i>cruciata</i> (syn. <i>horrida</i> , <i>ferox</i> , <i>bicondensis</i> , <i>spinosa</i> , etc.) produces in profusion during the summer small white sweet-scented flowers. June and July	...	3/6 to 7/6
COLUTEA			
	<i>arborescens</i> , Bladder Senna, a deciduous shrub found on M. Vesuvius, yellow pea-like flowers in late summer, followed by red tinted bladder-like pods	...	1/6 to 2/6
COMPTONIA			
	<i>asplenifolia</i> , Cut-leaved Myrica, delightfully fragrant fern-like foliage, a deciduous North American shrub	...	3/6 & 5/-
CORNUS , Dogwood.			
	A valuable family of deciduous shrubs which looks particularly picturesque in Winter due to their coloured stems.		
	<i>alba atrosanguinea</i> , a form with bright crimson stems	...	1/- to 2/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

"Clematis Montana" for spring effect on pergolas.

CORNUS—continued.		EACH.
alba Spathii, beautiful golden foliage	...	2/6 to 5/-
— elegantissima (variegata), leaves attractively variegated with white	...	5/- & 7/6
controversa, a small tree, producing its horizontal branches in tiers. A native of Japan, this tree presents a peculiarly oriental effect	...	2/6 to 5/-
florida, makes an attractive flowering tree of small dimensions with creamy white flowers (bracts) in May, foliage turns rosy pink in autumn	...	5/- & 7/6
— rubra, vigorous, cream flowers surrounded by red bracts, crimson foliage in autumn	...	3/6 to 15/-
Kousa (<i>Benthamia japonica</i>), ivory white flowers, autumn foliage tints	...	2/6 & 3/6
mas, brilliant yellow blooms, flowering in February	...	3/6
Nuttallii, one of the best of the Cornus family. The large petal-like bracts are cream passing to pink and are borne in Summer	...	2/6 to 7/6
stolonifera flaviramea, rich golden yellow bark, very handsome for winter effect	...	1/6 & 2/6
COROKIA , picturesque evergreen shrubs of minute dimensions suitable for Rockeries.		5/- to 10/6
E. † <i>buddleoides</i> , a rare species. Leaves silvery underneath, yellow flowers followed by red fruits	...	1/6 to 2/6
E. * <i>cotoneaster</i> , a dwarf New Zealand shrub with twisted branches, underside of leaves white, small yellow flowers followed by red berries	...	2/6 & 3/6
E. * <i>virgata</i> , brown stems with narrow leaves with white reflex, the growth is peculiarly twisted	...	2/6 to 7/6
CORONILLA		2/6
Emerus, Scorpion Senna, a free growing deciduous shrub, bearing profusely yellow and red pea shaped blossoms, requires a well drained warm spot. S. Europe	...	2/6
CORTADERIA (<i>Gynerium</i>), Pampas Grass, producing tall elegant feathery plumes which remain attractive until winter. A handsome subject for bold grouping.		1/-
argentea, the popular form with silvery plumes	...	1/- per doz. 10/-
— SUNNINGDALE SILVER, a fine variety with large silvery plumes, attains 8 to 9ft.	...	2/6
CORYLOPSIS		2/6
pauciflora, a neat compact shrub, bearing primrose yellow flowers in early spring just before the foliage develops. Grows 3½ to 4ft.	...	3/6 to 5/6
spicata, racemes of primrose flowers early in Spring. Attains 6 to 7ft.	...	3/6 & 5/-
Veitchiana, a fairly vigorous shrub with primrose yellow, fragrant flowers in pendant racemes, produced just before the leaves appear in April	...	5/- to 10/6
Willmottiae, similar to Veitchiana but with sulphur yellow, fragrant flowers	...	5/- to 7/6
CORYLUS . Nut. Deciduous shrubs valuable for foliage colouring.		2/6 to 5/-
avellana aurea, golden leaves	...	2/6 to 5/-
— contorta, a curiously twisted form, presenting a unique appearance	...	2/6 to 5/-
— maxima atropurpurea, Purple Nut, large shining purple leaves	...	2/6 to 5/-
COTONEASTER , a very valuable family of deciduous and evergreen shrubs, their berry effects in autumn are most useful.		2/6 to 5/-
*adpressa, a dwarf, close, rigid growing shrub, having red berries and coloured foliage in late autumn and early winter. A gem for the rockery	...	2/6 & 3/6
E. amoena, a Chinese species of neat and compact growth bearing a profusion of small red berries	...	7/6
E. angustifolia (<i>Pyracantha angustifolia</i>), orange yellow berries in large clusters, evergreen, suitable for a North wall	...	2/6 to 5/-
BULLATA, deciduous. Bears a profusion of bright red fruits in autumn	...	1/6 to 7/6
E. Crispii, a new hybrid resembling <i>C. pannosa</i> but grows into a larger bush, retaining its mass of glossy red berries late into the winter	...	6/- to 10/6
Dieliana (<i>applanata</i>), deciduous, the leaves are dark green above and covered with a grey tomentum beneath; produces in great profusion brilliant scarlet berries, which are retained far into the winter months, graceful habit, attains 8 to 10ft; from China	...	2/6 to 5/-
— elegans, a light and more elegant variety than the type	...	2/6 to 5/-
divaricata, a new plant from China, dark red ovoid fruit, deciduous, makes a tall elegant shrub	...	2/6 to 5/-
E. Franchetti, a new Chinese evergreen form with broad leaves, orange scarlet berries, makes a vigorous shrub of about 6ft.	...	2/6 & 3/6
Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.		
Cornus atrosanguinea and stolinifera flaviramea are fine subjects for WINTER BARK		
EFFECT. Special quotations for quantity.		

COTONEASTER—continued.

		EACH.
	<i>frigida</i> , a deciduous tree of great beauty, white flowers, scarlet berries freely produced, of spreading habit, the fruit is much sought after by birds; Himalayan	2/6 to 5/-
	HOOKERI (<i>disticha</i>), a semi-evergreen species, retaining its bright red fruits and leaves well into March	1/6 to 5/- 5/- & 7/6
	HORIZONTALIS , sub-evergreen, Himalayan, bright vermillion berries, a distinct and attractive form for a wall. Leaves colour beautifully in autumn	2/6 to 5/- 7/6
E.	*humifusa (<i>Dammeri</i>), white flowers, succeeded by scarlet fruit, a creeping evergreen for the Rockery, attractive autumnal colours. Central China	2/6 & 3/6
	melanocarpa laxiflora , erect deciduous shrub 5 to 7ft. Fruits at first red then black. Foliage colours before falling	2/6 to 5/-
E.	*microphylla , white flowers, followed by crimson berries, evergreen, a good Rockery or wall subject, Himalayan	1/6 to 3/6 7/6
	*—glacialis , a fine form for the rockery, glossy green foliage, bright scarlet red fruit	2/6
	*—minima , a miniature variation of the above	2/6
	multiflora (<i>reflexa</i>), deciduous, hawthorn-like bloom, abundantly borne in spring. Dull red fruits, suitable for a wall, new; from China	2/6 to 5/-
E.	pannosa , an uncommon evergreen of vigorous habit from Yunnan, attains about 5ft., ovate, inch long leaves, small white flowers in corymbs, freely produced and followed by bright red berries	2/6 to 5/-
E.	prostrata , a Himalayan evergreen of prostrate habit	2/6 to 5/- 2/6 to 5/-



COTONEASTER SALICIFOLIA FLOCCOSA.

E.	*pyrenaica , a prostrate form of <i>congesta</i> , evergreen, good colour, neat and restricted habit; Himalayan	2/6 to 5/-
E.	rugosa Henryi , evergreen, a new introduction from China, producing bright green leaves, which are distinctly veined and channelled. In the autumn rich crimson orange berries are freely produced in clusters	2/6 to 5/-
E.	salicifolia floccosa , an evergreen of very attractive features, bright green leathery foliage carrying numerous flowers, fruit bright scarlet, attains 8 to 10ft. Chinese	2/6 to 3/6 3/6 to 7/6
E.	serotina , a rare and handsome evergreen, the berries colour late in autumn	1/- to 2/6
E.	Simonsii , from the Khasia mountains, produces abundantly brilliant red berries, a robust and useful evergreen, will suit either shrubbery or wall	5/- & 7/6
	STANDARDS , 3½ to 4ft. stems.	

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

“Cotoneaster” for bright autumn berry effects.

FOR
Bright Red
Berries in
Winter

the effects of
Cotoneasters are
unsurpassed.

Grown as standards they make
most novel and
attractive speci-
mens.

Standards
from 5/-.

See also page 29 for
Berry Bearing
Shrubs, etc.

COTONEASTER—continued.

EACH.



COTONEASTER WATERERI.

CRATAEGO-MESPILUS grandiflorus. A hybrid between *Crataegus Monogyna* and the Common Medlar. A very floriferous and luxuriantly leafy tree, flowering end of May. White, makes a fine "specimen" tree ... 5/- to 10/6

CRATAEGUS (Thorn or May)

Thorns are deservedly popular, being one of the easiest shrubs to grow. They are very beautiful and make a splendid show during the spring months, while many others are extremely useful for their fine berry and foliage effects in autumn	STANDARDS	5/- to 7/6
azarolus , a vigorous deciduous tree forming a spreading head, flowers white, sweet-scented, fruit large of an attractive red shade; South Europe ...	Pyramids	3/6 to 7/6
CARRIEREI , large cherry-like fruit and large leaves	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
coccinea , makes a fine tree with spreading head, large showy fruit retained well into the late months. White flowers	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
cordata , "The Washington Thorn," a handsome species, bearing scarlet crimson berries, which persist well into winter	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
Crus Galli , Cockspur Thorn of North America, showy white flowers, followed by deep red berries, long curved spines are prominent	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
durobrivensis , an ornamental shrub or small tree 10-15ft. Remarkable for its large handsome fruits, which persist after the leaves have fallen	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
FERENTARIA . A highly ornamental thorn of moderate growth. Remarkable for its profusion of bright red fruits in autumn	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
Maskei , double pale rose flowers, quite distinct	... ... ...	5/- to 7/6
mollis ("Red Haw"), a fine tree, up to 30ft. Conspicuous when in flower, also when covered with its downy red fruits	... ... ...	5/- to 7/6
orientalis , a beautiful oriental species with handsome coral or yellowish red fruits. Attains 15 to 20ft.	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
— var. sanguinea , downy green foliage, reddish purple fruits	... ...	3/6 to 7/6
Oxyantha , Common Hawthorn or Quick, makes a sturdy hedge (for quantity rates see <i>Quick</i> page 96).	... ...	3/6 to 7/6
— flore pleno albo , Double White Thorn	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
— — — roseo , Double Pink Thorn	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
— pendula , semi-weeping habit	... ... ...	7/6 to 10/6
— praecox , The Glastonbury Thorn	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
— puniceo , Single Scarlet Thorn	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6
— PUNICEO FLORE PLENO , Paul's Double Scarlet Thorn	... ...	3/6 to 7/6
prunifolia (<i>crus galli splendens</i>), similar to <i>C. crus galli</i> , but distinguished by its larger fruits and the fine autumn tints of its leaves	... ...	3/6 to 7/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

For Bulbs, Roses and Fruit Trees, ask for special Catalogue.

CRINODENDRON (Tricuspidaria).

		EACH
E. <i>†dependens</i> , an attractive evergreen shrub from Chile, flowers creamy white bells, best in a sheltered spot	...	2/6 to 5/6
E. <i>†Hookerii</i> , an exceedingly handsome Chilian shrub with crimson flowers, should have shelter	...	3/6 to 10/6

CURRENT flowering, see *Ribes*, page 82.

CYDONIA, these early flowering deciduous shrubs are exceedingly useful for **walls** and are showy when little else is in bloom. We are in a position to supply all Cydonias **on their own roots**, thus ensuring no trouble from strong sucker growth.

japonica (*Pyrus japonica*),

Japanese Quince, the familiar "Japonica," an excellent companion for *Jasminum nudiflorum* ...

— *atro-coccinea*, flowers bright crimson scarlet

— *CARDINALIS*, large crimson scarlet flowers

— *MACROCARPA*, large crimson flowers with extra large fruits ...

— *Moerloesii*, (the "Apple Blossom" *Japonica*), a beautiful pink and white form ...

— *nivalis*, large snow white flowers ...

— *rosea*, delicate rose-pink flowers

— *flora pleno*, pretty double deep pink flowers of a particularly pleasing shade ...

— *UMBILICATA*, large rich rose pink flowers ...

**Maulei*, a very beautiful shrub from Japan, for nearly any position; it is covered from early March to end of May with orange scarlet flowers ...

*— *alba*, an effective white variety ...

*— *KNAPP HILL SCARLET*, rich salmon scarlet blossoms ...

— *Simonii*, a fairly dwarf grower, with deep blood red flowers ...

— *superba*, scarlet flower, larger and deeper than *Maulei* ...

Sargentii, flowers brick red, habit compact, free flowering ...

EACH.

2/6 to 3/6

2/6 to 3/6

3/6 & 5/-

2/6 to 3/6

2/6 to 3/6

2/6 to 3/6

— *flora pleno*, pretty double deep pink flowers of a particularly pleasing shade ...

— *UMBILICATA*, large rich rose pink flowers ...

CYDONIA JAPONICA.

EACH.

2/6 to 3/6

3/6 to 5/-

2/6 to 3/6

2/6 to 3/6

2/6 to 3/6

3/6 to 5/-

2/6 to 3/6

3/6 to 5/-

2/6 to 3/6

3/6 to 5/-

3/6 to 5/-

2/6 to 3/6

CYTISUS—continued.

		EACH.
albus, Portugal Broom, white flowers in May and June, very free, attains 6ft. or more	...	1/6
Beani (<i>ardoini</i> × <i>purgans</i>), semi-prostrate habit, deep yellow flowers, 1½ft.	...	2/6
† kewensis , long trailing growths covered with cream coloured flowers	...	2/6
monspessulanus , bright yellow flowers in short umbels, in May; 5 to 6 feet	...	2/-
nigricans , golden yellow flowers, summer flowering, erect habit	...	1/6
† praecox , creamy sulphur, very early (see illustration page 49)	...	2/6
— alba , pure white flowers	...	2/6
† purgans , yellow flowers produced in summer, sparsely foliaged	...	2/-
scoparius , Yellow Broom, very effective bright golden yellow blossoms, thrives on poor soils	...	1/6
— Andreanus , remarkable for the rich brownish purple or crimson centre to the yellow flowers	...	2/6
— Burkwoodii (NEW), rich velvety crimson	...	5/-
†— Cornish Cream , a new variety (raised by Mr. P. D. Williams, Cornwall), producing a profusion of cream coloured flowers with yellow keels. A good grower	...	2/6
— Daisy Hill , sulphur shaded with rose, very attractive	...	2/6
†— Dallimorei , ruby rose, shaded mauve, flowers in May and June, forms a dense bush	...	2/6
†— Donald Seedling , a very beautiful variety being most vigorous and upright. Very distinct making perfect shaped specimens; colour, standards outside garnet, paling with age, inside greyish white; wings garnet, streaked with deep yellow	...	3/6
†— Dorothy Walpole (NEW), A.M., R.H.S., rich velvety crimson wings with rose coloured standards. The general effect is of warm rich crimson. Hardy, vigorous and free flowering. The richest coloured Broom yet raised	...	STANDARDS 10/6.
†— Firefly , yellow crimson and bronze flowers	...	3/6
— Fulgens , rich crimson and orange, very distinct	...	2/6
— Hibernia (NEW), a striking combination of vivid orange, scarlet and rose	...	2/6
— Lady Moore (NEW), the wings and keel of the flowers are a rich fiery red with standards of a yellowish buff with a rose tinted reverse	...	3/6
†— Lord Lambourne (NEW), vivid crimson scarlet wings with standards pale cream. A striking combination	...	3/6
†— pallidus , Moonlight Broom, an exquisite sulphur yellow Broom (see also Genista page 58, and for Spanish Broom see Spartium page 85.)	...	2/6

† Standards can be supplied 7/6 each.

DABOECIA, effective evergreen shrubs suitable for the Rockery. They require moist peaty soil and associate well with Rhododendrons and Azaleas, making an excellent foreground and flowering from July to October.

**ORDERS FOR £2 AND UPWARDS
SENT CARRIAGE PAID, PACKED
FREE, IN ENGLAND AND WALES.**

See page 4.

E.	* polifolia , St. Dabeoc's Heath, large elegant drooping pink bells on erect stems, somewhat spreading habit, the leaves are silvery on the undersides	...	...	...	...	...	per doz. 10/-	1/-
E.	*— alba , pure white flowers, otherwise like the above	...	...	...	...	...	per doz. 10/-	1/-
E.	*— atropurpurea , crimson purple flowers in great profusion	...	...	...	...	...	per doz. 10/-	1/-

DANAE.

E.	Laurus (<i>Ruscus Racemosus</i>), The Alexandrian Laurel, beautiful rich glossy foliage, valuable for indoor decoration, small greenish yellow flowers, a native of Persia, evergreen, requires partial shade	2/6
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DAPHNE, fragrant free-flowering dwarf shrubs.

E.	alpina , an alpine form with fragrant white flowers	2/6
E.	* Blagayana , sweet scented white flowers, evergreen, very rare; requires a good light soil	...	...	...	...	...	25/- per doz.	2/6
E.	* caucasica , a scarce deciduous form from the Caucasus	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 & 5/-
E.	* Cneorum , The Garland Flower, lovely sweetly scented rose pink flowers, slow growing prostrate habit, evergreen	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6
	hybrida (<i>Dauphini</i>), a charming hybrid with sweet scented, rosy-purple flowers in spring and at intervals throughout the summer. Small plants	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6
		...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Orders may be booked at 44 London Wall, E.C.2.

DAPHNE—continued.

	EACH.
* Mezereum , The Mezereon, fragrant reddish purple flowers followed by red berries, deciduous	3/6 to 5/-
*— flore-albo , a pretty white form, sweetly scented	5/-
*— rubrum , a deeper form of <i>Mezereum</i>	3/6 & 5/-

DAVIDIA

involucrata (TRUE), a new deciduous tree from China, rare and beautiful, growing to a height of 30 feet, with leaves similar to the Lime. The most striking feature of the plant is its large pure white bracts, which are produced in May, forming conspicuous contrast to the elegant green foliage ...	5/- to 15/-
— (laeta) , similar to the preceding, but with lighter green foliage, lacking the characteristic downy undersides of the true <i>involucrata</i> ...	5/- to 15/-
Vilmoriniana , leaves and shoots smooth and light green in colour. Makes a very fine tree ...	5/- to 15/-

DESFONTAINEA

E. * spinosa , an ever-green Holly-like shrub, producing freely crimson and yellow trumpet-shaped flowers in August; requires a rich light soil and shelter from cutting winds; a native of Chile ...	3/6 to 7/6
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DESMODIUM

† penduliflorum (<i>Lespedeza bicolor</i>), deciduous, long graceful panicles of rich violet coloured flowers in late summer, an uncommon shrub from China and Japan ...	1/6 to 2/6
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DEUTZIA, valuable early flowering deciduous shrubs of accommodating nature and suitable for partially shaded places.

PRUNING. To get the best results cut out all unwanted growths in winter and prune hard back all flowering shoots in June or early July immediately the flowers are over to encourage strong, healthy young growth for next season's flowering. *Waterers General Fertilizer* used once or twice during the growing season will prove highly beneficial.

Several of the stronger growing kinds make fine ornamental **STANDARDS** which can be supplied at 6/- and 7/6 each, and are marked thus †.

N.B.—PRICES. Plants priced 1/6 each, 15/- per dozen.

	EACH.
* gracilis , free flowering single white variety, useful for forcing ...	1/6 to 3/6
— campanulata , taller than <i>D. gracilis</i> , with long arching sprays of milk-white flowers ...	1/6 to 3/6
*— carminea , rosy carmine in bud, paler when open. Very free flowering ...	1/6 to 3/6
— multiflora , white, larger flowers than the type ...	1/6 to 3/6
— venusta , large pure white flowers ...	1/6 to 3/6



DEUTZIA FORTUNEI.

	EACH.
longifolia, purplish rose, very large flowers ...	2/6 & 3/6
— Veitchii , pink flowers, very striking form of above ...	3/6 to 5/-
myriantha . Very free flowering with clusters of snowy white flowers, with pale yellow anthers ...	1/6 to 3/6
scabra , pure white flowers in pyramidal clusters in May, a fine variety ...	1/6 to 3/6
†— CANDIDISSIMA , double pure white flowers ...	1/6 to 3/6
— erecta , fine upright heads of pure white ...	1/6 to 3/6
— FLORE PLENA , large double white flowers flushed pink on the outside ...	1/6 to 3/6
†— Fortunei , single white (see illustration above) ...	1/6 to 3/6
— magnifica , immense snow white flowers in elegant racemes, new ...	1/6 to 3/6
†— PRIDE OF ROCHESTER , double white, tinted pink ...	1/6 to 3/6
†— Watereri , single white flowers tinged with rosy purple ...	1/6 to 3/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

"Diervillas" are vigorous growers and flower freely.



DIERVILLA HYBRIDA CANDIDA.

hybrida Mme. Coutourier, pink and white	2/- to 3/6
‡— <i>Van Houttei</i> , rose and white flowers	2/- to 3/6
— <i>variegata</i> , rose coloured flowers and mottled leaves...	2/- to 3/6
— <i>Waterers Ruby</i> , new, a great improvement on <i>Eva Rathke</i> , rich ruby red trumpets, raised at Bagshot ...	2/- to 3/6
DIOSPYROS	
<i>Kaki</i> , Japanese Persimmon, requires a warm wall to fruit freely. Fruits like small oranges of agreeable flavour, highly ornamental, partial to rubble soil ...	3/6
<i>Lotus</i> , Common Date Plum, from temperate Asia ...	3/6
DIPELTIA	
<i>floribunda</i> , a new deciduous shrub from China, bearing sweetly scented pale rose trumpets in May, very free flowering ...	3/6 to 7/6
DIPLOPAPPUS.	
E. <i>chrysophyllus</i> (<i>Cassinia fulvida</i>), Golden Heath, evergreen, flowers creamy white in panicles, forms a compact bush, 3 or 4 feet high; from New Zealand ...	1/6 & 3/6
DISANTHUS	
<i>cercidifolius</i> , a rare Japanese shrub of the <i>Hamamelis</i> family, the foliage taking on gorgeous hues in Autumn ...	7/6 to 10/6
DISTYLIUM	
E. <i>racemosum</i> , an evergreen shrub from Japan with graceful branches of glossy leaves, the flowers are inconspicuous but followed by attractive fruits	3/6 to 10/6
DOGWOOD see <i>Cornus</i> page 45.	
DRIMYS	
E. <i>taromatica</i> , an evergreen from Tasmania with aromatic foliage, very ornamental ...	3/6 to 7/6
E. † <i>Winteri</i> , Winters Bark, Laurel-like leaves and red stems, milky white flowers, a pretty shrub; from South America, half hardy, evergreen ...	3/6 to 7/6
DUTCHMAN'S PIPE , see <i>Aristolochia</i> page 36.	
EDWARDSIA , see <i>Sophora</i> page 85.	
ELAEAGNUS , valuable shrubs mostly evergreen, with showy foliage and fruits, useful on dry soils. Known as the Oleaster and Wild Olive; from Japan.	
<i>longipes (edulis)</i> , silvery leaves and orange red fruits in clusters; from Japan, deciduous ...	2/6 & 3/6
E. <i>macrophylla</i> , evergreen, leaves dark green which curl and reveal the silvery undersides ...	3/6 to 7/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

EACH.

ELAEAGNUS—continued.

		EACH.
E.	pungens aureo-picta , a beautiful gold variegated form, excellent for winter effect	3/6 to 5/-
E.	— Fredericii , new, of dwarf spreading tendency, remarkable cream coloured foliage. Excellent for foregrounds or Rockery	3/6 to 5/-
E.	— variegata , silver and gold variegated leaves, very striking	3/6 to 5/-
ELDER , see Sambucus page 84.		
ELM , see Ulmus page 89.		
ELSHOLTZIA		
	* Stauntonii , a deciduous shrub, producing freely bright reddish violet flowers in Autumn, very distinct, thrives in any good soil	2/- to 3/6



ENKIANTHUS CAMPANULATUS.

ENKIANTHUS

CAMPANULATUS, a rare Japanese deciduous shrub producing in early spring clusters of waxy bell-shaped greenish flowers edged pink. In the autumn the foliage turns a brilliant fiery red, of rather slow growth. Likes a moist light peaty soil (see illustration above)

2/6 to 10/6

ERGILLA

E.C.L. †**spicata** (*Bridgesia spicata*), a Chilian evergreen climbing shrub with reddish purple flowers in March and April, excellent for dry soils, requires the protection of a wall

2/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather

An edging of "Ericas" will improve your border.

ERICA, Heath.

EACH.

Undoubtedly one of the hardiest, useful and most charming families of plants. Commencing in the Winter with *Herbacea*, it is possible to have one or more species in flower every month of the year; and considering the delicate tints and attractiveness of the flowers it is somewhat surprising they are not more generally planted. They are excellent subjects for edging beds and borders, planting in masses under deciduous trees or shrubs, on slopes, sides of walks, etc., where they readily adapt themselves and flower profusely. Our collection includes the new varieties of *Erica carnea*, and these, flowering as they do at different times and in shades varying from the type, should prove an interesting and welcome addition to Winter flowering shrubs.

Varieties priced at 9d. each are 7/6 per doz., 60/- per 100;

1/- each are 10/6 per doz., 80/- per 100;

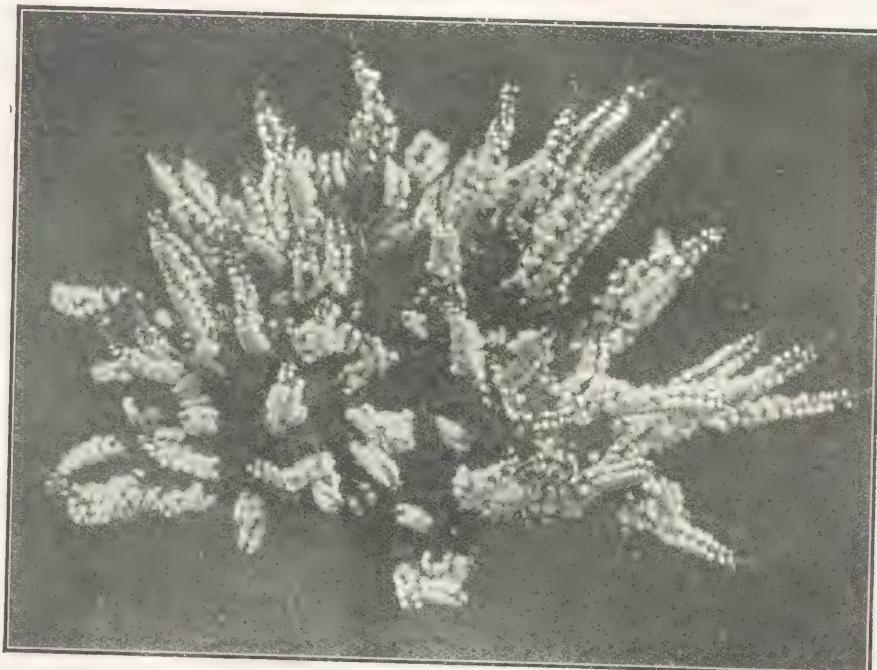
1/6 each are 16/- per doz., 120/- per 100,

if 6 or more or 50 or more respectively of one sort are ordered.

E.

arborescens, The Tree Heath, rosy white sweetly scented flowers from March to May, soft green asparagus-like foliage, height 4 to 5 feet

2/6



ERICA VULGARIS. (See page 55.)

E.		EACH.
E.	* <i>carnea</i> (<i>herbacea</i>), The Swiss Heath, of very dwarf habit and suitable for carpeting, soft flesh-pink flowers from January to March or even April	9d.
E.	*— <i>alba</i> , the white form of the above	9d.
E.	*— <i>gracilis</i> , its flowers are rich pink borne in mid-Winter	1/-
E.	*— <i>James Backhouse</i> , very pale pink, later flowering than type	1/-
E.	*— <i>King George</i> , dark red, early	1/-
E.	*— <i>Pink Pearl</i> , a good pink form	1/-
E.	*— <i>pracox rubra</i> , rosy carmine, one of the earliest	1/-
E.	*— <i>Prince of Wales</i> , soft pink	1/-
E.	*— <i>Queen Mary</i> , bearing beautiful rich pink flowers in mid-Winter	1/-
E.	*— <i>Queen of Spain</i> , light pink flowers in early Spring	1/-
E.	*— <i>Thomas Kingscote</i> , flowers are pale pink, early Spring	1/-
E.	*— <i>Winter Beauty</i> , rosy pink flowers appearing in mid-Winter	1/-
E.	* <i>ciliaris</i> (The Dorset Heath), rosy purple bells of large size from June to September, height about 12 inches, of very accommodating nature ...	1/-
E.	* <i>cineraria</i> (Scotch Heather), small bells of purple, from July to October ...	9d.
E.	*— <i>alba</i> , the white form, large bells	1/-
E.	*— <i>coccinea</i> , bright rosy crimson, dwarf habit, excellent for carpeting ...	1/6
E.	*— <i>rosea</i> , very pretty, deep rose, dwarf habit	1/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

ERICA—continued.

EACH.

E.	daboezia , see page 53.		
E.	Lusitanica (<i>codonodes</i>), Portuguese Heath, a tree heath of about 4ft., flowering from December until March, masses of pure white flowers and soft green foliage ...	2/6	
E.	mediterranea , The Mediterranean Heath, a tall grower, 3 to 4 feet, flowers March to May, pale pink ...	1/-	
E.	*— glaucia , pale pink flowers, about 18 inches, extremely hardy, leaves metallic green ...	1/-	
E.	*— hybrida (<i>Darleyensis</i>), pale rose pink flowers produced from November until March, dwarf habit and very free flowering ...	9d.	
E.	— superba , pale rosy lilac flowers, March ...	1/-	
E.	*— scoparia nana , very decorative light green foliage, fine for edging beds ...	1/-	
E.	*— stricta , The Corsican Heath, summer flowering, compact upright habit, flowers rosy pink ...	9d.	
E.	*— tetralix , Cross-leaved Heath or Mountain Bell Heather, flowering in the early autumn, generally August and September or later, rose-purple bells, height about 12 inches ...	9d.	
E.	*— alba , a white flowered form of the above ...	9d.	
E.	*— mollis , a distinct variety of above with greyish white foliage ...	9d.	
E.	*— vagans , Cornish Heath, of very accommodating nature, mauve pink bells from August to October, height 12 to 18 inches ...	9d.	
E.	*— alba , one of the best varieties for edging, pure white, height about 18 inches, flowers from August to October ...	9d.	
	— Mrs. D. F. Maxwell (NEW), very bright rose pink ...	2/-	
E.	*— rosa , pale rose flowers from July onwards ...	9d.	
E.	*— rubra , a pretty deep rosy red form, free flowering, height 12 inches ...	9d.	
E.	*— St. Keverne , a very fine form of a bright rose pink shade ...	1/6	
E.	*— Veitchii , a hybrid Tree Heath of about 3 feet, with white flowers produced freely from February to May ...	2/6	
E.	*— vulgaris (<i>Calluna</i>), The Ling of our Woodlands, flowering from July to October, mauve pink flowers. Technically this is a genus, not of the <i>Erica</i> (see illustration page 54) ...	9d.	
E.	*— alba , White Heather, the foliage is bright green, height about 12 inches ...	9d.	
E.	*— Serlei , a distinct white flowered form, height about 9 inches ...	9d.	
E.	*— Alporti , a rich crimson pink-flowered form of the above, height about 12 inches ...	9d.	
E.	*— cuprea , an uncommon form with purple bronze foliage, about 9 inches ...	1/-	
E.	*— flore pleno , an attractive double lilac pink heather, the spikes are distinctly fine ...	1/-	
E.	*— Hammondi , a handsome pure white heather, very free flowering, height about 1½ ft. ...	9d.	
E.	*— rigidus , dwarf, stiff growing white form ...	9d.	

†**ESCALLONIA**, distinct and useful flowering evergreens particularly for seaside districts.

N.B.—PRICES. Plants priced 2/- each,
21/- per dozen.

Special rates for quantities and hedgemaking.

SHRUBS for
NORTH & NORTH-
EAST WALLS.
See page 31.

E.	C. F. BALL (NEW), vivid red flowers as large as <i>E. macrantha</i> but with a better habit of growth ...	2/6
E.	Donald Brilliance , rich scarlet crimson ...	2/-
E.	Edinburgh var. , deep rose flowers on graceful branches ...	2/- to 3/6
E.	Iveyi (NEW), fine glossy green foliage with panicles of white flowers July to September ...	2/6
E.	Langleyensis , bright rosy purple flowers, graceful drooping habit ...	2/- to 3/6
E.	macrantha , large crimson red flowers and glossy leaves, excellent on a wall ...	2/- to 3/6
E.	— Ingramii , rose coloured flowers, erect growth, very profuse ...	2/- to 3/6
E.	— sanguinea , intense ruby red flowers ...	2/- to 3/6
E.	montevidensis (<i>floribunda</i>), arching clusters of white flowers, very suitable for training against walls; from New Granada ...	2/- to 3/6
E.	Slieve Donard , rich apple-blossom pink, very free ...	2/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

"Escallonias" for seaside planting.

EUCRYPTIA

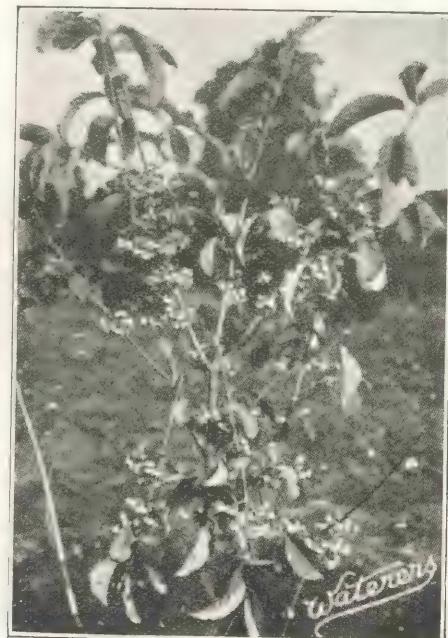
		EACH
E.	PINNATIFOLIA , a distinct and rare evergreen hardy shrub from Chile. It forms a sturdy bush about 16 feet high which is covered during August and September with beautiful snowy white flowers about 2 inches across. It thrives best in good sandy loam and partial shade	5/- to 10/-
E.	— fl. pl. (NEW) , a double white flowering form of this choice evergreen	5/- to 10/-

EUGENIA, see *Myrtus* page 67.**EULALIA**, see *Misanthus Hardy Plant Catalogue*.

**ORDERS FOR £2 AND UPWARDS SENT
CARRIAGE PAID, PACKED FREE, IN
ENGLAND AND WALES.** See page 4.

EUONYMUS, beautiful evergreen and deciduous shrubs, suitable for planting under trees and near the sea.

E.	ALATUS (<i>amurensis</i>), beautiful autumn tints, deciduous; from China and Japan. Own root plants	2/6 to 10/6
	europaeus , Spindle Tree, highly ornamental in its orange fruits and pink seed caps	1/- to 2/6
	— fructo rubra , fruits brighter and deeper in colour than the type	2/6 to 7/6
	— purpureus , rich purple foliage of slow growth	2/6 to 7/6
E.	japonicus , evergreen, rich glossy leaves, excellent for hedge making and winter bedding	1/6 to 5/-
E.	— aurea picta , beautiful golden and green variegation	2/6 to 5/-
E.	— latifolius , a bright evergreen for shady situations and town gardens	1/6 to 3/6
E.	— albo variegatus , beautiful silver variegation	2/6 to 5/-
	latifolius , a low growing deciduous shrub, ornamental fruits	1/6 to 3/6
E.	radicans , a valuable carpeting evergreen and useful for under tree planting	1/6 to 3/6
E.	— variegata , prostrate habit with silver marginal leaves, makes a nice edging	1/6 to 3/6
	YEDOENSIS , deciduous, creamy yellow flowers with purple anthers, succeeded by carmine fruit, beautiful for autumnal effect	2/6 to 5/-

**EUONYMUS YEDOENSIS.**

EACH.

EUPATORIUM

	Weinmannianum , large heads of bluish white flowers in autumn. Attains 4 to 6ft. in suitable positions	2/6 & 3/6
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EURYA

E.	† latifolia variegata , an evergreen shrub from China, attains about 6 feet in favoured spots, not hardy in northerly places	3/6 to 7/6
----	---	------------

EXOCHORDA, **Pearl Bush**. Deciduous Spiraea-like shrubs of great value in the shrubbery or as specimens.**Albertii** (*Korolkowi*), pure white flowers in May, a sturdy shrub, approximately 10ft.**GRANDIFLORA**, beautiful white flowers like those of a shrubby Spiraea, borne in May, exceedingly ornamental; from North China, 8 to 10ft.**FABIANA**

E.	* imbricata , an evergreen from Chile, a beautiful heath-like shrub with spikes of tubular white flowers in May, excellent for mild maritime districts. Likes the foot of a south wall and light loamy soil	2/6 to 5/-
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Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Standard "Forsythias" for showy spring effects.

FAGUS, Beech. For hedging. See page 96.

<i>sylvatica</i> , Common Beech, one of the most notable and handsome European trees and of great economical value	...	...	...	...	EACH.	5/- to 10/6
— <i>cuprea</i> , Copper Beech, valuable for colour in large area planting	...	...	...	...	10/6 to 21/-	
— <i>heterophylla (asplenifolia)</i> , cut leaved beech. Makes a fine specimen tree	...	...	...	...	5/- to 21/-	
— <i>pendula</i> , Green Weeping Beech	...	...	...	...	10/6 to 21/-	
— <i>PURPUREA</i> , Purple Beech, rich deep purple when in full leaf and the varying tones of the immature leaves are remarkably handsome	...	...	...	...	10/6 to 21/-	
— <i>pendula</i> , the Weeping Purple Beech	...	...	...	...	7/6 to 21/-	

FEIJOA

<i>Yellowiana</i> , evergreen, beautiful white blooms, conspicuous red stamens, very showy, fine for a wall	3/6 to 7/6
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FORSYTHIA, beautiful deciduous early flowering shrubs from China and Japan, producing flowers before their foliage develops. Grown in **standard** form, these make excellent dot plants for the shrubbery to associate with Standard Brooms, etc.

PRUNING. Prune flowering shoots immediately after flowering, *i.e.* April or early May. We can supply good **STANDARDS** at 7/6 each.

<i>intermedia</i> , a hybrid between <i>F. Suspensa</i> and <i>F. viridisissima</i> with golden yellow bell shaped flowers on graceful drooping branches	...	2/- to 3/6	EACH.
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— <i>SPECTABILIS</i> , large brilliant deep yellow bells, freely produced (see illustration)	...	2/- to 3/6	
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— <i>suspensa</i> , produces early in spring masses of golden yellow flowers, slender growing and very elegant, attains 7 to 8 feet	...	2/- to 3/6	
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— <i>atrocaulis</i> , pale yellow, very distinct	...	2/- to 3/6	
---	-----	------------	--

<i>viridissima</i> , masses of yellow blossoms of a rather more erect habit than the foregoing and somewhat later to bloom, and dwarfer	...	2/- to 3/6	EACH.
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FOTHERGILLA

<i>Gardenii</i> , a low growing shrub bearing spikes of white fragrant flowers in spring. Bright autumn foliage	3/6 to 5/-
<i>major</i> , slow growing shrub attaining 6 to 8 ft. Tight terminal spikes of white fragrant flowers in spring, golden autumn foliage	...	...	5/-

FRAXINUS, Ash. Deciduous native trees of economical value and useful for Covert or Forest planting. See Trees for Screening, page 3 of cover.

<i>excelsior</i> , Common Ash	Standard Trees 3/6 & 5/-
--------------------------------------	-----	-----	--------------------------

— <i>pendula</i> , Weeping Ash, makes a handsome lawn specimen providing shade in summer for a garden seat	7/6 to 42/-
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<i>Mariesii</i> , flowers pure white, arranged in large dense panicles, fragrant; from North China	5/- to 10/6
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<i>ornus</i> , Manna Ash, showy panicles of light feathery white flowers freely produced, makes a conspicuous feature tree. S. Europe and Orient	2/6 to 21/-
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FREMONTIA

<i>californica</i> , a rare and beautiful plant, deciduous, bearing bright yellow cup-shaped wax-like flowers, often 2 to 3 inches across, with distinct orange stamens, good against a wall in moist loam and a good seaside shrub	3/6 to 7/6
<i>mexicana</i> , similar to the above but with deeper yellow flowers	...	...	3/6 to 5/-

FUCHSIA, valuable deciduous shrubs especially for maritime districts, herbaceous in cold districts but fast growing when growth recommences. When unchecked they form handsome elegant specimens, some as high as 12 feet in favoured locations.

Varieties 1/- each, 10/- dozen.

<i>coccinea florian</i> , blue and white, grows to 2½ ft.	1/-
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Subjects marked ¹* are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.



FUCHSIA—continued

			EACH.
<i>exoniensis</i> (syn. <i>corallina</i>) crimson and purple flowers, a vigorous tall growing variety	...	...	1/-
<i>macrostemma</i> , bright scarlet flowers	...	...	1/-
— <i>gracilis</i> , very graceful habit on elegant slender branches, crimson flowers	...	...	1/-
<i>Mdme. Cornellison</i> , scarlet and white blossoms	...	...	1/-
<i>Riccartoni</i> , brilliant red, strong growing, the hardiest of these forms, prune lightly in March	...	...	1/-
GARRYA , a useful evergreen from California.			
E. <i>elliptica</i> , bears long yellowish green catkins, 8 to 12 inches long, most attractive, from December to March, good on a north wall, requires rich well drained soil, prune immediately after flowering	...	...	3/6 to 5/-
GAULTHERIA , American peat loving evergreens of low stature and particularly attractive in fruit.			
E. <i>procumbens</i> ("Creeping Wintergreen"), dense tufts of glossy leaves and pendulous clusters of tiny white flowers, followed by rich red berries in Winter	...	10/- & 15/- per doz.	1/- & 1/6
E. <i>Shallon</i> , a more vigorous grower than the above, flowers white, tinted red, followed by purplish edible berries. This shrub thrives well in the shade and drip of trees	...	...	per doz. 10/-



HAMAMELIS MOLLIS.

The sweet-scented winter-flowering Chinese Witch Hazel. (See page 59.)

GENISTA, these deciduous shrubs with the *Cytisus* form one of the most valuable and showy ornamental groups.

<i>etnensis</i> , cascades of bright yellow flowers, makes a graceful and striking shrub, 8 to 10 feet high; found on the slopes of Mount Etna, August flowering	...	...	2/-
* <i>dalmatica</i> , spreading habit, profuse yellow flowers in summer, suitable for the Rockery	...	...	1/-
* <i>hispanica</i> , Spanish Gorse, pretty yellow flowers in May and June, forms a compact bush a foot or so high	...	...	1/- & 1/6
1/- each, 10/- per doz.; 1/6 each, 15/- per doz.			

Special quotations for large quantity.

* <i>humifusa</i> , prostrate habit with dark glossy leaves and yellow flowers produced from May to August	...	...	1/-
* <i>pilosa</i> , bright yellow flowers, a dense prostrate grower	...	per doz. 10/-	1/-
* <i>prostrata</i> , dwarf spreading habit, a rapid grower, useful for bare patches and over-hanging stones, flowers in early summer	...	per doz. 10/-	1/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

"Hamamelis Mollis" is unique.

Shrub Borders, Planned in Detail.

To assist our customers we shall be pleased to submit keyed plans for new borders, giving in detail a selection of varieties for a maintained flowering period. Particulars as to measurements, aspect and soil should be given.

See page 71.

GENISTA—continued.

EACH.

* <i>purgans</i> (<i>Cytisus purgans</i>), an interesting summer flowering species, yellow flowers, sparsely foliated	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/-
<i>sagittalis</i> , a small prostrate species, curious and distinct habit	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/6
<i>virgata</i> , one of the best but flowers sparsely in young stage; on developing it makes a brilliant blaze of yellow and attains considerable dimensions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6

GINKGO*biloba*, Maidenhair Tree, see Conifer section page 24.**GLEDITSCHIA**

<i>triacanthos</i> , Honey Locust or Three-thorned Acacia, a deciduous tree from Central North America, it has stout 8 to 12 inch spines and beautiful fern-like foliage which turns bright yellow in autumn	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 & 3/6
— <i>inermis elegantissima</i> , slow growing form of elegant foliage and habit	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3/6 & 7/6

GORSE, see *Ulex* page 89 and **Genista Hispanica** page 58.**GREVILLEA**

E. <i>†rosmarinifolia</i> (<i>syn. thyrsoides</i>), rosemary-like leaves and clusters of curious claw-shaped red flowers. A pretty Australian shrub for a warm spot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 & 3/6
E. <i>†sulphurea</i> , yellow flowers, otherwise similar to the above, best in a sheltered nook	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 & 3/6

GRISELINIA

E. <i>†littoralis</i> , a handsome New Zealand evergreen shrub with glossy pale green leaves, which droop gracefully, excellent for seaside locations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/- to 3/6
E. — <i>variegata</i> , notable for its large variegated leaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/6 to 3/6

GUELDER ROSE see *Viburnum opulus*, page 91.**GYNERIUM**, see *Cortaderia* page 46.**HALESIA**

carolina (*tetrapetala*),
Snowdrop Tree,
masses of pure
white snowdrop-
like flowers in
clusters in April
and May. It is
one of the most
beautiful of all
deciduous trees, a
native of North
Carolina and likes
a light peaty soil.
Each 2/6 to 7/6.

— *var. monticola*. A
fine strong grow-
ing form. Rare.
Each 3/6 to 5/-.



HALESIA (TETRAPETALA) CAROLINA.

HAMAMELIS, **Witch Hazel**. Valuable deciduous shrubs, flowering early in the year and before the foliage develops.

EACH.

ARBOREA, interesting yellow flowers from December to January, a native of China, attains about 10 feet

5/- to 10/6

Japonica rubra, pretty reddish flowers borne on bare twigs in January

5/- to 10/6

zuccariniana, lemon yellow flowers in winter of somewhat restricted habit

5/- to 10/6

mollis, a very remarkable hardy Chinese Witch Hazel, with fine large foliage, covered underneath with a downy felt, the flowers are rich orange yellow with deep chocolate centre (*see illustration page 58*)

5/- to 10/6

vernalis. An American species, bearing small fragrant reddish flowers. Very early

5/- to 10/6

virginica, American Witch Hazel, flowers in autumn, rather earlier than the foregoing, blooms somewhat smaller. Forms an open bush of straggly character

5/- to 10/6

HEATH and HEATHER, see *Erica*, page 54.**HEDERA**. Handsome evergreen shrubs, for growing in towns.

E. **arborea**, Tree Ivy, a useful evergreen forming densely foliaged shrubs suitable for town gardens

5/- to 15/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Shrubs for COVERING
WALLS, BUILDINGS,
etc. See page 30.

Consult Waterers Landscape Department.

HEDERA—continued.

E.C.L.

Climbers. From 21/6 to 38/- per dozen.

EACH.

GOLD leaf varieties.

<i>angularis aurea</i> , soft golden colour	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>aurea densa</i> , very dense gold colour	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>dentata aurea</i> , large leaf with broad margin of gold, heavily variegated	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>palmita aurea</i> , golden marked five fingered ivy	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6

SILVER leaf varieties.

<i>Crippsii</i> , leaves variegated white and edged with purple	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>Lee's Silver</i> , medium size leaf, broad margin	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>Silver Queen</i> , medium size leaf, variegated silver	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>variegata elegantissima</i> , a beautiful silver edged Ivy	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6

GREEN leaf varieties.

<i>cænwoodiana</i> , fine divided foliage	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>canariensis</i> , Irish Ivy, in pots	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>dentata</i> , large deep green leaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>Emerald Green</i> , very bright green	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>Helix</i> , Common Ivy	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>marmorata minima</i> , small foliage thickly set in stem	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>palmita</i> , five finger leaved Ivy	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6
<i>purpurea</i> , leaves green in summer, turning purplish green in autumn and winter	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/- to	3/6

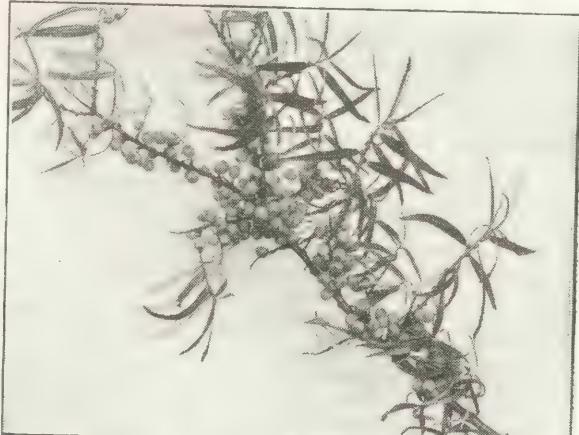
roegneriana, large leathery heart-shaped leaves**HEDGEMAKING SHRUBS**, see pages 95 and 96.**HEDYSARUM***multijugum*, a deciduous shrub from Mongolia with silky grey green foliage, rose purple pea-like flowers in summer and autumn, height about 3-4 ft.

2/6

HIBISCUS*syriacus* (*Althea Frutex*), Syrian or Tree Mallow, a deciduous shrub from Syria attaining about 6 feet, purple flowers with deeper blotch at base of petals, flowers at the end of August. There are many attractive single and double varieties

— <i>ardens</i> , light blueish mauve, semi-double flowers	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>carneus plenus</i> , semi-double, pale rose	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>Coelest</i> , single blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>Duc de Brabant</i> , double, dark red	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>monstrosus plenus</i> , large double white flowers with crimson centre	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>punicus plenus</i> , semi-double, dark rose	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>rubis</i> , single, wine red	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>Snowdrift</i> , large pure white, single flowers	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-
— <i>toton albus</i> , single, pure white	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6 to	5/-

Single and double varieties to colour, white, rose and blue, our selection, 2/- each; 21/6 per dozen.

HIPPOPHAE, Sea Buckthorn, deciduous, for seaside planting this is one of the most valuable shrubs, but it thrives well in many inland situations, makes a fine winter effect.**rhamnoides foemina**, forms a beautiful silvery bush wreathed with clusters of bright orange berries. As the two forms are unisexual in flower, one male should be planted to every five females to ensure a crop of berries. Each 2/6 to 5/-.— *mascula*, the male form, of more upright habit than the female. Each 2/6 to 5/-

Special quotations for quantity.

HOLLY, see *Ilex*, page 61.**HONEYSUCKLE**, see *Lonicera* page 65.**HYDRANGEA**, a valuable and showy race of hardy deciduous character, producing compact terminal flower heads, useful in particular for seaside locations.**arborescens**, flowers a dazzling white; a magnificent variety, July flowering N. American ...

EACH.

2/6 to 5/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

HYDRANGEA—continued.

BLUE HYDRANGEAS.

The "Blue" Hydrangeas do not come this colour naturally in all soils, and those who wish for this colouring must treat their plants with a blueing solution as they grow. Treatment in pots consist of watering the plants about once a week, as soon as the plants commence their growth, with Waterers blueing powder, 1/- per packet, used as directed.

For large heads of bloom a rich potting compost should be used and during growth frequent waterings with a good general fertilizer such as Waterers should be given. Do not apply the Fertilizer at the same times as when watering with the bluinge solution.

For plants in open ground, sprinkle the blueing powder around the plants and lightly hoe in. Commence this in mid-February and continue at intervals of a fortnight to three weeks till plants are in bloom. During a dry spell a good soaking with a weak blueing solution will be beneficial.

N.B.—We grow our hydrangeas specially for forcing, as sturdy, short jointed, well ripened plants and they can be supplied straight from open ground with good compact balls in early autumn and in pots later in the season. The "open ground" plants save expense in carriage and packing.

Hortensia Deutschland, large flowering old rose to dark red, compact habit.

— Elmar , carmine red with a large solid truss, compact habit. Forces early	3/6 to	5/-
— Helge , deep pink, very free, mid-season forcing	2/6 to	3/6
— La Cygne , immense pure white heads, strong grower, mid-season forcing	2/6 to	3/6
— La France , a beautiful blue, dwarf and compact, mid-season forcing	3/6	3/6
— Marechal Foch , deep pink, very fine variety, early forcing	2/6 to	3/6
— Mousselina , lovely blue at Bagshot where there is a belt of iron strata, early to mid-season forcing. Flowers well out-of-doors	3/6 to	5/-
— Paris , shades of steel blue, medium height, mid-season forcing	2/6 to	5/-
— Parsival , beautiful rosy-pink, compact and very free, mid-season forcing	3/6 to	5/-
— Peer Gynt , rosy red, immense truss, strong vigorous habit, late forcing	3/6 to	5/-
— Rubis , rich red, firm petalled flowers in large trusses, strong grower, mid to late season forcing	3/6 to	5/-

HYMENANTHERA

HYPERICUM. St. John's Wort.

E. *calycinum*, evergreen, large yellow flowers, succeeds well under trees, useful for a groundwork to taller families ; S.E. Europe, per 100, 40/-; per dozen 5/6

crimson tipped stamens, 1 to 1½ feet high, flowers throughout the summer per doz. 10/-
patulum, deciduous, a delightful Japanese shrub with rich yellow flowers 15/-

— **Henryi**, panicles of large golden yellow flowers, erect habit 1/6 to 2/6
prolificum, evergreen, grows about 3 feet and bears freely clusters of bright yellow flowers about 1 inch in diameter; N. America 1/6 to 2/6

ILEX, Holly. Very valuable European evergreens of extreme hardiness. The berry bearing forms are distinctively handsome and all make fine specimen or feature trees. The commoner forms make good protective hedges. Nice well-grown young plants. EACH.

We have a very fine collection of **Standard Hollies**, including Waterers Gold and other Silver and Gold varieties. Plants from 21/- each.

Specimen plants in well grown trees can be supplied in most varieties from 5 to 8ft. Particulars and prices on application.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

**HOLLIES in TUBS.
GOLD PYRAMID
CLIPPED.**
2ft. 2½ft. 3ft.
17/6 21/- 27/6

ILEX, Holly—continued.



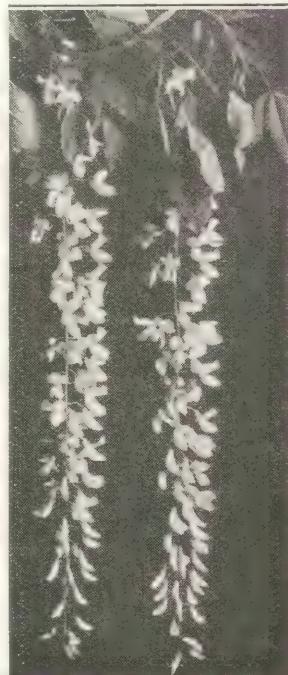
ILEX WILSONI. (See below.)

E.	Aquifolium	Common Holly, for Hedgemaking, <i>see page 96.</i>	EACH.
E.—	altoclarensis , large leaved variety with purple bark	3/6 to 21/-	
E.—	angustifolia variegata , Scotch Gold	3/6 to 21/-	
E.—	argentea marginata , Common Silver, narrow silver margins to flattish ovate spiny serrate leaves, free berrying	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	medio-picta , Milkmaid	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	pendula , Silver Variegated Weeping	10/6 to 21/-	
E.—	regina, Silver Queen , the best silver variegation	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	aurea marginata , narrow gold margined leaves	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	pendula , Waterer's Gold Weeping	10/6 to 21/-	
E.—	regina, Golden Queen	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	nigra , black stemmed golden variety	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	balearica , from the Canary Islands	3/6 to 21/-	
E.—	camelliaefolia , the Camellia-leaved Holly, very large fruits	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	ferox , Hedgehog Holly, small crenulated and liberally spined leaves	3/6 to 21/-	
E.—	argentea , Silver Hedgehog Holly	5/- to 21/-	
E.—	aurea , Golden Hedgehog Holly	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	Aquifolium flavescens , Moonlight	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— fructu-luteo , yellow berried, fruit freely produced	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— Golden King , a fine new Golden Holly	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— Hodginsii , large broad slightly spiny leaves, berries crimson-red, ripening late	5/- to 21/-	
E.	— maderensis , fine bold foliage	5/- to 21/-	
E.	— Mundyi , large leaves, very ornamental	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— pendula , the common weeping holly	5/- to 21/-	
E.	— scotica , smooth-leaved Holly	10/6 to 21/-	
E.	— serratifolia , deeply serrated leaves	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— tortuosa , screw leaved holly	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— Waterer's Golden Holly , a distinct attractively coloured form	5/- to 21/-	
E.	— Waterer's Green , a distinct large-leaved form	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— Wilsonii , very large dark green leaves (<i>see illustration above</i>)	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	cornuta , Horned Holly, from China, makes a low wide bush	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	crenata , the Japanese Holly, of compact habit with small leaves	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	— aurea variegata , golden variegation, very elegant	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	Fargesii , a new Chinese form	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	Fortunei , a slow growing small leaved holly	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	lanceolata , small leaved, quite distinct	5/- to 21/-	
E.	latifolia , large flat leaves with but few spines; from Japan	3/6 to 21/-	
E.	Pernyi , a very handsome new Chinese evergreen Holly, dense growing, and compact habit; the leaves are about 1½ inches long and pale green in colour on the young wood, changing to very dark green on the older shoots. F.C.C., R.H.S.	5/- to 21/-	
	verticillata , a deciduous holly attractive in berry state	3/6 to 21/-	
	INDIGOFERA	3/6 to 21/-	
	Gerardiana (floribunda) (dosua) , a pretty deciduous Himalayan shrub with graceful sprays of grey green leaves and deep pink blossoms, thrives best in a light peaty soil	3/6 to 21/-	
	IVY, see Hedera page 59.	2/6 to 3/6	
	JAMESIA	3/6 & 5/-	
	americana , a deciduous shrub from the Rocky Mountains, early spring flowering producing trusses of large white flowers in terminal bunches, of dense growth and extremely hardy. Likes a cool soil and shady situation	3/6 to 21/-	
	JAPONICA , <i>see Cydonia</i> page 49.	3/6 to 21/-	

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

			Each from
JASMINUM, Jessamine.	Deciduous and Evergreen climbers whose great floral beauty comes in cases at a time when the walls would otherwise be bare. They are most accommodating in their requirements, thriving in almost any soil.		
E.CL. fruticans , yellow flowers June onwards ...	...	...	2/6
D.CL. nudiflorum , a winter flowering form from China, producing bright yellow flowers in profusion before the leaves appear ...	...	...	2/6
D.CL. officinale , Common White Jasmine, a popular deliciously fragrant flowered semi-evergreen, useful for walls or rambling over tree stumps ...	...	...	2/6
D.CL. — grandiflorum , very large, sweetly scented white flowers ...	...	...	2/6
E.CL. primulinum , a magnificent Chinese form with large golden yellow sweetly scented flowers in spring, good on a south or south-west wall ...	...	...
E.CL. revolutum , an Indian species but perfectly hardy on a warm wall, summer flowering, large rich yellow flowers ...	...	...	2/6
E.CL. Wallichianum , a strong grower with rich golden yellow flowers ...	...	...	2/6
JUDAS TREE , see <i>Cercis</i> page 43.			
JUGLANS, Walnut.	Excellent deciduous trees, with ornamental and slightly odorous foliage. Their timber is very valuable.		
<i>nigra</i> , Black American Walnut, of great economical value ...	...	...	5/- to 15/-
<i>regia</i> , Common Walnut, valuable both for fruit and timber ...	...	...	6/- to 10/6
JUNIPER , see <i>Conifers</i> page 22.			
KALMIA , one of the most ornamental groups of the Ericaceous plants thriving in any good light cool soil that is devoid of lime. They are evergreen and follow the Rhododendrons into bloom. Planted in masses they are highly effective.			
E. angustifolia rubra , the flowers are of beautifully bright deep red colour ...	...	...	2/6 to 10/6
E. glauca , large lilac purple flowers sparsely produced, of dwarf straggling habit ...	...	...	2/6 to 7/6
E. latifolia , Calico Bush or Mountain Laurel, forms a dense round bush and will attain about 8 feet, flowering from May until the end of July. The foliage is of a pleasing shade and the flowers, of waxy texture, are produced in dense clusters, varying from pale blush to deep rose ...	...	...	2/6 to 15/-
KERRIA <i>Corchorus</i> , Jew's Mallow, deciduous shrubs from Japan, perfectly hardy and of very accommodating nature.			
<i>Japonica</i> , single yellow flowers ...	...	...	1/- to 2/6
— <i>flore pleno</i> , masses of double orange yellow flowers in large rosettes, generally seen on walls, but forms a neat shrub ...	...	...	1/6 to 2/6
— <i>variegata</i> , a variegated leaved form ...	...	...	1/6 to 2/6
KOELREUTERIA			
<i>paniculata</i> , a deciduous tree of limited dimensions from Northern China with pretty fern-like foliage, which turns a lovely golden colour in autumn, yellow flowers in terminal spikes. A picturesque tree which is reputed to have inspired the willow pattern picture ...	2/6 to 7/6	EACH.	
KOLKWITZIA			
<i>amabilis</i> , a hardy shrub from China. Allied to <i>Diervilla</i> . Flowers pink with yellow throat. May to June, 5 to 6ft ...	2/6 to 3/6		
LABURNUM , picturesque deciduous trees, producing a wealth of flowers in early summer, in pendant racemes. Standards 5/- to 7/6.			
Adami (<i>purpureus</i>), yellow and purplish flowers, a curious and distinct tree bearing simultaneously flowers of two distinct colours ...	3/6 to 7/6		
Alschingeri , late bloomer, large glossy leaves ...	3/6 to 7/6		
vulgaris , Golden Chain, golden yellow flowers in drooping trusses, makes an excellent host tree for the <i>Wistaria</i> which flowers with it, mingling its mauve with the golden yellow masses ...	2/6 to 7/6		
Vossii , a choice form producing long handsome racemes of rich golden yellow (see illustration) ...	3/6 to 7/6		
Watereri , hybrid of exceptional beauty, long racemes ...	3/6 to 7/6		
LAUREL , see <i>Prunus Laurocerasus</i> , page 70, also Hedge-making Shrubs, page 96.			
LAURUS			
E. Benzoin , Spice Bush, an American odorous shrub, beautiful autumn tints ...	2/6 to 5/-	LABURNUM VOSSII.	

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.



LAURUS—continued.

E. **nobilis**, Sweet Bay, a valuable evergreen, the standards particularly so as formal ornaments. We have a fine stock of standards of varying sizes in tubs. They are best housed for the winter in cold districts ... EACH. 3/6 to 7/6
STANDARDS IN TUBS.

Stems 4ft., heads 15in., height overall, not including tub, about 5ft.6in., **25/-** each.

LAURUSTINUS, see *Viburnum Tinus*, page 91.

LAVANDULA, Lavender. Charming old-fashioned garden flowers, well known to all. English, the true old-fashioned English variety, 2½ft. ... per doz. 7/6
Grappenhall variety, strong grower with large spikes of flowers; 3ft., August-September per doz. 7/6
Munstead variety, deep blue, early flowering, very dwarf variety; 1ft., July-September per doz. 7/6
Wargrave Dwarf, later than *Munstead variety*; 1ft. ... per doz. 7/6

LEDUM, American peat and moisture loving evergreen of great hardiness, useful for edging Rhododendron beds, the flowers are like miniature Rhododendrons.

E. ***intermedium**, of neat habit bearing pretty showy flowers in clusters... ... 2/6
E. **latifolium**, Labrador Tea, flowers in April and May, white or slightly tinted with rose, in terminal corymbs, attains about 3 feet, found in Canadian swamps and the colder parts of America and Greenland 2/6
E. **Lyoni**, see *Leiophyllum prostratum*.
E. **palustre**, Marsh Ledum, a European plant, forms a compact bush of 2 to 3 feet, with small leaves and small pale pink flowers in May and June 2/6

E. **thymifolium**, see *Leiophyllum buxifolium*. 2/6

LEIOPHYLLUM, attractive American moisture loving evergreens of small dimensions, closely allied to the Ledums.

E. ***buxifolium** (*Ledum thymifolium*), Sand Myrtle, a dwarf compact shrub with box-like leaves and small white flowers with pink tips in bunches, borne in early summer 2/6
E. ***prostratum** (*Ledum Lyonii*), clusters of small flowers, rose opening to white, in early summer. Height about 6 inches, suitable for the Rockery or for edgings and foregrounds

LEPTOSPERMUM, handsome flowering evergreens from Australia and New Zealand, they should have slight protection in winter in cold localities. *Chapmanii* is the hardiest, while *Boscaweni* is the least hardy.

E. **scoparium Nichollii**, rich ruby red flowers, a very beautiful variety 2/6 to 5/-
E. — **bullatum**, flowers reddish lilac in January and February, attains 4-5ft. ... 2/6 to 5/-
E. — **Chapmanii** (NEW), bright scarlet flowers freely borne, forms compact shrub 2/6 to 5/-
E. — **Ianigerum**, white stellate flowers, silvery leaves, flowering July to Sept. 2/6 to 5/-

LESPEDA

bicolor, see *Desmodium penduliflorum*, page 51.

LEUCOTHOE, see *Andromeda* page 35.**LEYCESTERIA**

formosa, a hardy deciduous shrub from Nepaul, small white flowers borne in whorls on arching stems, followed by purple berries, much sought after by pheasants. It is suitable for shady places and not fastidious as to soil per doz. 15/-

LIGUSTRUM, Privet, Evergreen shrubs of great hardiness and accommodating nature. The variegated forms are most useful for providing colour in shrubberies.

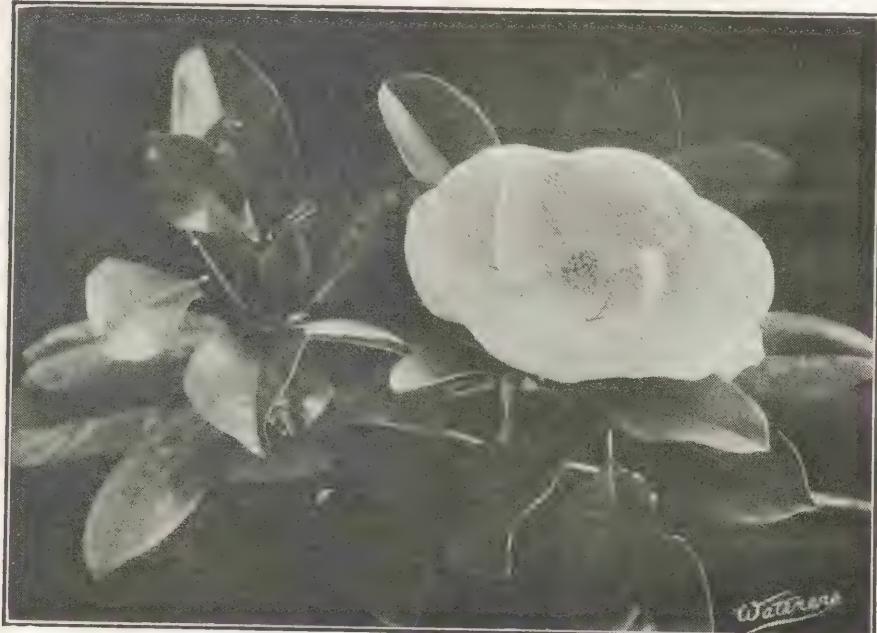
E. ***coriaceum**, Thick-leaved Privet, a dwarf variety with glossy green leaves; from China 1/6 to 3/6
E. **japonicum**, Japanese, a most useful shrub with shining green leaves and white flowers 1/6 to 5/-
E. — **macrophyllum**, an elegant variation of the Japanese Privet 2/- to 5/-
E. **lucidum**, Wax Tree, very large dark green leaves, flowers white, a handsome evergreen from China, with a fine autumnal effect 2/- to 5/-
E. — **tricolor**, a handsome evergreen shrub with white and green variegated leaves tinged with pink 2/6 to 3/6
E. — **ovalifolium**, oval-leaved, the well-known variety used for hedges, *see page 96*.
E. — **aureis elegantissimum**, Golden Privet, makes a bright ornamental hedge; also effective in groups, grown as a standard it makes a fine feature tree 1/- to 7/6
E. **Quihoui**, a fine late flowering form from China, the flowers which are freely produced are powerfully scented, makes a spreading bush 5/-
E. **Quihoui**, a fine late flowering form from China, the flowers which are freely produced are powerfully scented, makes a spreading bush 1/6 to 3/6

LILAC, see *Syringa* page 87.**LIME**, see *Tilia*, page 88.**STANDARD SHRUBS and TREES. See List on page 31.**

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock-garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

MAGNOLIA—continued.

		EACH.
— <i>Alexandrina</i> , very handsome white flowers, flushed rose	...	7/6 to 15/-
— <i>conspicua</i> , The Yulan, one of the most conspicuous of all flowering trees, the flowers are pure white, fragrant, chalice-shaped and of large size, flowering in some seasons as early as in March	...	7/6 & 15/-
— <i>superba</i> , a variation of the above, flowers similarly pure white	...	7/6 & 15/-
— <i>glaucia</i> , creamy white flowers from June to August, glaucous leaves; North America	...	7/6 & 10/6



MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA EXMOUTH VARIETY.

E.		EACH.
E.	— <i>grandiflora</i> , a handsome evergreen with conspicuous flowers and foliage, the flowers are white, often fully 6 inches across, cup-shaped and deliciously scented. The leaves are large, dark and glossy. A useful subject for a warm wall. From the Southern United States	5/-
E.	— EXMOUTH VARIETY , a greatly improved form of the above and more floriferous. <i>See illustration above</i>	7/6 to 15/-
E.	— <i>ferruginea</i> , a good form for chalky soils, easily recognised by the brown undersides of the young foliage	7/6 to 15/-
	N.B. We have an especially fine stock of the above three varieties in well rooted plants, in pots . These plants are propagated from free flowering forms and are on their own roots.	7/6 & 10/6
	<i>hypoleuca</i> . A handsome, large leaved, tree-like Magnolia, from Japan, bears large creamy white flowers in June	7/6 & 10/6
	<i>kobus</i> , small stellate, creamy white flowers, large leaves	7/6 & 10/6
	<i>Lennei</i> , large massive flowers with rosy pink interiors and glowing purple outside, flowers four to six weeks later than <i>conspicua</i>	7/6 to 15/-
	<i>parviflora</i> , a Japanese form with white flowers in the centres of which are rings of bright red filaments, sweetly scented	7/6 to 15/-
	<i>purpurea</i> (<i>obovata</i>), Japanese, flowers purple outside and whitish within, somewhat smaller than most, makes a handsome spreading shrub	7/6 to 15/-
	<i>Soulangeana</i> , large chalice-shaped flowers shaded with purple. <i>See illustration page 67</i>	7/6 to 15/-
	— <i>nigra</i> , a darker form of the above	7/6 to 15/-
	— <i>rustica fl. rubra</i> , a free growing and free flowering form. The flowers are white, flushed rosy purple	7/6 to 15/-
	<i>stellata</i> (<i>Halleiana</i>), the earliest and freest flowering of all Magnolias, forms a well branched spreading shrub. The flowers are white, stellate about 3 inches across and produced in March before the foliage develops; forces well, even young plants flower freely, sweetly scented	7/6 to 15/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

We supply everything for the garden, Seeds, Bulbs, etc. Catalogues post free.

MAGNOLIA—continued.

EACH.

tripetala. The "Umbrella" tree of N. America, large leaves, creamy white flowers 7/6 to 15/-

MAIDENHAIR TREE, see *Ginkgo biloba*, page 24.

MAPLE, see *Acer*, page 33.

MENISPERMUM

D.C.L. **canadense**, Moonseed, a North American deciduous climbing plant with handsome foliage and yellowish flowers in summer, useful for pergolas, bowers, etc.

2/6

MENZIESIA

ciliicalyx, rare, nodding purple flowers in umbel-like clusters during May. Attains 2/3ft. 7/6 & 10/6

See also *Daboecia*, page 50.

MOCK ORANGE, see *Philadelphus* page 68.

MONKEY PUZZLE, see *Araucaria*, page 22.

MOUNTAIN ASH, see *Pyrus aucuparia* page 81.

MUEHLENBECKIA

E.C.L. **complexa**, a trailing evergreen of vigorous growth, pretty fern-like foliage

2/6

E.C.L. **varians**, a curious evergreen trailing plant with small leaves shaped like fiddles, a robust grower ...

2/6

MYRTUS, **Myrtle**. Useful evergreen shrubs for favoured spots and seaside localities, should have a wall in cold districts.

EACH.

E. **apiculata** (*Luma*), deliciously fragrant snow-white flowers, freely produced, suitable for a cold greenhouse; Chilian

2/6 to 5/-

E. **communis**, white flowers with golden stamens in July, small neat foliage; Mediterranean region

2/6 to 5/-

E. **Ugni** (*Eugenia*), pink flowers in July, followed by edible ornamental berries, best in sandy peat

2/6 to 5/-

NANDINA, **Chinese Sacred Bamboo**.

E. **domestica**, attractive fern-like foliage and white flowers, best in a warm spot on light loam, attains 4 to 6 feet, evergreen

3/6 to 10/6

NUTTALLIA

cerasiformis, "Oso Berry." A shrub 6 to 8 feet, producing freely in March white almond scented blossoms in drooping racemes ...

1/6 to 3/6

OAK, see *Quercus* page 81.

OLEARIA. The Daisy Tree, beautiful free flowering evergreen shrubs from Australia succeeding in almost any soil.

E. **†Haastii**, small grey foliage, densely covered with beautiful starry flowers during the summer

2/- to 3/6

E. **†moschata**, leaves downy underneath, white flowers in September ...

2/6

E. **†nitida**, large trusses of Daisy-like flowers, large ovate leaves ...

2/6

E. **†nummularifolia**, produces fleshy leaves, closely arranged. A curious shrub of dwarf habit ...

2/- to 3/6

E. **†stellulata**, covered in early summer with heads of starry flowers ...

2/- to 3/6

OSMANTHUS, handsome evergreen holly-like shrubs, thriving near the sea and under trees.

WINTER FLOWERING TREES
AND SHRUBS, See page 30.

E. ***armatus**, autumn flowering, creamy white fragrant flowers, elegant large serrated leaves, slow growing ...

3/6 to 10/6

E. ***DELAVAYI**, a new Chinese evergreen with fragrant white flowers and green box-like foliage. Flowers freely produced during March and April ...

3/6 to 7/6

Fortunei, a handsome evergreen of Japanese origin, with holly-like leaves and delightfully fragrant white flowers, produced in autumn on mature bushes ...

3/6 to 15/-

E. **ilicifolius**, sweet-scented greenish white flowers, blooms well into October ...

2/6 to 5/-

— **argenteo variegata**, a silver variegated form of above ...

2/6 to 5/-

E. ***purpureus**, leaves deeply tinted bronzy purple. (The last three forms are from Japan) ...

2/6 to 5/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather



OXYCOCCUS

***macrocarpus**, American Cranberry, a peat loving creeper largely cultivated for its fruit which makes excellent preserve. The flowers are rosy white borne in spring and the large red fruits are extremely ornamental

EACH.

1/6

OZOTHAMNUS

E. †**rosmarinifolius**, produces an abundance of fragrant white flowers in July small Rosemary-like foliage. A Tasmanian evergreen of about 4 feet ...

2/6 & 3/6

PAMPAS GRASS, see Cortaderia, page 46.**PARROTIA**

persica, a deciduous Persian tree with beautiful gold and crimson foliage tints in autumn. The flowers are small, with crimson tipped stamens and produced in February and March

3/6 to 7/6

PASSIFLORA

D.C.L. **coerulea**, Blue Passion Flower, a South American deciduous climber, especially good in seaside localities. The flowers are handsome pale blue, borne from July to September. Should be planted on a warm wall ...

2/6

D.C.L. — **Constance Elliott**, a variation of the above with greenish white flowers ...

2/6

PAULOWNIA

imperialis, a handsome deciduous tree from Japan, large purplish violet flowers, something like the Foxglove, borne in panicles, sweetly scented, very large leaves of tropical appearance, a fast growing tree ...

5/- to 21/-

PAVIA, see **Aesculus** page 34.

PEACH (flowering), see **Prunus** page 73.

PERILOCA

D.C.L. **graeca**, Poison or Silk Vine, a tall deciduous climber with small leaves and clusters of purplish brown flowers in summer ...

2/6

PEROWSKIA

***atriplicifolia**, a deciduous shrub from Afghanistan with grey foliage and spike heads of deep lavender flowers, produced in the early autumn ...

1/- & 1/6

PERNETTYA

E. ***mucronata**, Prickly Heath, a stiff dwarf-growing evergreen of compact habit suitable for peaty soils. They are distinctly attractive, small white flowers are produced in abundance followed by deep purple berries in winter, attains about 2 feet ... per doz. 21/-

2/-

E. ***speciosa**, rosy purple fruits, highly ornamental ... per doz. 21/-

2/-

E. *—**alba**, a white-berried variation of the above ... per doz. 21/-

2/-

E. *—**Mixed Hybrids**

White berries ...	...	...	per doz. 21/-
	Pink " ...	...	per doz. 21/-
	Red " ...	...	per doz. 21/-
	Crimson " ...	...	per doz. 21/-

2/-

Our selection, 20/- per dozen.

2/-

2/-

2/-

PERSIMMON, see **Diospyros** page 52.

PHILADELPHUS, Mock Orange, charming hardy deciduous shrubs of great floral beauty. This group has long been regarded and referred to as the *Syringa*, a genus occupied by the Lilacs.

PRUNING.

To get the best results cut out all unwanted growths in winter and prune hard back all flowering shoots in June or early July immediately the flowers are over to encourage strong healthy young growth for next season's flowering. *Waterers General Fertilizer* used once or twice during the growing season will prove highly beneficial.

For
**WINTER FLOWERING
TREES and SHRUBS**
See page 30.



PHILADELPHUS DAME BLANCHE. (See page 69.)

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

PHILADELPHUS—continued.

		EACH.
<i>coronarius</i> , The Common Sweet-scented Mock Orange, attains 6 to 8 feet	per doz. 15/-	1/6 to 3/6
— <i>foliis aureis</i> , an attractive golden leaved form	per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
<i>Delavayi</i> , a Chinese form, very free flowering and fragrant, early	per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
<i>grandiflorus</i> , a very fine species with large white flowers, early, attains about 12 feet; Southern United States	... per doz. 15/-	1/6 to 3/6
hybridus Avalanche , sweet scented flowers, good habit	per doz. 15/-	1/6 to 3/6
— Belle Étoile , one of the best of the medium growing varieties. Large fragrant white flowers, slightly stained purple at the base	... ...	2/6
— BOUQUET BLANC , double white in large clusters	... per doz. 15/-	1/6 to 3/6
— Boule d'Argent , very free, double white	... ... per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
— Conquête , very handsome large double white flowers	per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
— DAME BLANCHE , a beautiful new variety with fimbriated semi-double creamy white flowers, which are very sweetly scented (see illustration page 68)	... ... ... ... per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
— Girandole , smothers itself with clusters of double, milk-white flowers, of good form	... ... ... ...	2/6
— Norma (NEW). A beautiful hybrid attaining 6 to 8 feet, with large, flat pure white scented flowers	... ... ... ...	2/6
— Rosace , enormous creamy white double flowers, 2 to 3 inches in diameter, delightfully scented	... ... ... ... per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
— Sylviane . A fine variety with flat open, pure white flowers, stained pale pink at base of petals	... ... ... ...	2/6
— VIRGINAL , a very vigorous grower, with large leaves and pure white flowers, produced the whole length of the branches; very sweetly scented	... ... ... ... per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
— Yokohama (<i>Satsumi</i>), large early flowering variety	... per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6
Wilsoni , very large white flowers in long bunches, attains about 6 feet	per doz. 15/-	1/6 & 3/6

PHILLYRAEA. Handsome evergreen shrubs, thriving in almost any soil, their compact habit renders them useful for the foreground of shrubberies.

E.	decora (<i>Vilmoriniana</i>), handsome glossy leaves, white flowers, sweet scented, followed by black fruits	2/6 to 7/6
	— <i>latifolia</i> , a handsome form of above with broader leaves	2/6 to 7/6
E.	media , prettily toothed evergreen leaved, makes a neat shrub	2/6 to 5/-
E.	— <i>buxifolia</i> , neat box shaped leaves. Desirable evergreen	2/6 to 5/-

PHLOMIS

E.	*fruticosa . The Jerusalem Sage, evergreen, beautiful silvery foliage and large tufts of yellow flowers. A conspicuous shrub of bushy habit suitable for light soils; from the Mediterranean region	1/6 to 2/6
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PHORMIUM tenax, New Zealand Flax, highly ornamental with long metallic green sword-shaped leaves and tall spikes of red flowers

3/6 to 7/6

PHOTINIA, Chinese Hawthorn.

E.	serrulata (<i>Crataegus glabra</i>), the young growths in spring are a deep chocolate red colour and very attractive, small white Hawthorn-like flowers, in flat Corymbs. A very useful seaside evergreen	2/6 to 5/-
	villosa (<i>syn. Pourthiae villosa</i>), finely coloured Autumn leaves	2/6 to 7/6

PHYLLOSTACHYS, see Bamboo page 36.

PIERIS, see Andromeda page 35.

SCENTED SHRUBS, see page 28.
PIPTANTHUS

E.	nepalensis (<i>Thermopsis</i>) The Evergreen Laburnum, yellow flowers in elegant racemes, suitable for walls or makes a vigorous bush of about 10 feet; Himalayas	2/6 to 5/-
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PISTACHIA chinensis, handsome small tree with pinnate foliage. Remarkable for its gorgeous Autumn tints

3/6 to 7/6

PITTOSPORUM. A fine family of evergreen shrubs from New Zealand, with light graceful foliage and sweet scented flowers, hardy in mild districts, they thrive in any good loamy soil.

E.	eugenoides variegatum , leaves green, deeply bordered with white, very handsome	3/6 to 7/6
E.	tenuifolium (<i>Mayi</i>), pale green prettily crinkled leaves on practically black stems, a very elegant shrub	3/6 to 7/6

— **Silver Queen**, shining laurel-like leaves, margined with white

3/6 to 7/6

PLAGIANTHUS

Lyallii, a beautiful shrub from New Zealand, flowering in July with pure white flowers in dense clusters, almost hiding the foliage whilst in bloom

3/6 to 5/-

PLATANUS, Plane.

acerifolia, The London Plane, handsome deciduous trees for avenue or park planting. They are the more conspicuous when shedding their bark and the boles assume a peculiar piebald effect

Standards 5/-

5/- to 15/-

See Screening Trees, page 3 of cover.

PLUM (flowering), see **Prunus** page 73.

POLYGALA, trailing European evergreen succeeding best in peaty soil in cool partly shaded spots.

EACH.

E. ***chamaebuxus purpurea**, rich reddish purple flowers with yellow centre, a showy carpeting plant, one of the most beautiful rockery plants ... per doz. 10/-

1/-

POLYGONUM

D.C.L. **baldschuanicum**, a rapid growing climber of great value for its profusion of beautiful pure white flowers in long panicles. Excellent for arches, tree stumps, etc. Bokhara ...

2/6

D.C.L. **multiflorum**, a vigorous growing climber from China which can attain 20ft. in one season. White flowers in spreading panicles abundantly produced

2/6

POMEGRANATE, see **Punica** page 69.

POPULUS, **Poplar**. A family of useful deciduous trees of great hardiness, diversity and rapid growth of great economical value. See also page 3 of cover.

TREES for SCREENING
See page 3 of cover.

alba, the Abele or White Poplar, Europe and Asia

2/6 to 5/-

— **argentea**, distinct bright silvery leaves

2/6 to 7/6

— **pyramidalis** (*Belleana*), of similar habit to the Lombardy Poplar

2/6 to 10/6

angulata cordata robusta. A vigorous and handsome poplar

2/6 to 10/6

balsamifera, Balsam Poplar, the leaves possess a powerful and pleasant odour. North America

2/6 to 7/6

canadensis, Canadian poplar

3/6 to 7/6

canescens, The Grey Poplar

2/6 to 7/6

deltoidea aurea (*Van Geerti aurea*), a striking variety with glowing yellow-green leaves

2/6 to 10/6

fastigiata (*nigra pyramidalis*), Lombardy Poplar; Europe and N. Asia

2/6 to 7/6

generosa, a tree of great leaf beauty and probably the fastest growing of all **lasiocarpa**, enormous heart-shaped leaves with red vein, a new species from

2/- to 7/6

Western China

3/6 to 10/6

szechuanica, a rather scarce Poplar, young leaves beautifully tinged red in spring; little known in this country

3/6 to 7/6

serotina, The Black Italian Poplar

3/6 to 7/6

tremulus purpurea. The young foliage opens a beautiful purplish hue.

Makes a fine specimen tree, rare Leaves turn red in autumn

3/6 to 7/6

trichocarpa, Black Cottonwood, a graceful and rapid grower

3/6 to 7/6

POTENTILLA, **Shrubby Cinquefoil**, uncommon genus of limited dimensions and great beauty, suitable for the Rock Garden.

1/6 to 2/6

FRIEDRICHSEII, erect habit, sulphur yellow, flowers borne freely throughout the Summer and Autumn

1/6 to 2/6

***fruticosa Farreri**, A.M., R.H.S., fine dwarf shrubby plant for rockery, yellow flowers, 1 to 1½ ft.

1/6 to 1/6

— **arbruscula**, a robust form, 2 to 2½ feet, with soft yellow flowers

1/6 to 3/6

*— **forma**, a dwarf form of this well known shrub, yellow flowers, very free, 2ft.

1/6 to 1/6

*— **VEITCHII**, a neat grower attaining about 3 feet, with greyish green foliage and pure white flowers from May until September

1/6 & 3/6

*— **VILMORIANA**, flowers pale primrose, silvery white leaves on bronzy red branches

2/6 & 3/6

Purdomii, golden yellow flower, resembles *P. fruticosa* in habit

2/6

POURTHIAE, see **Photinia** page 69.

PRINOS

E. **glaber** (*Ilex glabra*), American Holly or Ink Berry, a pretty evergreen shrub from North America, attains about 3 feet, rich dark glossy leaves and small white flowers followed by jet black berries, likes sandy loam and peat

3/6 to 7/6

PRIVET, see **Ligustrum** page 64, also Hedgemaking Shrubs page 96.

PRUNUS

E. **Laurocerasus**, Common Laurel, useful evergreen shrubs for hedges or covert, see page 96.

3/6 to 7/6

— **caucasica**, The Caucasian Laurel, more ornamental than the common

1/- to 3/6

E. — **coichica**, the best flowering Laurel

1/- to 5/-

E. — **latifolia** (*Bertini*), a distinct variation of the Cherry Laurel, with very large leaves

1/- to 5/-

E. — **rotundifolia**, large leaved, very vigorous and exceedingly hardy

1/- to 7/6

E. — **schipkaensis**, an uncommon Laurel from the Schipka Pass

1/6 to 7/6

— **Zabelliana**, a very hardy and free flowering variety with narrow, deep green, glossy leaves

1/6 to 5/-

E. — **lusitanica**, Portugal or Bay-leaf Laurel, a very popular and useful evergreen

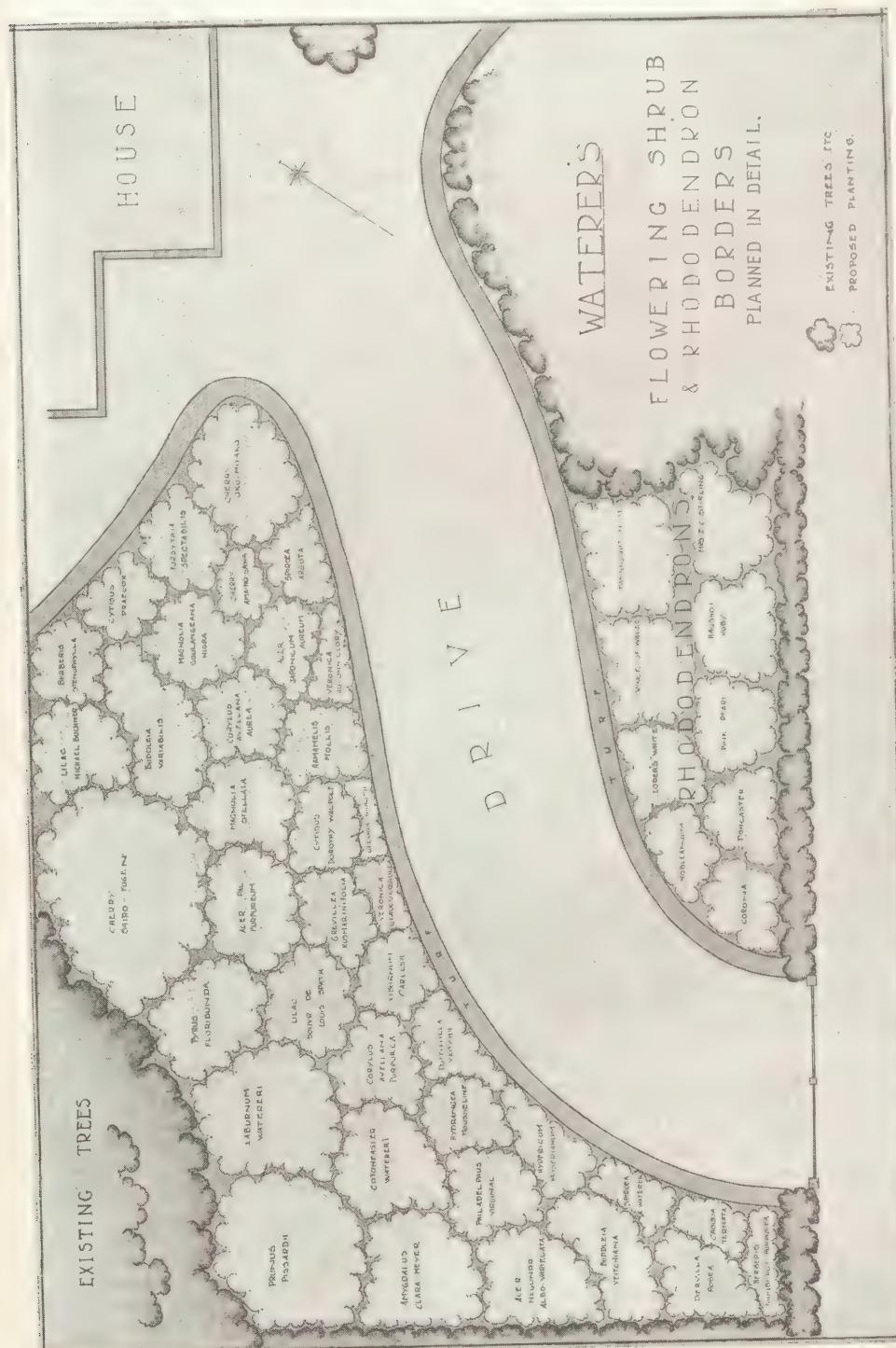
1/- to 7/6

E. — **myrtifolia**, small narrow leaves, bears clipping

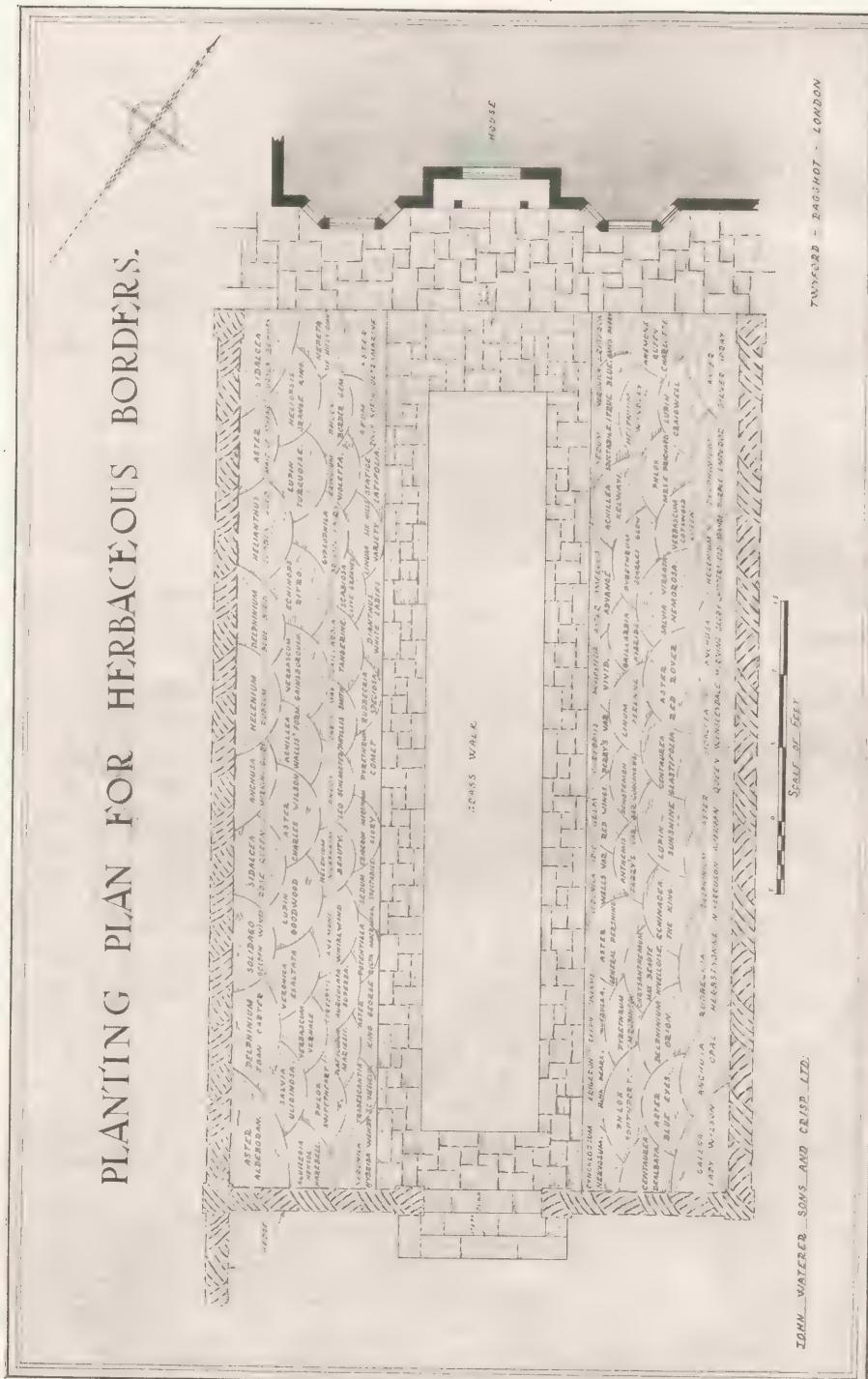
1/- to 7/6

We have also standard Portugal Laurels with fine heads and clean straight stems at prices varying according to the size of the plants.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for well plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.



PLANNING PLAN FOR HERBACEOUS BORDERS



JOHN WATERED SONS AND DAUGHTERS

Scalability

THURFORD - DAGENHOT - LONDON

THESE ACTUAL BORDERS CAN BE SUPPLIED FOR £20. CARRIAGE PAID.

PRUNUS.

The genus *Prunus* embraces the *Laurel* (see page 70), *Almond*, *Peach*, *Cherry* (see page 75), *Plum*, *Apricot* and *Sloe*: with the exception of the *Laurel* they are deciduous and form one of the largest and most valuable groups of **Early Flowering Trees and Shrubs**. The foliage tints of many also enhance their attractiveness.

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales. See page 4

THE FLOWERING ALMONDS, APRICOTS & PEACHES.

Standards, 5 to 6ft. stems, 5/-, 6/- and 7/6.

Extra large Specimens 10/6 to 15/-.

Bushes from

AMYGDALUS (Communis) , the spring-flowering pink Almond, a vigorous grower and one of our best spring flowering trees	...	...	...	5/-
— flore pleno , the double flowering Almond	...	...	...	5/-
— macrocarpa , very large flesh pink flowers	...	...	...	5/-
— POLLARDI , large blooms of a bright rose pink. A vigorous grower and a distinct improvement on the Common Almond	...	Standards 7/6		5/-
— purpurea , an elegant variety with rich purple foliage.	Standards 7/6 to 10/6			5/-
Davidiana , flowers blush pink, one of the first to open	...	...	...	5/-
— alba , David's Peach, large white flowers, February flowering; China	...	...		5/-
FENZLIANA , single pink flowers in profusion, very early, February to March	...	...	Standards 7/6 & 10/6	5/-
glandulosa (sinensis) albo pleno , covered in April and May with double white flowers. Bushes only	...	...	...	3/6 & 5/-
— roseo pleno , a pretty double pink variety. Bushes only	...	...	...	3/6 & 5/-
Mume , The Japanese Apricot, handsome rich rose coloured flowers; from Korea	...	...	Standards 7/6 . Bushes	3/6 & 5/-
* nana , Dwarf Russian Almond, rosy pink flowers in spring, suitable for Rock garden, elegant branches carrying flowers in sprays; S. Russia				
Bushes only	...	...	...	3/6
PERSICA CLARA MEYER , the double flowering Peach, bright carmine rose, one of the best, very large flowers	...	...	...	5/- to 10/6
— flore albo pleno , double white, makes a handsome spring flowering tree	...			5/-
— magnifica , bright crimson flowers, semi-double; Japan	...	...		5/- to 10/6
— var. Russell's Red , bright crimson, semi-double flowers	...	...	Standards 10/6 to 15/-	5/- to 10/6
triloba fl. pl. , one of the handsomest early flowering subjects. Large double flowers, soft rosy pink	...	...	Standards 7/6	3/6 to 7/6

THE FLOWERING PLUMS.

Standards from 7/6 each, except where otherwise stated.

cerasifera , the Myrobalan or Cherry Plum, makes a good hedge; for quantity rates see page 96.		Bushes from
— Blireiana , a variety with purple foliage and double pink flowers, brighter than <i>Pissardii</i>	...	each. 3/6 to 7/6
— Moseri fl. pl. , double rose flowers, purple foliage	...	3/6 & 5/-
— Pissardi , white flowers, freely produced in early Spring, followed by deep purple foliage, from the Caucasus	...	3/6 & 5/-
— nigra , the foliage is very dark purple, nearly black	...	3/6 & 5/-
spinosa flore pleno , the Double Flowered Sloe. Bushes only	...	2/6 to 5/-

Large stocks of ornamental cherries.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

T

The Harbingers of Spring ...



*Illustration of
WATERERS
Japanese Cherry
OKU Miyako.*



WATERERS
flowering CRABS
& CHERRIES

NEW JAPANESE CHERRIES.

Japanese Cherries
give showers of
bloom.

These can be seen flowering
at Bagshot
in April and May.

The most enchanting effects are possible with these Eastern gems. From March onwards their beauty is unrivalled, their colours soft and pleasing. In naming these cherries we have followed the nomenclature of C. Ingram, Esq., of Benenden, to whom we acknowledge our indebtedness.

To assist customers in making a selection for flowering in succession, we have numbered the various varieties according to the period at which they commence to bloom

1. End of March to early April.
2. Early to mid April.
3. End of April to early May.
4. Early to mid May.

**ORDERS FOR £2 AND UPWARDS
SENT CARRIAGE PAID, PACKED
FREE, IN ENGLAND AND WALES.**

See page 4.

PRICES.

STANDARDS, 5-ft. stems, can be supplied in almost every variety and are marked, $\frac{1}{2} 7/6$, 10/6 and 15/- each.

Bush plants from 5/- to 10/6.

N.B.—When ordering, kindly state whether Bush or Standard Trees are required.

Larger plants, prices on application.

For Avenue Planting and Quantities, special prices on application.

4 AMA-NO-GAWA (serrulata erecta),	EACH.
Apple Blossom. Flowers semi-double, blush pink. Erect and close growing habit, resembling a "Lombardy" poplar. Makes a fine avenue tree	
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Ariake (serrulata candida). Large single white flowers, freely borne. Tree somewhat stiff in habit ...	
$\frac{1}{2}$ Conradinae semiplena , semi-double, prettily frilled pink flowers, young foliage reddish bronze	5/-
2 Daikoku (serrulata daikoku), full, double flowers of a deep pink lilac in loose, drooping corymbs. Young plants	5/-
4 $\frac{1}{2}$ FUGENZO (serrulata Veitchiana), a late flowering form with double, rose-pink flowers. A very handsome and well known tree ...	



PRUNUS CERASUS AMA-NO-GAWA.

Your inspection of our Stock is cordially invited.

NEW JAPANESE CHERRIES—continued.

Hizakura of nurseries, see Kanzan.

2‡**HOKUSAI** (*lannesiana ojochin*). Large semi-double light pink flowers. A free growing, beautiful hardy form

Horinji, bears double pale pink flowers of a pleasing shade. Young plants only

3 **Ichijo** (*serrulata unifolia*) (*Ko-fugen*). A beautiful form with double soft pink blossoms borne in long stalked corymbs

1‡**Incisa**, "Fuji" cherry, a beautiful shrub or small tree, bearing a profusion of white flowers very early in the season

J. H. Veitch, see *Fugenzo*.

3‡**Jo-Nioi** (*serrulata affinis*), one of the best white varieties, single flowers borne in great abundance, strongly almond scented. Grows into a medium sized tree

3‡**KANZAN** (*serrulata sekiyama*). Large semi-double deep pink flowers. The young foliage unfolds a beautiful bronzy hue. Makes a fine tree of rather upright habit and is one of the best for general planting ...

3 **Kirin** (*serrulata kirin*). Differing somewhat from Kanzan, its double pink blossoms are borne on shorter-stemmed and more compact corymbs which open a little earlier in the season. Not quite such a strong grower. Makes a medium sized tree

2 **KOJIMA** (*serrulata kojima*), The Mount Fuji Cherry. Very large single to semi-double snowy-white flowers, sweetly scented, hanging in long graceful corymbs. A very fine form.

3‡**Oku-miyako** (*serrulata longipes*), one of the best of all Japanese cherries. The large, double, pure white flowers hang in long corymbs from almost horizontal branches, forming a somewhat flat headed tree. Makes a beautiful lawn specimen.

2‡**Oshokun** (*serrulata conspicua*). Large, single pink flowers, carmine in bud. Of rather slow and restricted growth.

Oriental Weeping Cherry, see *serrulata rosea*.

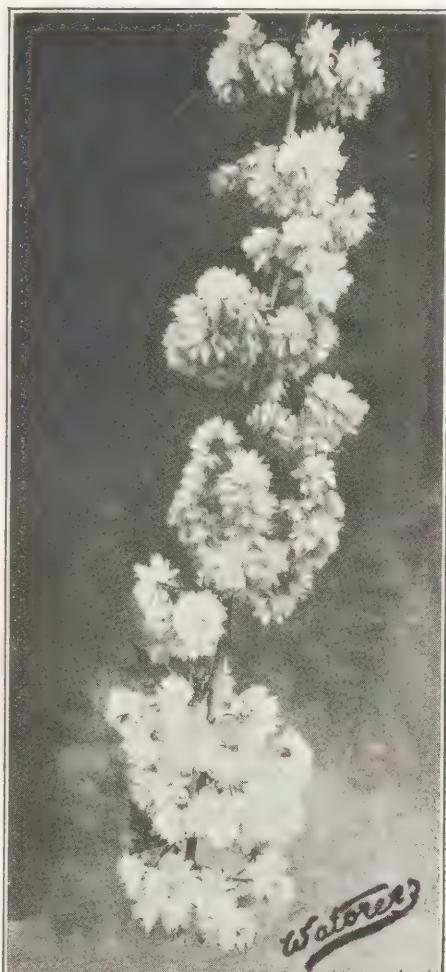
2‡**Sargentii** (*sachalinensis*). One of the most ornamental cherries. Flowers pink, early in spring, followed by young reddish bronze foliage which turns green in summer and assumes gorgeous colourings in autumn.

3 **Senriko** (*serrulata senriko*). Large, single flowers, pink in bud fading to pinkish white, with bronzy-brown foliage. Characteristic for its sturdy growth and rigid habit.

3‡**serrulata alba plena**. The Double White Japanese Cherry. Masses of pure white flowers, forms a dense medium sized tree.

3‡—**rosea**, Oriental Weeping Cherry. The long, pendulous branches are wreathed in clusters of large, double, rosy pink flowers. Standards only.

4‡**SHIRO FUGEN** (*serrulata albo rosea*). A beautiful cherry with large, double pale pink blossoms, passing to white, young leaves have a bronzy hue when unfolding. A sturdy tree.



PRUNUS SERRULATA ROSEA.

NEW JAPANESE CHERRIES—continued.

EACH.

3 **Shujaku** (*serrulata campanuloides*), of somewhat lax habit, the pale pink flowers of this variety are peculiarly attractive

2 **subhirtella ascendens** (*shiro higan*), branches at first erect then bending over literally smothered in pale pink blossoms, forms an attractive, large bush or small tree and can be used with telling effect in large rock gardens

‡**subhirtella autumnalis** (*Miquelian*). The October Cherry. A form remarkable for its habit of blooming during mild spells in Winter and valuable on this account

The Winter Flowering Cherry
subhirtella autumnalis.
See page 30 for other Winter Flowering Shrubs.

1 — **BENI HIGAN** (*subhirtella rosea*), small single flowers, white tinged pink, early and very free flowering. Forms a compact, moderate sized tree, eminently suited to small gardens

Sumizome (*serrulata subfusca*), large soft pink single to semi-double flowers, with a pleasing fragrance. Young plants only

Tai-Haku (NEW). The large single white flowers with the rich reddish copper of the young foliage render this variety unique amongst the Spring Cherries. It is vigorous in habit and free in flower

7/6

10/6

Standard forms
give
immediate effect.

BENI HIGAN.

This is a charming compact, moderate sized tree. The flowers are very numerous though small, pink in bud to almost white when fully open, the general colour effect being considerably enhanced by the wine red sepals. It is one of the earliest cherries to bloom, opening from end of March to mid April in normal seasons, and a well grown specimen is a joy to behold.

This is a variety that can be well recommended for planting in gardens of moderate dimensions and for planting as isolated groups on large lawns. The effect of such a clump seen on a sunny April morning against a dark background has to be experienced to be appreciated.

VISIT BAGSHOT
IN
APRIL AND MAY.



PRUNUS SUBHIRTELLA BENI HIGAN.

2‡— **pendula** (*sinensis pendula rosea*), Weeping Rosebud Cherry. Flowers pink in bud, paler on opening. As a standard it forms a fine umbrella shaped tree

EACH.

3 **Taizanfuken** (*serrulata ambigua*), double pale pink flowers with yellowish bronze foliage

5/-

3 **Temari** (*serrulata temari*), of strong ascending growth, this variety is very effective when smothered with close clusters of large single, sometimes semi-double, pink flowers

NEW JAPANESE CHERRIES—continued.

EACH.

3 **Udzu zakura** (*serrulata spiralis*), the double, pale pink flowers closely resemble the variety *Hokusai*, but growth is rather more open than this variety
 3½ **Ukon** (*luteo fl. pl.*) (*lannesiana grandiflora*), pale greenish yellow, semi-double flowers. A quaintly beautiful form, making a fair-sized tree ...
 1½ **YOSHINO** (*yedoensis*), bears a profusion of single white flowers early in the season. Fine vigorous habit (see illustration below) ...
 2½ **Watereri** (*sieboldii Wateriana*), Waterer's double pink. A fine form, making a medium sized, dense tree ...
 2½ **Yedo Zakura** (*Beni-Toro-No-o*) (*serrulata nobilis*), semi-double, pink flowers, deeper in the bud, of slow and restricted growth ...



PRUNUS CERASUS YOSHINO.
 One of the earliest to flower. (See above.)

YOSHINO(*yedoensis*).

A vigorous and very floriferous tree, very popular with the Japanese. The flowers are white, slightly stained with pink as they mature and open before the foliage appears. It makes a tree of somewhat open habit. As this variety is very free in growth it makes a fine Avenue tree for parks and large gardens, and when better known will become increasingly used for this purpose. Mid March to early April flowering.

Truly named the
HARBINGERS OF SPRING,
 these flowering trees should
 find a place in every garden.
 Suitable for Specimen, Road
 and Avenue planting, their
 showers of early blossom
 brighten an otherwise dreary
 landscape.

WATERERS HERBACEOUS BORDERS

from the Floral Mile. :: Planned in detail.

See page 72.

We are at all times pleased to advise on the choice of suitable Plants and to provide numbered Plans with a keyed list showing the dispositions of the various plants, colour schemes and other features specially required by our customers. These Borders can be planned to give a continual effect throughout the season, or if requested we can arrange the planting so that the whole border flowers at the same time during any special period in the Summer.

The cost of these Borders works out at 3/- per square yard and delightful effects can be made with the wide stock of plants that we have at our disposal on the Floral Mile.

PRUNUS—continued.**PRUNUS CERASUS AVIUM FLORE PLENO.**

Standards 5/- to 10/6. Bushes 3/6 to 10/6.

The well-known double white cherry which makes a handsome tree of pyramidal outline.

Very free flowering and a vigorous grower, it will thrive in practically any soil and situation.



PRUNUS CERASUS AVIUM FLORE PLENO.

4[‡]**padus**, Bird Cherry, long drooping racemes of pure white flowers EACH.
Standards 5/- to 10/6. Bushes 3/6 to 5/-

4[‡]—**Watereri** (*grandiflora*), a fine large flowered form of the well known Bird Cherry **Standards 5/- to 10/6. Bushes 2/6 to 5/-**

pumila, The Sand Cherry, from North America, very fine for Autumn colouring **3/6 to 7/6**

4[‡]**Rhexii fl. pl.**, a tree of moderate growth, having large double white flowers **Standards only 7/6 & 10/6**
serotina, "Rum Cherry." A North American tree bearing white flowers in racemes, followed by black fruits **3/6 to 5/-**

PTELIA
trifoliata, Hop Tree. A quick growing deciduous tree, bearing clusters of small yellowish fragrant flowers, followed by winged seeds, reminiscent of hops **3/6 to 7/6**

PUNICA
granatum, Pomegranate, a deciduous shrub which requires a warm wall to flower freely when its brilliant scarlet flowers are a remarkable sight in July and August **3/6 & 5/-**
—**flore pleno**, a double form **3/6 to 5/-**

PYRACANTHA. A race of hardy ornamental fruiting evergreens, equally suitable for covering walls or for growing in shrub borders or exposed positions.

E. **angustifolia** (*Cotoneaster angustifolia*), evergreen, orange yellow berries borne in large clusters **2/6 to 5/-**

E. **crenulata** (*Yunnanensis*), a fine evergreen shrub covered in autumn with red berries, good on any wall **2/6 to 5/-**

E. **Gibbsii**, recently introduced from China. Intense brilliant orange scarlet berries, freely borne, persisting until well on into March **3/6 to 7/6**

E. **LALANDII**, one of the most ornamental of the berrying shrubs, orange scarlet fruit, good on a wall (*see illustration page 29*) **2/6 to 5/-**

E. **Rogersiana**, an elegant evergreen shrub smothered with white flowers in summer followed by red berries in the autumn **2/6 to 5/-**

E. —**aurantiaca**, orange red berries **2/6 to 5/-**

E. —**flava**, a form with yellow berries **2/6 to 5/-**

We have many fine specimen Hollies for sale.

SPRING FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL CRABS.



PYRUS FLORIBUNDA.

Flowering and Ornamental Crabs.

	Bushes from EACH.
ALDENHAMENSIS , striking crimson flowers, purple leaves, a distinct new form	3/6 to 7/6
Arnoldiana improved , flowers larger than <i>floribunda</i> , in bud a blaze of bright pink	3/6 to 7/6
cashmirensis , the "Cashmir Crab." Flowers pale pink followed by an abundance of small yellow fruits	3/6 to 7/6
Cheals Crimson (<i>prunifolia coccinea</i>), medium size fruit, bright crimson, covered with a delicate bloom and minute green spots	5/-
coronarius aureus , a brilliant golden foliage form, unusual in this genus	3/6 to 7/6
Dartmouth , medium-sized rich crimson fruit, with grape-like bloom ; beautiful in flower and fruit	3/6 to 7/6
ELEYI , A.M., R.H.S., a striking new crab apple both in flower and fruit	3/6 to 7/6
FLORIBUNDA , The Japanese Crab, clusters of pink flowers and crimson buds in early spring	3/6 to 7/6
— ATROSANGUINEA , a deep red form of the <i>Japanese Crab</i>	3/6 to 7/6
GIBB'S GOLDEN GAGE , of recent introduction, bears attractive golden glowing fruits in profusion	3/6 to 7/6
Ioensis fl., pl. , The Prairie States Crab, a distinct and beautiful Crab known also in America as the Bechtel Crab, fine rose pink double flowers with a distinct odour of violets, very late to bloom	5/-
japonica , see <i>Cydonia</i> page 49.	
John Downie , ovate richly coloured and tinted fruit borne in clusters, a remarkably prolific bearer	3/6 to 7/6
KAIDO , one of the best flowering crabs grown, rosy-red to rose flowers	3/6 to 7/6
Lemoinei , similar to <i>Aldenhamensis</i> , but flowers deeper in colour	3/6 to 7/6
magdeburgensis , a beautiful hybrid with semi-double rose-coloured flowers in dense clusters	3/6 to 7/6
Malus albo pleno , a double white form of the Wild Crab Apple	3/6 to 7/6
NIEDZWETZKYANA , clusters of rich purple flowers, purple foliage and large purple fruit	3/6 to 7/6
PRUNIFOLIA , Siberian Red Crab, masses of white blossoms, followed by yellowish red tinted fruits ; from Siberia, and long known as the Siberian Crab, but <i>P. baccata</i> is the Siberian Crab of botanists	3/6 to 7/6
purpurea (<i>floribunda purpurea</i>), a beautiful hybrid producing a mass of rosy crimson flowers with purplish-green leaves and shoots. The purple fruits of medium size hang on the tree until late in the season	3/6 to 7/6

PYRUS—Flowering and Ornamental Crab Apples—continued.

STANDARDS 5/- to 10/6.

<i>Sargentii</i> , a new Chinese Crab, but little known, single white flowers in bold clusters, bright scarlet fruit	... ... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	Bushes from each.
<i>SCHEIDECKERI</i> , semi-double pale rose flowers, produced liberally along long branches	... ... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
<i>Siberian Red</i> , see <i>Prunifolia</i> .			
<i>Sieboldii calicarpum</i> , bright rosy crimson flower buds, cream on opening, followed by dense clusters of ornamental fruits	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
<i>SPECTABILIS</i> , Chinese Crab, pale red, semi-double flowers in April and May, rather earlier than <i>Scheideckeri</i>	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
<i>theifera</i> , flower buds bright rosy crimson, white on opening, followed by ornamental fruits. Bushes	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
<i>transitoria toringoides</i> , A.M., R.H.S., an ornamental crab of recent introduction, of rapid growth, very free fruiting	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
<i>Veitch's Scarlet</i> , white flowers followed by fruits rich crimson scarlet over golden yellow, ovate, pleasant brisk flavour; a cross between Red Siberian Crab and King of the Pippins apple	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	

WHITE BEAM AND SERVICE TREES.

N.B. The White Beam and Service Trees, together with the Mountain Ash in its many varieties, grow well on chalky soils and are invaluable for foliage, berries and bright Autumn tints.

<i>aria</i> , White Beam Tree, a handsome native tree with downy leaves and small flowers in corymbs, scarlet red fruit	... ... ...	3/6 & 5/-	EACH.
— <i>asplenifolia</i> , leaves deeply serrated, giving the tree a light, graceful appearance	... ... ...	5/-	
— <i>LUTESCENS</i> , has larger leaves than the type, of a pretty sulphur grey hue	... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
— <i>majestica</i> , a fine fruiting form of the "White Beam"	... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
— <i>PINNATIFIDA GIBBSII</i> , a handsome form bearing bunches of conspicuous scarlet fruits in Autumn	... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
AUCUPARIA , Mountain Ash or Rowan, striking for its scarlet fruit in large loose bunches and elegant foliage effect (see also page 97)	... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
— <i>fructu luteo</i> , yellow berried form of the Mountain Ash	... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
Conradinae . A fine mountain ash from Western China. Bears large clusters of small orange coloured fruits, while the foliage turns beautiful shades of orange and red in the autumn; scarce	... ... ...	5/-	
DISCOLOR . A pretty Mountain Ash from China, noted for its Autumn tints		3/6 to 10/6	
intermedia (scandica) , Swedish White Beam. A handsome ornamental tree, red fruit in autumn	... ... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
mundula sub-arachnoidea . A new species with dainty pinnate foliage and clusters of white fruits	... ... ...	5/- to 10/6	
Pekinensis , a rare form with somewhat pendent foliage, turning reddish bronze in autumn	... ... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
pohuashanensis , a beautiful Mountain Ash from North China, bears large scarlet berries in Autumn and the foliage turns brilliant orange-apricot	... ... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
ruto-ferruginea , a rare Japanese Mountain Ash of graceful habit. The foliage assumes beautiful autumn tints	... ... ...	5/- to 7/6	
salicifolia , the "Willow-Leaved Pear." A most ornamental tree with white flowers and silvery leaves; 15 to 20 feet	... ... ...	5/- to 10/6	
torminalis , The Wild Service tree, acutely lobed leaves, small white flowers and oval fruit, a small grower	... ... ...	2/6 to 5/-	
VILMORINI (foliolosa) , a new Chinese tree, with finely laciniated leaves and white flowers followed by bright red fruits in autumn	... ...	3/6 & 7/6	
WILSONIANA , a vigorous species from China of the Mountain Ash group, bears white berries with a rose eye and the leaves assume rich tints in autumn	... ... ...	3/6 to 10/6	
QUERCUS, Oak. Deciduous trees of great economical value while some assume glorious autumnal colours.			
Cerris , The Turkey Oak. A noble tree attaining 120ft. Long thin coarsely toothed leaves	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
coccinea , Scarlet Oak, intensely brilliant leaves in autumn, North America	... ...	5/- to 10/6	
— <i>splendens</i> (<i>Knaphill Scarlet</i>), brilliant scarlet leaves in autumn	... ...	7/6 to 21/-	
Ilex , the Holly or Holm Oak, evergreen, makes a handsome tree, requires good deep loam	... ... ...	3/6 to 7/6	
pedunculata , English Oak, valuable for park or forest planting	... ...	1/6 to 7/6	
— <i>Concordia</i> , Golden Oak, the leaves turn rich clear yellow	... ...	5/- to 10/6	
— <i>fastigiata</i> , the "Cypress Oak." A fine pyramidal form of the Common Oak	... ...	5/- to 10/6	
rubra , the Champion or Red American Oak, foliage a handsome deep crimson colour in autumn	... ... ...	5/- to 10/6	

QUICKTHORN, see *Hedgemaking Shrubs*, page 96.

EACH.

RAPHIOLEPIS, Japanese Hawthorn.

E. *japonica* (*ovata*), white fragrant flowers followed in autumn by red berries; a beautiful evergreen, good for a North East wall

3/6 & 5/-

RHAMNUS. Flowering evergreen and deciduous shrubs with dark glossy foliage.

E. *alaternus variegatus*, does well by sea and on chalk, leaves prettily mottled with white

2/6 to 5/-

imeritae (*Libanotica*), very large deep green leathery leaves, strong grower, deciduous

2/6 to 5/-

RHODODENDRON, see pages 5 to 19.

RHODORA (*syn. Rhododendron Rhododora*).

canadensis, a deciduous American peat-loving plant of the Rhododendron family, resembles an Azalea and produces in May lilac-purple flowers with sweet scent. Its flowering period makes it very valuable ...

2/6 to 5/-

RHODOTYPOS

kerrioides, deciduous, large white Anemone-like flowers from May to September and pretty silky foliage which turns bright yellow in Autumn; attains about 4 feet

2/6 to 5/-

RHUS, Sumach. A group of distinct deciduous shrubs with novel flower formation and beautiful foliage effects, they thrive almost anywhere.

coppallina, a rare species with pinnate leaves. Foliage turns a vivid scarlet in autumn. Slow growers, attains about 4ft.

3/6

Cotinus, Venetian Sumach, Smoke or Wig plant, flowers composed of reddish fluffy hairs in loose panicles, glaucous foliage, attains about 6 feet.

Spain to Caucasus

2/6 to 5/-

— *atropurpurea*, enormous feathery panicles of purple tinged flower heads

— *folius purpureus*, "Burning Bush," purple stems and foliage throughout the summer

2/6 & 5/-

typhina, Stag's Horn Sumach or Vinegar tree, crimson seed clusters in autumn and orange scarlet Palm-like leaves, a native of North America

2/6 to 5/-

— *lacinata*, Fern-leaved Sumach, handsome form with fern-like fronds

2/6 to 5/-

which turn brilliant red in the autumn, dwarf, compact habit ...

2/6 to 5/-

RIBES, Currant. Deciduous early flowering shrubs thriving in any soil, their period of bloom and the subsequent foliage tints renders them almost indispensable to any shrubbery.

americanum, the foliage is EACH. DOZ.

particularly handsome turning bright crimson bronze. Small yellow flowers. Larger plants

2/6 and 3/6 ...

1/- 10/-

aureum, Buffalo Currant, beautiful yellow flowers, slightly tinted red.

Larger plants 2/6 and

3/6 ...

1/- 10/-

Standards 5/- to 7/6

Gordonianum, pretty reddish, yellow throated flowers. Larger plants

2/6 and 3/6 ...

1/- 10/-

SANGUINEUM, The Flowering Currant, drooping trusses of deep rose flowers.

Larger plants 2/6 and

3/6 ...

1/- 10/-

Standards 5/- to 7/6

— *atrosanguineum*, deep crimson flowers ...

Standards 5/- and 7/6

— *fl. pl.*, a double form of the preceding ...

1/6 15/-

King Edward VII., clear bright crimson flowers, very fine ...

speciosum, the Fuschia Flowered Currant, crimson flowers with long pro-

truding stamens, makes a good wall plant where it attains 5 to 6 feet ...

1/6 15/-

2/6



RIBES SANGUINEUM,
the Flowering Currant.

Rhododendrons the best evergreens to flower.

ROBINIA, Acacia. Deciduous flowering trees thriving in almost any soil, but best on light rich loam	STANDARDS	EACH.
Decaisneana , a quick growing form with rosy flowers	...	5/- to 7/6
hispida , Rose Acacia, soft green fern-like foliage and pendulous sprays of rose pink flowers, attains about 16 feet; from N. America	...	3/6 to 7/6
— macrophylla , larger flowers than the preceding, the growth being without the characteristic hairiness of <i>Hispida</i>	...	3/6 & 5/-
Kelseyi , a beautiful new Rose Acacia with pretty rosy pink flowers in pendulous racemes, freely produced	...	3/6 & 5/-
neo mexicana , pale rose coloured flowers in dense clustered racemes late in summer, foliage glaucous green	...	3/6 to 7/6
Pseudacacia , Locust Tree, a handsome, quick-growing tree with white flowers in long racemes with a pleasing odour. The tree carries sharp stiff spines	...	3/6 to 7/6
— Bessoniana , a very quick grower, with pale pink, sweet scented flowers in summer, thornless	...	2/6 to 7/6
— inermis . The mop-headed Acacia	STANDARDS	7/6 & 10/6
ROMNEYA, Californian Tree Poppy.		
Coulteri , a beautiful plant producing snowy white flowers, with golden yellow stamens and deeply cut glaucous green foliage; 5 to 6ft.; June-October	per doz. 25/-	2/6
HYBRIDA , a more vigorous and free flowering variety. The best of the three, thrives in almost any soil	per doz. 25/-	2/6
trichocalyx , distinct from <i>Coulteri</i> by its hairy calyx	per doz. 25/-	2/6



ROSA MOYESII.

These Rose Species are invaluable for Autumn colour.

ROSA Hugonis (CHINA). A graceful species with fern-like foliage, and bright yellow sweet scented flowers in May and June; 4 to 5ft.	...	EACH. 2/6
Moyesii , an attractive, strong-growing species with numerous blood-red flowers in June and July followed by bright crimson hips in autumn; 6 to 8ft.	...	3/6
rubrifolia , the bright glaucous red foliage and red stems make this species very attractive throughout the growing season	...	1/6
sericea pteriantha . The beautiful broad, transparent, coral and crimson coloured thorns render this desirable species highly decorative, 5 to 7ft.	...	2/6
ROSE. Species in many fine flowering and fruiting forms for naturalizing. See our <i>Rose Catalogue</i> .		
ROSEMARY . An old garden favourite with aromatic foliage	... per doz. 7/6	9d.

RUBUS, Bramble. Deciduous flowering shrubs of extremely accommodating nature. Some are valuable for their winter bark effect and associate well with Willows and Dogwood	EACH.
Giraldiana , new Chinese white-stemmed form probably the handsomest of all	2/6
odoratus , handsome vine-like leaves and large purplish rose flowers; forms a dense bush, an American plant	1/6 & 2/-
spectabilis , the Salmon Berry, produces bright crimson flowers in Spring, shrubby habit	1/6 & 2/-
Veitchii , a new Chinese Bramble with purple-blue stems and finely laciniate foliage	2/6 & 3/6
For other edible Berries of this group, see <i>Fruit Tree Catalogue</i> .	
RUSCUS, Butcher's Broom.	
E. aculeatus , a good dwarf evergreen shrub with red berries of the size of marbles, grows well under trees	2/- to 5/-
racemosus , see <i>Danae</i> .	
SALIX, Willow. Deciduous trees for wet situations, the winter bark colour of some varieties is very effective and offers large scope in design together with those of the Dogwoods and Brambles.	
— alba , the common white Willow, very fast growing, needs moist conditions	1/6 to 3/6
— argentea (regalis) , conspicuous silvery foliage, make handsome weeping trees	1/6 to 7/6
— babylonica , Babylonian Weeping Willow, but of Japanese origin	1/6 to 3/6
— ramulis aureis , Golden Weeping Willow, makes a conspicuous feature tree	2/6 to 10/6
Caprea , the Palm or Goat Willow, the common willow	1/6 to 3/6
— pendula (Kilmarnock Willow), a weeping form of the Goat Willow. Std. 7/6	1/6 to 3/6
coerulea (Bat Willow), tree of large stature, with glaucous hue on leaves ...	1/6 to 3/6
daphnoidea , the Violet Willow, a strong grower with yellow catkins in early spring	1/6
eugenoides purpurea , a pretty, narrow-leaved willow of fairly dense habit ...	1/6 & 3/6
magnifica , a remarkable Willow, introduced by Wilson from China. Large broad blue-green leaves of distinct appearance	3/6 to 21/-
Petzoldii pendula , an elegant weeping willow somewhat resembling <i>salix Babylonica</i>	2/6 to 5/-
purpurea pendula , American Weeping Willow	5/- to 7/6
rosmarinifolia , a small growing fine leaved form	1/6 to 3/6
vitellina , golden barked willow. Bark turns clear, bright yellow in winter ...	1/6 to 3/6
— Britzensis , The Cardinal Willow, effective brilliantly coloured bark ...	1/6 to 3/6
STANDARDS	
SAMBUCUS, Elder. Deciduous flowering and fruiting shrubs, economically useful as well as ornamental.	
nigra foliis aureis , beautiful golden foliage, one of the most conspicuous yellow foliaged shrubs ...	1/6 to 2/6
SARCOCOCCA. Rare evergreens from China and Japan, compact growers with bright glossy leaves and thriving under trees.	
E. *humilis (new), very dwarf, bright glossy green leaves, suitable for dry soils and shady spots	1/- to 1/6
E. *ruscifolia , glossy green leaves and small white flowers, sweetly scented ...	2/-
SCHIZOPHRAGMA	
D.C.L. hydrangeoides , the climbing Hydrangea, the flowers are white and distinctly handsome. The plant will twine around a pole or tree stump with beautiful effect	3/6 to 7/6
SENECO	
E. *Grayii , a handsome evergreen from New Zealand; beautiful grey leaves which are a clear silver underneath; a splendid rock shrub ...	2/- to 3/6
SKIMMIA , handsome evergreens of compact habit. They thrive well in partial shade and many varieties are extremely handsome when in berry.	
— Foremanii , a fine hybrid bearing scarlet berries	2/6 to 5/-
E. Fortunei , a neat growing shrub with Laurel-like leaves and abundant scarlet fruits in autumn; from Japan	2/6 to 7/6
E. japonica (oblata) . A neat and handsome evergreen shrub. There are two distinct forms, the male bearing comparatively large trusses of fragrant flowers and a female form bearing relatively inconspicuous flowers, followed by red fruits.	
E. — female form . Has showy red berries in Autumn	2/6 to 5/-
E. japonica fragrans , a male form with sweet smelling flowers in Spring. One male should be planted to every four or five female plants to ensure fertilization	2/6 to 5/-
E. — Rogersi , a compact grower, berries very freely	2/6 & 3/-
E. rubella , Chinese form with greenish white sweet scented flowers and pink buds	2/6 to 5/6
SNOWBALL TREE , see <i>Viburnum opulus sterile</i> , page 91.	
SNOWBERRY , see <i>Symporicarpus</i> , page 87.	
SNOWY MESPILUS , see <i>Amelanchier</i> , page 34.	

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

SOLANUM

D.CL. *terispum*, **Glasnevin var.**, a deciduous Chilian wall plant with large clusters of lovely purple blue flowers in summer followed by white berries. Requires south or west aspect

EACH.

2/6 & 3/6

E.CL. *†jasminooides*, an evergreen wall plant remarkable for its profusion of pure white flowers with yellow stamens produced freely in summer and early autumn, rapid growing

2/6 & 3/6

SOPHORA

japonica, a deciduous tree from China, elegant foliage and small greenish white flowers

3/6 & 5/-

tetraptera, the national tree of New Zealand, bearing yellow flowers in racemes, very showy

3/6 & 5/-

viciifolia, blue and white Wistaria-like flowers

2/6 & 3/6

SORBUS, see **Pyrus**, page 80.

SPARTIUM

juncinum, Spanish Broom, of the Mediterranean region, fragrant yellow flowers produced abundantly in racemes imparting a strikingly beautiful effect, at home in poor sandy soils, deciduous ... per doz. 15/-

1/6

**Astilbes, Spiraeas
and**

Japanese Irises

can be seen at Bagshot
in full bloom from end
of June to end of July,

and your

**INSPECTION IS
CORDIALLY
INVITED.**



SPIRAEA ARBOREA.

SPIRAEA. Deciduous shrubs flowering freely and thriving in almost any garden soil but preferring rich sandy loam.

EACH.

Varieties marked 1/6 are 15/- per dozen.

Aitchisonii, a species from Afghanistan with red bark, fern-like foliage and panicles of white flowers, attains 6 to 8 feet

1/6 to 3/6
1/6 to 3/6

arborea, large plumes of white flowers in Summer (see illustration above) ...

1/6 to 3/6

arguta (multiflora) covered with white flowers at the end of April, a splendid shrub attaining about 4 feet ...

1/6 to 3/6

bracteata, branches of white flowers in elegant rosettes, freely produced, a charming plant

1/6 to 3/6

**bullata (crispifolia)*, one of the most valuable for the rock garden, of dwarf habit and extremely floriferous, rosy carmine flowers; from Japan ...

1/6 to 3/6

canescens, one of the best, slender arching branches covered with white bloom in June and July, attains about 6 feet ...

1/6 to 3/6
1/6 to 3/6

confusa major, a more robust variation of the above ...

1/6 to 3/6

discolor (ariafolia), plume-like sprays of creamy white flowers during summer, attains 10 to 12 feet...

1/6 to 3/6

Douglasii, erect spikes of rosy red flowers, attains 6 feet or so and succeeds best in damp soil ...

1/6 to 3/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Our Twyford Nurseries for the best in Lupins. Special List post free.

SPIRÆA—continued.

	EACH.
Henryi , graceful arching branches of white flowers in clusters, a new form from China ...	1/6 to 3/6
japonica acuminata , large corymbs of rich rose coloured flowers, from July to September ...	1/6 to 3/6
— alba (callosa alba) , pure white flowers, compact habit ...	1/6 to 3/6
— bumalda , of dwarf habit, attractive pink flowers ...	1/6 to 3/6
— Anthony Waterer , a lovely variety, with panicles of intense bright carmine red flowers, dwarf habit, reaching about 2 feet in summer and autumn ...	1/6 to 3/6
— Walluffii , vivid crimson flowers from July to September ...	2/6 to 3/6
Lindleyana , produces during August and September large sprays of creamy white flowers ...	1/6 to 3/6
millefolium , A N.W. American species ...	1/6 to 3/6
Miyabei glabrata , a handsome shrub flowering early June ...	1/6 to 5/-
opulifolia aurea , attractive golden foliage variety, less vigorous than the above	1/6 to 3/6
prunifolia flore pleno , flowers early in April, double, like small rosettes borne in clusters along arching branches; from Japan ...	1/6 to 3/6
Reevesiana , fl., pl., double white flowers ...	1/6 to 3/6
rotundifolia , bunches of white flowers abundantly produced along the whole branch ...	1/6 to 3/6
Thunbergii , masses of snowy white flowers in early spring, the best of all the shrubby varieties; Japan ...	1/6 to 3/6
Van Houttei , a garden hybrid with pure white blossoms in spring ...	1/6 to 3/6
Veitchi , tall grower, white ...	2/- to 3/6
Wilsoni (new), a vigorous tall shrub, long white flowers in corymbs, June and July; China ...	2/6

For Herbaceous Spiræas see Hardy Plant Catalogue.

STACHYRUS

japonica , a deciduous shrub with reddish stems and racemes of yellow flowers in March ...	3/6 & 5/-
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STAPHYLEA, Bladder Nut.

colchica , a deciduous shrub of upright habit, bearing conspicuous white flowers in elegant panicles in early spring, needs a moist soil, can be forced. Caucasus ...	2/6 to 5/-
pinnata , white flowers in terminal clusters, followed by curious and interesting fruits ...	2/6 to 5/-

STEPHANANDRA.

EACH.

flexuosa , deciduous, recumbent stems and delicately cut leaves, producing an abundance of small white flowers; Japan. Best in peaty loam, attains about 3 feet ...	2/6 & 3/6
Tanakae , a Japanese variety, leaves finely cut and turn a brilliant orange-bronze, persisting well into autumn ...	2/6 & 3/6

STEWARTIA.

pentagyna , a deciduous shrub of bushy habit, attaining 10/12 ft. Creamy white flowers with conspicuous yellow anthers borne in July and August ...	7/6 & 10/6
pseudo camellia , white flowers with orange-yellow stamens in July and August. Foliage turns red and yellow before falling ...	5/- & 7/6

STRANVAESIA.

E. **DAVIDIANA**, an evergreen shrub, bearing scarlet berries in winter ...

2/6 to 7/6

— **var. undulata**, a pendulous spreading evergreen bush bearing red berries ...

2/6 to 7/6

STRANVAESIA DAVIDIANA.

EACH.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

Waterers Special Fertilizers are invaluable.



STYRAX

japonicum, Japanese Storax, deciduous, covered in June with fragrant pure white flowers with yellow stamens resembling Snowdrops, carried on long slender shoots, neat dense habit, attains 10 feet or so

Obassia, one of the finest flowering trees introduced from Japan; the Snowdrop-like flowers are waxy white, and borne in long drooping racemes and sweetly scented, large lustrous green leaves, deciduous

Wilsoni, an elegant new plant from China, distinct and floriferous

SUMACH, see *Rhus*, page 82.

SUTHERLANDIA, see *Colutea*, page 45.

SYCAMORE, see *Acer Pseudo-platanus*, page 34.

SYCOPSIS

E. sinensis, a new Chinese evergreen shrub of neat habit, attaining a height of 10 to 15 feet, leaves 2 to 3 inches long, flowers produced from the axils of the leaves during January and February

SYMPHORICARPUS, **Snowberry**. Useful deciduous shrubs succeeding well in the poorest of soils.

Varieties marked 1/- each are 10/- per dozen.

fructo-rubro (*orbiculatus*), Coral Berry, the berries are of a pretty pink shade

occidentalis (Wolf Berry), rose white flowers rather larger than those of the common form, but the fruits are smaller

racemosus, the White Snowberry, will grow under trees, useful for covert planting

— laevigatus, pure white berries unusually large

EACH.

3/6 to 21/-

5/- to 10/6
3/6 to 7/6

3/6 to 21/-

SHRUB BORDERS.

See page 58.



SYRINGA MICHAEL BUCHNER. (See page 88.)

SYRINGA, **Lilac**. An important family of deciduous shrubs bearing panicles of bloom in many attractive shades, particularly in the case of the *Vulgaris* hybrids. They grow freely in any soil of moderate quality and not over dry. A good loam is the best. **We have pleasure in stating that all Lilacs offered by us are on their own roots. We have for several years been working for this result as we have fully realised the serious disadvantages from which Lilacs suffer when grafted on Privet or seedling stocks when permanently planted in the garden.**

NOTE—Mock Orange is often erroneously called Syringa. The correct name is *Philadelphus*, under which heading details and prices will be found on page 68.

N.B.—Lilacs should not be judged harshly their first year after planting as they never flower in good character until well established.

Emodi, a strong growing EACH.

June flowering species white with rosy lilac

reverse

3/6 to 5/-

3/6 to 7/6

japonica, enormous clusters of creamy white flowers in summer

Josikaea, Josika's Lilac, pale mauve flowers in erect spikes, June flowering: Hungary

persica, Persian Lilac, clear lilac flowers on straight slender branches ...

— alba, large white flowers in small clusters

Sweginzowii superba, white suffused pink

tomentella (*Wilsoni*) produces sweet scented pink flowers in May and June. Makes a fine bush ...

villosa, a Chinese species with panicles of lilac rose flowers. A vigorous and ornamental shrub ...

vulgaris, Common Lilac, one of the commonest and most useful English garden shrubs ...

— alba, the white form of the Common Lilac ...

3/6 to 7/6

2/6 & 3/6

2/6 & 3/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

For Hedgemaking Shrubs see pages 95 and 96.

SYRINGA—continued.

Single Hybrids.	Bushes, 3/6, 5/- & 7/6 each.	Standards, our selection, 7/6 & 10/6 each.
— <i>vulgaris Charles X.</i> ,	rosy purple, a good forcer.	
— <i>Congo</i> ,	bright Wallflower-red, a handsome and distinct form.	
— <i>Dr. Lindley</i> ,	rosy purple.	
— <i>Madame F. Morel</i> ,	violet pink.	
— <i>Marie Legraye</i> ,	white, very fine, forces well.	
— <i>Massena</i> ,	very large trusses and flowers of a deep mauve ...	... 5/- & 7/6
— <i>Maurice Barres</i> ,	enormous panicles of pale bluish-lilac flowers.	
— <i>Pasteur</i> ,	large incurved flowers in a good truss of dark vinous red ...	... 5/-
— <i>Princess Marie</i> ,	pinkish lilac.	
— <i>Souvenir de L. Spath</i> ,	dark red, one of the finest varieties.	
— <i>Vulcan</i> ,	red purple.	

Double Hybrids.	Bushes 3/6, 5/- & 7/6 each.	STANDARDS, our selection, 7/6 & 10/6 each.
— <i>vulgaris Alphonse Lavalee</i> ,	blue shaded violet.	
— <i>Belle de Nancy</i> ,	pale pink, good truss.	
— <i>Charles Joly</i> ,	very dark red.	
— <i>Condorcet</i> ,	blue, white reverse, large.	
— <i>Emile Lemoine</i> ,	flesh rose.	
— <i>Leon Simon</i> ,	blue, buds coral.	
— <i>Madame A. Chatenay</i> ,	milk white.	
— <i>Madame Casimir Perier</i> ,	creamy white.	
— <i>Madame Lemoine</i> ,	pure white, exceedingly fine.	
— <i>Michael Buchner</i> ,	pale lilac with trace of rose. (See illustration page 87.)	
— <i>Miss Ellen Willmott</i> ,	large spikes of pure white flowers ...	... 5/-
— <i>President Carnot</i> ,	pale lilac, lighter centre.	
— <i>President Grevy</i> ,	blue, shaded rose, large blooms in massive clusters.	
— <i>Virginite</i> ,	pale blush.	
— <i>Waldeck Rousseau</i> ,	rosy lilac, fine large truss.	
— <i>William Robinson</i> ,	double mauve.	

SHRUBS for planting IN or NEAR TOWNS. See page 28.

TAMARIX.	Attractive deciduous shrubs thriving best in maritime localities, in sandy soil, their feathery foliage is distinct and useful.	EACH.
— <i>gallica</i> ,	Common Tamarisk, plume-like sprays of pink flowers, May onwards	1/6
— <i>hispida aestivalis</i> ,	very free flowering and distinct; the branches are covered in July with beautiful plume-like flowers of a very pretty carmine-pink colour ...	2/-
— <i>odessana</i> ,	pretty soft pink flowers in June and July ...	1/6 to 2/6
— <i>parviflora</i> (<i>tetandra purpurea</i>),	a charming crimson May flowering variety	1/6 to 2/6
TECOMA		
D.C.L. <i>grandiflora</i> (<i>Bignonia grandiflora</i>),	a handsome climber for a warm sunny wall particularly suitable for maritime districts, deciduous, the flowers are rich orange scarlet produced in drooping clusters, requires rich well drained soil. China and Japan ...	2/6 & 3/6
D.C.L. <i>radicans</i> (<i>Bignonia radicans</i>),	Trumpet flower, a tall climber attaining 15 to 20 feet, bearing handsome scarlet red trumpet-shaped flowers. The flowering period is a long one and at its best at mid-summer, deciduous. N. America ...	2/6 & 3/6
TEUCRIUM, Germaner		
E.C.L. <i>fruticans</i> (<i>latifolium</i>),	a S. European shrub with large pale blue flowers in May and silvery leaves, white stems ...	1/6 to 3/6
TILIA, Lime or Linden Tree.	Handsome deciduous trees for avenue or park planting, thriving in almost any class of soil.	
— <i>europaea</i> (<i>vulgaris</i>)	Common Lime, bears sweetly scented small white flowers	5/- to 7/6
— <i>petiolaris</i> ,	the "Pendant Silver Lime." A round topped tree with graceful pendant branches, showing off the silvery undersides of its leaves to striking advantage ...	5/- to 12/6
— <i>platyphyllus</i> ,	the Red-twiggled Lime (see page 3 of cover)	5/- to 12/6
THORNS , see <i>Crataegus</i> page 48.		
TRAVELLERS' JOY , see <i>Clematis</i> pages 44 and 45.		
TRICUSPIDARIA , see <i>Crinodendron</i> page 49.		
TULIP TREE , see <i>Liriodendron</i> page 65.		

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

We cordially invite your inspection.

ORDERS FOR £2 & UPWARDS SENT
CARRIAGE PAID, PACKED FREE, IN
ENGLAND AND WALES. See page 4.

ULEX, Gorse, Furze or Whin. Most useful evergreens for dry banks or game coverts, valuable as a flowering shrub, blooming generally from February until May.	EACH.
E. europaeus , Common Gorse, masses of bright golden flowers. 10/6 per doz. in pots	1/-
E. — flore pleno , the double flowered form ... 22/6 per doz., in pots	2/-

TREES & SHRUBS with AUTUMN TINTED FOLIAGE. See page 29.

ULMUS, Elm. Deciduous trees of noble aspect for avenue or park planting.	
Americana aurea , a fine golden leaved form of the American Elm	3/6 to 10/6
campestris , English Elm, best in moist rich soil	3/6 to 5/-
— Van Houttei , makes a handsome and accommodating tree, leaves rich yellow and bronze	3/6 to 10/6
— variegata , leaves conspicuously blotched, striped and margined creamy white. A very effective tree	5/- to 10/6



WEEPING ELM, ULMUS PENDULA.

montana , Wych Elm, a fine hardwood for plantations	EACH.
— fastigiata aurea , a fine upright growing golden Elm, recommended for small gardens	3/6 to 10/6
— PENDULA , a good weeping tree for lawn specimen	STANDARDS
stricta (The Cornish Elm), makes a fine erect pyramidal tree	5/- to 10/6
— Wheatleyi aurea (Dickson's Golden Elm), a slow growing, compact form, with beautiful golden foliage	7/6 to 12/6
	3/6 to 7/6
	5/- to 10/6
A few specimens to offer. ... from	17/6 to 21/-

SHRUB BORDERS Planned in Detail.

To assist our customers we shall be pleased to submit keyed plans for new borders, giving in detail a selection of varieties for a maintained flowering period. Particulars as to measurements, aspect and soil should be given. See page 71.

Waterers Irises are unsurpassed. Special List post free.

VACCINIUM. Dwarf procumbent shrubs mostly from America, with beautiful foliage and fruit effects, requiring moist peaty locations.		EACH.
	<i>corymbosum</i> , a tall grower with rich pink flowers followed by blue black berries	2/6 & 3/6
E.	* <i>Myrtillus</i> , Whortleberry or Blaeberry, a native with ovate leaves and rose white flowers succeeded by bright bluish black fruit. The young foliage is attractively tinted, deciduous	1/6
	<i>ovatum</i> , clusters of rosy white blossoms on the axils of the leaves; from N. America	2/6 & 3/6
	<i>parvifolium</i> , a compact shrub 5 to 6ft. Leaves in Autumn turning various shades of yellow	2/6 to 5/-
	<i>pennsylvanicum</i> , a Virginian plant of great value for its autumn foliage colouring	2/6 & 3/6
E.	* <i>Vitis-Idaea</i> , Cowberry, an evergreen of trailing habit with green glossy box-like leaves and drooping trusses of pink flowers, succeeded by red berries, attains about 1 foot	2/- to 3/6
VERONICA. These handsome evergreen free flowering shrubs thrive on any good soil and are especially useful for seaside planting; the dwarf varieties are very fine for rock-work.		
E.	† <i>Andersoni variegata</i> , a handsome shrub with silver variegated foliage and white slightly tinged blue flowers	1/6 to 2/6
E.	†— <i>tricolor</i> , young foliage, beautifully tinted rosy red, becoming variegated as they mature	1/6 to 2/6
E.	<i>anomala</i> , a neat and compact plant with light green foliage and white flowers	1/6 & 3/6
E.	†* <i>Autumn Glory</i> , a beautiful dwarf variety with masses of intense violet flowers in autumn	1/6 to 3/6
E.	* <i>buxifolia</i> , very dwarf with box-like foliage, white flowers	1/- to 2/6
E.	* <i>cupressoides</i> , quite distinct, with foliage like a cypress, height 1 foot	1/6 to 2/6
E.	<i>Eversley seedling</i> , a lovely plant, continuing to flower the whole growing season. The flowers are rosy lilac, paling with age	1/6 & 2/6
E.	† <i>Gauntletti</i> , deep salmon rose flowers in long spikes, elegant foliage, an exceedingly handsome form	2/- & 2/6
E.	* <i>glauco coerulea</i> , metallic blue foliage, flowers blue, very dwarf, summer flowering	1/6 to 2/6
E.	* <i>Haastii</i> , dwarf, hardy species, about 1½ft. Flowers white in May and June	1/6 to 3/6
E.	* <i>Hectori</i> , a distinct dwarf form, very hardy, pale lilac flowers	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>Kirkii</i> , box-like foliage, flowers pale lilac with violet stamens	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>Lindsayi</i> , a compact grower with pink flowers	1/6 to 2/6
E.	<i>parviflora</i> , flowers white faintly tinged lilac and purple anthers	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>pimeleoides</i> , powdery blue foliage and lavender flowers, freely produced	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>Purple Queen</i> , large spikes of purple flowers	1/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>Ruddigore</i> , bright rosy crimson flowers in handsome large spikes, July to October flowering	2/6
E.	<i>salicifolia</i> , bluish white flowers	1/6 to 2/6
E.	<i>salicornioides</i> , an attractive and distinct dwarf form; fine for rockeries	1/6 to 2/6
E.	<i>Simon Delaux</i> , fine bright purplish crimson	2/6 to 3/6
E.	<i>Traversii</i> , pretty pale lavender white flowers, box-like foliage	1/6 to 2/6
E.	— <i>White Gem</i> , an elegant white form of the above...	1/6 to 3/6
VIBURNUM. A valuable group of deciduous and evergreen shrubs, attractive in flower, fruit and foliage, and thriving in any free loamy soil.		
	<i>alnifolium</i> , a deciduous shrub, 7 to 10ft., growing large heads of white flowers in April and May. Leaves turn a brilliant colour in autumn	3/6 to 7/6
E.	BURKWOODII , a hybrid between <i>Utile</i> and <i>Carlesii</i> , bearing clusters of tubular white flowers tinted pink in April. Evergreen	2/6 & 3/6
E.	buddleifolium (NEW), creamy white flowers in terminal panicles, wide lanceolate leaves; China	3/6 to 7/6
	<i>Carlesii</i> , a superb Korean deciduous shrub with pure white, sweet scented flowers in spring. Can supply small plants in pots on own roots at 3/6 each	3/6 to 10/6
E.	<i>Davidii</i> , a low spreading compact shrub from China. Creamy white flowers in spring, followed by deep blue fruits	3/6
	<i>fragrans</i> , a distinct deciduous form from China with exquisite perfume, flowers blush white. Without doubt one of the most valuable introductions of Farrer, early spring flowering	2/6 to 7/6
E.	<i>Henryi</i> , evergreen, a new Chinese variety with glossy green Willow-like leaves, the margin of which is serrated, also having a distinct yellow mid-rib, and coral red berries in autumn, which presents a very ornamental effect	3/6 to 10/6
	<i>hupehense</i> , a stiff bushy shrub 6 to 8ft. with glistening red fruits in Autumn	3/6

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather

VIBURNUM—continued.

		EACH.
	Lantana , Wayfaring Tree, deciduous, clusters of white flowers in summer; leaves turn a brilliant colour in autumn	1/6 to 3/6 2/6 to 5/-
	Lentago , Sheep Berry, creamy white flowers, fragrant, blue-black fruit	...
	macrocephalum , Chinese Snowball Tree, deciduous, large heads of snowy white flowers resembling Hydrangea. Makes a fine wall shrub. A.M., R.H.S.	3/6 to 7/6
	OPULUS , Guelder Rose, deciduous, clusters of creamy white flowers produced in summer followed by bright red berries, the leaves assume beautiful autumn tints	1/6 to 2/6 2/6 & 3/6 1/6 to 3/6
	— fructo lutea , a handsome yellow fruiting form	...
	*— nanum , suitable for edge of shrub border, height 1½ feet	...
	— STERILE , Snowball Tree, balls of creamy white flowers in summer, the leaves assume beautiful autumn tints	21/- per doz.
	plicatum , Japanese Snowball Tree, freely covered with large ivory white balls of flowers in June, deciduous	...
	prunifolium , Black Haw, plum-like leaves and pretty white flowers, free growing, deciduous	...
E.	rhytidophyllum , an attractive Chinese evergreen shrub with remarkable foliage, the broad lanceolate leaves are 8 to 9 inches long and 2 to 2½ inches broad; the upper surface being dark lustrous green and much channelled, forms an agreeable contrast to the underside which is covered with a dense dun-coloured tomentum. Has proved quite hardy in bleak and cold positions. The vigorous growths are terminated by yellowish white flowers well above the foliage, succeeded in September by an abundance of dark red berries borne in large clusters. F.C.C., R.H.S.	3/6 to 7/6
E.	Tinus , Laurustinus, flowers white tinted pink, the well-known winter flowering evergreen, foliage rich glossy green	2/6 to 5/-



VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM.

tomentosum, a handsome shrub closely allied to the Japanese *Viburnum plicatum*; the creamy white flowers are freely produced during May; of graceful spreading habit, deciduous

EACH.

2/6 to 5/-

— **Mariesii**, similar to *tomentosum* but more horizontal in growth and slightly later in flower

3/6 & 5/-

— **utile** (new), rich dark green leaves with white tomentum on reverse, white flowers, freely produced in large terminal corymbs early in April; Central China

2/6 to 5/-
2/6 to 7/6

— **venosum**, white flowers, blue fruit

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

VINCA, Periwinkle. Dwarf growing plants, valuable for covering shady corners and under trees.

E. *difformis*, a pretty form with pale blue flowers, erect growing }
 E. *major*, the large flowered blue variety. }
 E. — *elegantissima*, silver variegated leaves, blue flowers. }
 E. **minor*, a miniature blue form. }
 E. — *flore plena*, double blue flowers. }
 } Per dozen 5/6 ;
 } per 100 40/-.

EACH.

VIRGINIA CREEPER, see *Vitis quinquefolia*, below.

VITIS, The Vine. A popular group of deciduous climbing and trailing plants of great value for foliage colouring in late summer and autumn.

D.C.L. *armata*, a free growing climber abundantly clothed with richly coloured leaves in autumn

3/6 to 5/-

D.C.L. — *Veitchii*, a rare form of the above, differing in its brighter Autumn tints and more bluish fruits

5/- to 7/6

D.C.L. *Cantoniensis*, a vigorous Chinese vine with large compound leaves often reaching 2 to 2½ ft. in length

3/6 to 5/-

D.C.L. *Coignetiae*, Japanese Vine, the leaves are exceedingly large and brilliantly coloured in the autumn. This is often sent out as *V. Thunbergii*. The true *V. Thunbergii* is rather a weak, slender growing vine with deeply cut leaves ...

3/6 to 7/6

D.C.L. *flexuosa Wilsoni*, a striking form with brilliant and dark crimson autumnal colours ...

3/6 to 7/6

D.C.L. *Henryana*, a most beautiful and distinct *Ampelopsis* with dark velvety green leaves with a white mid-rib, in autumn, the other parts of the leaves turn red ...

3/6 to 7/6

D.C.L. *heterophylla (humulifolia)*, the Turquoise Berried Vine, remarkable for its turquoise blue berries in autumn ...

2/6 to 3/6

D.C.L. — *elegans (variegata)*, the leaves are prettily marked with white and pale rose on a green ground ...

2/6 to 5/-

D.C.L. *himalayana*, handsome autumnal colouring ...

2/6 to 3/6

D.C.L. *Lowii (inconstans Lowii)*, small elegant leaves, self-clinging ...

2/-

D.C.L. *megalophylla*, immense leaves, sometimes 2 feet or more across, fast growing. The leaves are dark green above and glaucous beneath ...

3/6

D.C.L. *quinquefolia (Ampelopsis hederacea)*, the Virginian Creeper, of very rapid growth and suitable for any position. A luxuriant trailer, not self-clinging ...

2/-

D.C.L. *repens* (new), reddish brown and claret leaves, self-clinging ...

3/6

E.C.L. *sempervirens (striata)*, the evergreen *Ampelopsis*, requires a warm wall ...

3/6

D.C.L. *Thompsonii*, claret purple tinged leaves, finely divided and turning to reddish purple in the autumn, of slender growth ...

3/6 & 5/-

D.C.L. *Veitchii (inconstans) (Ampelopsis Veitchii)*, the popular and accommodating self-clinging form with entire leaves, colouring in autumn. Per doz. 21/-

2/-

D.C.L. — *purpurea*, a variation of the above with rich purple green leaves, self-clinging ... per doz. 21/-

2/-

D.C.L. *vinifera apifolia*, Parsley-leaved Vine, a vigorous and attractive climbing plant

2/6 & 3/6

D.C.L. — *Brandt*, this Vine produces an edible grape and its foliage assumes gorgeous tints in Autumn ...

2/6 & 3/6

D.C.L. — *purpurea*, the purple-leaved vine ...

3/6

D.C.L. *Watsoniana (leeoidea)*, A handsome Chinese vine with rich, glossy green pinnate leaves, purple underneath ...

3/6 to 7/6

WALNUT, see *Juglans*, page 63.

WEIGELA, see *Diervilla*, page 52.

WILLOW, see *Salix*, page 84.

WISTARIA. One of the most beautiful groups of deciduous shrubs in existence in this country. As climbers for Pergola or Pillar they are invaluable or can be trained as standard weeping trees and make remarkable feature trees when in flower. They flower in the early summer. Newly moved plants should be watered copiously and they thrive best where there is a moist root run in the dry season. **Standards** from 21/- each.

N.B.—PRUNING. Wistarias should not be allowed to grow unchecked when in their young state. Any unwanted side shoots should be shortened back to 2-3 buds in the summer, at the same time tying in those vigorous shoots required for extension purposes.

D.C.L. *CHINENSIS*, long drooping racemes of lilac mauve flowers; N. China. (See illustration page 93.) ...

5/- to 15/-

D.C.L. — *alba*, similar to *Chinensis*, except that flowers are white in elegant racemes

5/- to 15/-

D.C.L. *multijuga*, a Chinese species with racemes of flowers sometimes 2 to 3 feet in length, lilac coloured ...

5/- to 15/-

D.C.L. — *alba*, a lovely pure white form of the above with immense racemes ...

5/- to 15/-

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.

WISTARIA—continued.



A GRACEFUL BRANCH OF WISTARIA CHINENSIS. (See page 92.)

D.C.L. **brachybotrys**, an elegant Japanese species but less floriferous than the Chinese varieties, violet purple, April flowering 5/- to 10/6
 D.C.L. — **alba**, a fine, large, white white flowering form 7/6 & 10/6

WITCH HAZEL, see *Hamamelis* page 59.

YEW see *Taxus*, page 26, also Hedgemaking Shrubs, page 96.

YUCCA, *Adam's Needle*. Makes splendid specimen evergreen plants for lawns, etc.

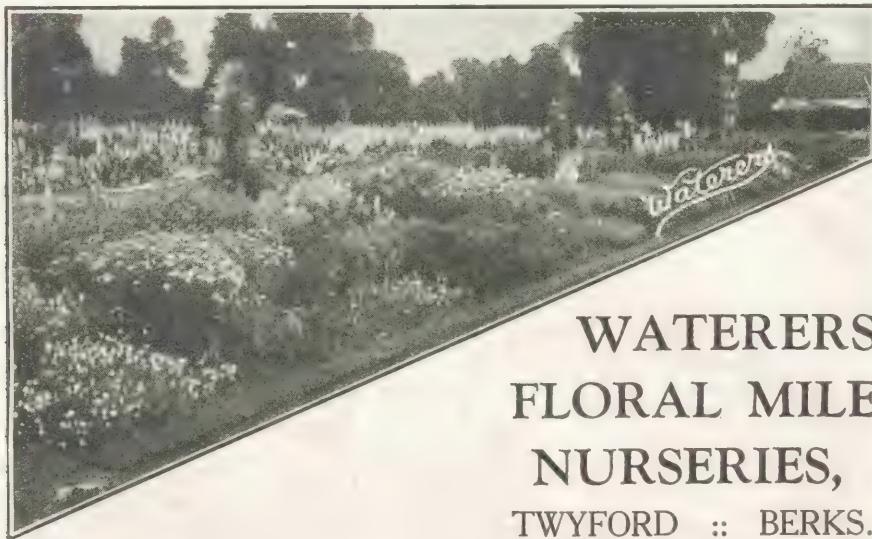
E.	angustifolia , distinct dwarf form, with narrow erect foliage	2/6 to 7/6
E.	* filamentosa , pale green leaves, long spikes of creamy white flowers — flaccida , resembles <i>filamentosa</i> in general appearance but flowers 10 to 14 days earlier	2/6 to 5/-
E.	gloriosa , very long spikes of great beauty; the finest variety ...	7/6 to 10/6
E.	— variegata , foliage elegantly variegated ...	7/6 & 10/6
E.	recurva , elegant recurved leaves and long spikes of flowers	2/6 to 10/6

ZENOBIA, see *Andromeda* page 35.

Subjects marked * are suitable for the rock garden. Subjects marked † are suitable for wall plants and if planted in the open require some protection in severe weather.



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SEEDS for the vegetable and flower garden.
 Special carriage paid terms.

HARDY PERENNIAL & ALPINE PLANTS, including splendid collections of Delphiniums, Lupins, Phloxes, Michaelmas Daises, Paeonies, Irises, Pyrethrums, etc., Water Lilies, Aquatic and Bog Plants.

Orders for Hardy and Alpine Plants of £1 value and over, carriage paid.

BEDDING PLANTS, including splendid collections of Dahlias and Chrysanthemums.

Orders value 20/- carriage paid.

BUSH ROSES, from 10/6 per dozen.

CLIMBING ROSES, from 1/6 each, 16/6 per dozen.

STANDARD ROSES at 3/- each, 36/- per dozen.

DWARF POLYANTHA ROSES at 10/6 per dozen.

HYBRID SWEET BRIARS at 16/6 per dozen.

Rose orders value 10/6 carriage paid.

FRUIT TREES for every purpose and every garden, including all the very best varieties in Apples, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Peaches and Nectarines, Currants, Gooseberries, Hybrid Berries and Strawberry Plants.

Separate Catalogues from each department, post free.

Hedgemaking Shrubs.

The formation of a good hedge in the initial stages needs a certain amount of care and the following should be borne in mind—

1. All strong lateral shoots should be lightly trimmed back in Spring to encourage bushy growth.
2. Strong leading shoots should have their tips only pinched out lightly to encourage the formation of side growths.
3. When the hedge has reached the required height, but not before, keep the top evenly clipped.
4. Keep the soil over the roots free from weeds and lightly stirred for the first few years.

When hedge is established, annual clipping should be done in July and early August.

ALL OUR HEDGE PLANTS ARE KEPT REGULARLY TRANSPLANTED TO ENSURE SAFE TRANSPLANTING, & THE FOLLOWING ARE PERFECTLY ROOTED & WELL FURNISHED.

ORDERS TO THE VALUE OF £2 & UPWARDS SENT CARRIAGE PAID
AND PACKED FREE to the nearest railway station in England and Wales.
See page 4.

EVERGREENS.

	Feet	Per	Per	Feet	Per	Per
	High.	Doz.	100.	High.	Doz.	100.
AMERICAN ABOR-VITAE (<i>Thuia occidentalis</i>). Moderately quick growing, it makes a fine close hedge and is suitable for heavy and cold soils where <i>Lawsonia</i> and <i>Lobbia</i> , etc., would not thrive so well. Can be kept any height from 5 to 10 feet.	2—2½	21/-	£7/10	4—4½	45/-	£17/10
	2½—3	27/-	£10	4½—5	60/-	£22/10
	3—3½	33/-	£12/10	5—6	84/-	£32/10
	3½—4	39/-	£15	6—7	120/-	
BERBERIS AQUIFOLIUM (Bushy). Useful for both flower and foliage as an edging to shady walks and under trees where little else will grow.	12—15ins.	—	£2	15—18ins.	—	£3
BERBERIS DARWINI. will make a pretty flowering hedge up to 5 feet.	1—1½	—	£4/10	2—2½	—	£10
	1½—2	—	£6/5			
BOX (Bushy Plants). This well known hedging plant is eminently suited for chalky districts, and we can supply well furnished plants in the gold tipped variety, 4½ to 5 feet, and 5 to 5½ feet.	1½—2	27/-	£10	2½—3	39/-	£15
	2—2½	33/-	£12/10	3—3½	51/-	£20
COTONEASTER SIMONII. Attractive both in foliage and berry. Makes a neat hedge up to 5 feet.	2—3	—	£2/10	4—5	—	£4/10
	3—4	—	£3/15			
CUPRESSUS MACROCARPA. One of the fastest growers. Most suitable for light soils and maritime localities. A good solid hedge 5 to 6 feet can be built up in 3 to 4 years. Makes a splendid screen up to 10 feet high. Pot grown plants.	1½—2	21/-	£7/10	Pot grown plants.		
	2—2½	24/-	£8/15			
	2½—3	30/-	£11/5			
CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA. Suitable in almost any soil, this is a quick growing hedging plant of general utility. Stands clipping well, and makes a fine dense hedge from 5 up to 12 feet.	2—2½	21/-	£7/10	4—4½	48/-	£17/10
	2½—3	27/-	£10	4½—5	66/-	£25
	3—3½	33/-	£12/10	5—6	78/-	£30
	3½—4	39/-	£15			
CUPRESSUS PISIFERA. Has all the qualities of <i>Cupressus Lawsoniana</i> but though slightly slower in growth, makes a denser hedge of finer texture.	2—2½	21/-	£7/10	3½—4	42/-	£16/5
	2½—3	27/-	£10	4—4½	51/-	£20
	3—3½	33/-	£12/10	4½—5	57/-	£22/10

Planting estimates given free.

HEDGEMAKING SHRUBS—continued.

	Feet	Per	Per	Feet	Per	Per
	High.	Doz.	100	High.	Doz.	100.
HOLLY. The finest evergreen plant for boundary hedges, it is suitable for a wide range of soil and locality. Far quicker growing than is generally supposed. Makes a dense, impenetrable, well furnished hedge.	2—2½ 2½—3 3—3½	33/- 39/- 51/-	£12/10 £15 £20	3½—4 4—5	57/- 78/-	£22/10 £30
LAUREL. Sturdy and quick growing, it is admirably suited as a wind-break. Will attain 8 to 12 feet and thrives anywhere.	1½—2 2—2½ 2½—3	12/- 15/- 21/-	£3/15 £5 £7/10	3—3½ 3½—4	27/- 39/-	£10 £15
LONICERA NITIDA. A neat, box-like evergreen, much favoured in recent years as an ornamental hedge. On good soils makes a pretty hedge up to 6 feet high.	1½—2	12/-	£3/15	2—2½	15/-	£5
OSMANTHUS ILCIFOLIUS. Well suited to shady situations, this holly-like shrub makes an effective dense hedge up to 8 feet high.	1½—2 2—2½ 2½—3	27/- 33/- 45/-	£10 £12/10 £17/10	3—3½ 3½—4	57/- 63/-	£22/10 £25/10
PRIVET. Where price is a consideration this is a most useful evergreen for all purposes and localities. Properly cared for, it makes a fine hedge up to 7 feet high.	1½—2 2—2½ 2½—3	100 17/6 35/-	1000 £7/10 £16/5	3—3½ 3½—4 4—4½	52/6 60/- 80/-	1000. £23/15
PRIVET GOLDEN. Makes a neat ornamental hedge up to 5 feet.	15—18ins. 1½—2 2—2½	12/- 15/- 18/-	£3/15 £4/10 £6/5	2½—3 3—3½ 3½—4	24/- 36/- 48/-	100. £8/15
PORTRUGAL LAUREL. A sturdy, free growing plant with lustrous green leaves. Makes a good dense hedge up to 8 to 10 feet.	15—18ins. 1½—2	15/- 21/-	£5 £7/10	2—2½ 2½—3	27/- 33/-	£10 £12/10
YEW, ENGLISH. The finest of all hedging plants, it makes an admirable dense dark green "wall" any height up to 10 feet, and gives that touch of distinction to any garden in which it is planted.	2—2½ 2½—3 3—3½ 3½—4	42/- 48/- 60/- 78/-	£16/5 £18/15 £22/10 £30	4—4½ 4½—5 5—5½ 5½—6	96/- 120/- 144/- 172/-	£37/10 £47/10 £57/10 £70
THUIA LOBBI (Lobb's Arborvitae). A fast growing conifer, excellent where a tall hedge is required to grow from 8 to 12 feet. Makes an admirable background for a tennis court. Grows almost anywhere.	1½—2 2—2½ 2½—3 3—3½	21/- 27/- 33/- 39/-	£7/10 £10 £12/10 £17/10	3½—4 4—4½ 4½—5 5—6	57/- 72/- 84/- 96/-	£22/10 £27/10 £32/10 £37/10

DECIDUOUS.

	Feet	Per	Per	Feet	Per	Per
	High.	100	1000	High.	100	1000
BEECH. Makes a tall hedge and can be kept any height up to 14 feet. Its chief characteristic is the persistence of the old leaves throughout the winter. Thrives on chalky soils.	1½—2 2—3	21/- 50/-	£7/10 £1000	3—4 4—5	90/- 120/-	£90/- £120/-
HORNBEAM. Very similar in general characteristics to the Beech.	2—2½ 2½—3	30/- 40/-	£10	3—4	65/-	£22/10
MYROBELLIA. The fastest growing of all deciduous hedge plants, and makes an impenetrable thorny boundary hedge.	1½—2 2—3	12/6 15/-	£12/10	3—4	20/-	£27/10
PRUNUS PISSARDII. This well-known flowering plum makes an equally good hedge as <i>Myrobelia</i> with the added attraction of its brilliant red foliage throughout the Summer. Makes a good hedge up to 7 or 8 feet if required.	2—3	£3/15	£1000	3—4	£6/5	£32/10
THORN. The well known "Quick." A boundary hedge of general utility.	1½—2 2—2½	10/6 12/6	£4/10 £5/10	2½—3 3—3½	15/- 17/6	£6/10 £7/10

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		Feet	Stems	Per	Per 100
		High.	Feet	Doz.	£ s. d.
E. ABIES Douglasii	...	3½-4	—	3/-	10 0 0
" "	...	4-5	—	3/6	15 0 0
" "	...	5-6	—	6/-	25 0 0
" "	...	6-7	—	7/6	—
" "	...	7-8	—	10/6	108/-
ACACIA (Common)	...	—	6	5/-	20 0 0
ASH, Standards	...	—	5-6	3/6	38/-
E. AUSTRIAN PINE	...	2-2½	—	—	10 0 0
" "	...	2½-3	—	—	12 10 0
BEECH, Common, Standards	...	10-12	6	7/6	84/-
" "	...	12-14	—	9/-	102/-
" "	...	14-16	—	12/6 & 15/-	—
COMMON CHESTNUT, Standards	...	8-9	5-6	5/-	54/-
" "	...	9-10	5-6	6/-	66/-
" "	...	10-11	5-6	7/6	84/-
" "	...	11-12	5-6	10/6 to 12/6	—
LARCH, European and Japanese	...	2½-3	—	—	1 0 0
" "	...	3-3½	—	—	1 5 0
" "	...	3-4	—	—	1 10 0
LIMES, Standards (Red Twigg'd)	...	8-9	5½-6	4/6	48/-
" "	...	9-10	5½-6	5/-	54/-
" "	...	10-12	5½-6	6/6	72/-
" "	...	12-14	5½-6	7/6	84/-
Extra heavy selected trees from specimen rows, 12/18ft. high, from 10/6 to 21/- each.					
MOUNTAIN ASH	...	8-10	—	3/6	36/-
" "	...	10-12	—	5/-	54/-
PLANES, Standards	...	9-10	5½-6	6/-	66/-
" "	...	10-12	5½-6	7/6	84/-
" "	...	12-14	5½-6	8/6	96/-
POPLAR, BALSAM	...				
" BLACK ITALIAN	...	6-8	—	2/6	27/-
" CANADIAN	...	8-10	—	3/6	36/-
" LOMBARDY	...	10-12	—	4/6	48/-
" GENEROSA	...	12-14	—	6/-	66/-
" TRICHOCARPA	...	14-16	—	7/6 to 10/6	—
" WHITE (alba)	...				
E. SCOTCH FIR	...	2-2½	—	—	5 0 0
" "	...	2½-3	—	—	6 5 0
SILVER BIRCH	...	6-8	—	3/-	32/-
" "	...	8-10	—	4/-	42/-
" "	...	10-12	—	5/- & 6/-	—
E. SPRUCE FIR	...	1½-2	—	—	5 0 0
" "	...	2-3	—	—	7 10 0
" "	...	3-3½	—	—	11 5 0
SYCAMORE AND NORWAY MAPLE	...	8-10	—	3/6	36/-
" "	...	10-12	—	4/-	42/-
" "	...	12-14	—	5/-	54/-

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